INSURANCE
All Indian Companies have done well in 1929
I3

REGD. NO. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

INSURANCE
Indian companies are able to absorb double and treble the business of 1929.
I6

VOL. XIX NO. 232 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1931 PRICE ONE ANNA.

"Ganges Full Of Our Blood Shall Flow To Win Freedom So Long Delayed"

MAHATMA GANDHI.

MAHATMA'S FEELING ADDRESS TO BRITISH FRIENDS — AT BIRTHDAY LUNCHEON.

WE HAVE ALWAYS STOOD BY INDIA. —FENNER BROCKWAY

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENT).
LONDON, Oct. 2.

London celebrated Gandhiji's 62nd birthday to-day by holding a fruit luncheon at Westminster Palace rooms under the auspices of the Independent Labour Party. Gandhi Society, Indian Congress London branch and the League Against Imperialism and other organisations. Over 400 covers were laid. Mr. Fenner Brockway took the chair. When Gandhiji entered the gathering raised a cry of "Mahatma-Gandhi-ki Jay."

Men and women of all nationalities—French, English and American sat side by side with Indians in their national costumes to do honour to India's ambassador in London. An atmosphere of brotherhood and 'camaraderie' prevailed in the dining hall of the Westminster Rooms.

To the delightful surprise of many it was a simple menu card. Everyone felt a sense of relief at the sight of the plain table unburdened with any cumbersome crockery or china. The bill of fare consisting of three courses (i) Apples, (ii) bananas and (iii) nuts and water, was gone through with a lot of good humour and gaiety by 400 guests.

Mr. Fenner Brockway, Chairman, addressing Gandhiji said: "This birthday party is given not merely because you are a visitor to London to attend the R. T. Conference but because we feel towards you as comrades, as friends. (Loud cheers). That feeling is not due to the truce that exists between the British Government and the Congress but because Gandhi was even deeper in our hearts when the great non-violent campaign in India was on."

While the guests enjoyed the fruitarian fare provided Mahatma slowly sipped his cup of goat's milk.

And specially when imprisoned those of us who have a special sense of friendship, support of the Congress and believe that whatever may be their views of the British Government, truce or no truce we are with the Congress, we are with Gandhi and we are with the cause of Indian freedom.

I hope Gandhi will feel the special way we are welcoming him not as Englishmen to an Indian, not as Indians to another Indian but as men and women who have that inner sense of comradeship with him come what may between Britain and India we shall always stand by India in her trying times.

ALWAYS STOOD BY INDIA.

Since the days of Keir Hardie founder of the I. L. P. until now we have stood absolutely by the right of India's independence.

Referring to Gandhi Society Mr. Brockway stated that it was endeavouring to study and apply the philosophy and teachings of Gandhi. Referring to an Indian leader Mr. Brockway assured the Congress and the Commonwealth of India League that the I. L. P. members the leadership of the Indian Congress. The I. L. P. welcomes you as representatives of the Congress to fight for complete freedom because after that is achieved we hope together to go on social and economic freedom as well.

Mr. G. S. Dara secretary, Gandhi Society and Mr. Puri a young Indian student who gave up Cambridge studies during the movement joined Mr. Brockway in welcoming Gandhi. Mr. Puri presented him with a beautiful Charkha made by an English lady freind who preferred to be anonimous.

"YOU HAVE BEEN ALL KINDNESS TO ME."

Mahatma Gandhi who was received with vociforous cheers as he addressed the meeting. Mr. Maxton, Sir Ali Imam, W. C. Brown and other M.P.'s drew their chairs nearer to hear him more clearly. Gandhi said "Ever since I came to London I have experienced nothing but friendliness genuine affection. I have been making new friends from day to day. But you Sir have reminded me that you have been friends in need are really friends indeed. When it appeared that India or rather Congressmen might be abandoned by every body on earth you stood by Congress and firmly accepted the Congress position as your own. You have to-day redeclared your faith in the Congress programme and thereby you have lightened my labours. It would be like carrying coals to New Castle to deliver you the message for which I have been deputed as a Congress representative.

MERITS OF CONGRESS CASE.

You all know about the merits of the Congress case and I am convinced that the Congress case is quite safe in your hands. You have by to-day's function set the seal upon the friendship that you have extended to Congress to the dumb semi-starved millions of India's villagers.

Gandhiji made humorous mention to the luncheon and said "I hope you extend the spirit of sacrifice as you have done to-day in a bigger measure." Behind this apparent joke there is also seriousness. I know you sacrificed many things for championing the cause of India's independence. But it may be that you will be called upon to continue to make such larger sacrifices.

I HAVE NO ILLUSIONS.

Referring to the political situ-

(Continued on page 9)

FENNER BROCKWAY.

Birthday Present For "Bapu".

LONDON, October 3.

Miss Ellen Wilkinson, M.P., has **sent the following message for publication** in the Gandhi Number of the "Bombay Chronicle":—

"I hope that by the time Mahatma Gandhi's birthday comes round again, he will have the best of all birthday presents, viz., reconciliation between our two countries through India taking her rightful place as an equal partner among the nations of the world."

(The message was received too late for insertion in the Gandhi Number).

WOBBLING WILL NOT DO

Mahatmaji's Warning To Cabinet

LONDON, Oct. 1.

Replying to questions, in Guild House, Gandhiji expected the British Ministers to make a definite declaration shortly at the Round Table Conference. The Indian Delegate had not come here to waste time in the vain hope of something turning up. He would return to India as soon as he was convinced that there was no hope of any definite action by the British Government.—Reuter.

Many Happy Returns.

LONDON, October 3.

Mr. George Lansbury, M.P., has sent the following message for the "Gandhi Number" of the 'Bombay Chronicle":—

"I join with all his friends in wishing the Mahatma many happy returns of his birthday, and health and strength to be able to carry through to a successful conclusion his work for the liberation and freedom of the Indian people."

(The message was received too late for insertion in the Gandhi Number).

Declined With Thanks

GANDHIJI'S CONCERN FOR BRITISH UNEMPLOYED

(From Our Staff Correspondent).
LONDON, Oct. 2.

Gandhiji declined with thanks the purse of £50 collected by the Christian missionaries at the doors of the Guildhall meeting last week.

He requested Miss Maud Royden to utilise the money for the unemployed here.

MOVE TO LIMIT COTTON PRODUCE

State Senate Passes "Texas Plan"

ONLY 30 PER CENT. AREA TO BE CULTIVATED

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Jackson (Missouri).—The State Senate has passed the "Texas Plan" limiting cotton acreage in 1932-33 to 30 per cent. of the present area.—Reuter.

WORLD BASEBALL SERIES

Holders Beat St. Louis Cardinals

LONDON, Oct. 2.

St. Louis.—In the first match of the World Baseball Series, the Philadelphia Athletics, holders, beat the St. Louis Cardinals 6|2.—Reuter.

Lady Ronald Ross Dead

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Lady (Ronald) Ross has died aged 68.—Reuter.

KASHIRAM CASE TRIAL IN JAIL

CAWNPORE, Oct. 2.

Mr. Lloyd, Joint Magistrate, took up Mr. Kashiram's case to-day at 12|15 noon in the jail. Rai Saheb Pandit Shambhunath, Superintendent, C.I.D., Mr. Mohd. Akbar, Court Inspector, Mr. Madangopal, Advocate and a clerk were present in the Court-room. The evidence of prosecution witnesses, Mohd. Yasin and Mohd. Nabi was recorded. Further hearing has been postponed to October 8.—A.P.

PLOT ON TURKISH PREMIER'S LIFE DISCOVERED

NOTORIOUS ARMENIAN ASSASSIN

Secret Society's Hireling Cut Down By Police

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Constantinople.—A plot to assassinate Premier Ismet Pasha was discovered a few hours before his departure for Greece by the arrest on an inward bound steamer from Greece of two gunmen stated to be hirelings of the notorious Armenian Secret Party.

One is the notorious assassin Verant from the same society sent to Russia last year to murder Karakhan. Verant fled to the cabin when he found that the police were on the track of plot, locked door and tried to hand himself, but the police battered the door in and cut him down. It is reported that he has since died from self-inflicted wounds.—Reuter

SIR BASANTA KUMAR MULLICK DEAD

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Sir Basanta Kumar Mullick has died suddenly in London. He appeared very fit yesterday and attended the reception given at Viscount Ratendone's house to the East India Section of the London Chamber of Commerce.—Reuter.

(Sir Basanta Kumar Mullick whose sudden death in London is announced was born in 1868. He has had a liberal education and was called to the Bar. He entered the Indian Civil Service in 1887 and was appointed Magistrate and Collector of Bengal in 1900. Two years later he was appointed District Sessions Judge and in 1913 became a Puisne Judge of the Calcutta High Court. Since 1916 he was Judge of the Patna High Court.)

CONGRESS PRESIDENT IN AUGURATES GANDHI WEEK.

—:o:—

Tale Of Misrule Behind Mahatma's Back.

CHALLENGE OF OFFICIALDOM MUST BE ACCEPTED

A YEAR'S WORK CAN'T BE UNDONE.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the President of the Indian National Congress, inaugurated the "Gandhi Jayanti Week" in Bombay at a mass meeting of the citizens of Bombay, held on Friday evening at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

Sjt. K.F. Nariman presided and besides the Sardar, Messrs. K. Natarajan, K.M. Munshi, Jamnadas Dwarkadas and Manilal Kothari, addressed the meeting. Poet Lalit sang National songs.

MR. NARIMAN'S SPEECH.

At the outset Mr. Nariman said that he was proud of Bombay and her citizens who had given a splendid response to the appeal of the Congress President. He was sure that more Khaddar would be sold during the "Jayanti Week" and within the next few days the figures of Khaddar sales would go beyond 15 lakhs, the minimum fixed by the President. (Applause).

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S CALL.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who was lustily cheered when he began his address sitting in his chair. He said: "In the absence of Mahatma Gandhi from this country, the bureaucracy has thrown out a challenge to the Congress and India. No sooner he left the shores of India than the Government came out with their repressive measures once again. For twelve months we fought for the poor man's salt and to-day the Government proposes to increase the Salt Tax. This challenge seems to be to show to India the power of the British domination. It is up to us to take up this challenge in right earnest. Then only we will be true to Mahatmaji's teaching."

HOW TRUCE WORKS.

Proceeding, he referred to the present situation in the country and said: "We did not know that as soon as Gandhiji left the Indian shores, the Government will come out to raise a loan at 6-1|2 per cent. Nor did we think that they would concert measures to gag the Indian Press. Nor did we ever dream that the defenceless inmates of a detention camp, would be fired on by their own warders and literally slaughtered. Nor did we know that the tragedy of the Chittagong riots would ever have come to pass. We also did not know that our rupee will be linked to the falling sterling and that our gold will be filched from our country and only paper "money" left for us. Could we ever have thought when for twelve months we fought for the poor man's salt, that even after the Truce, the Government will come out to undo the past work with a stroke of their pen. (Shame).

ACCEPT CHALLENGE.

These measures do not reflect any credit on the bureaucracy. Surely, such a conduct cannot be that of men of honour, for as soon as Gandhiji sails away they forged such measures for our repression. (Shame). Believe me, this is a challenge to India and to the Congress. It amounts to this that they want to impress upon us the might of British Imperialism and it is that Imperialism that rules us. It is to show us that they can flout public opinion and continue their policy. In fact, they drive us

(Continued on page 7)

Nation's Greetings To Her Apostle.

BOMBAY, October 2.

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Indian National Congress, sends to the press following copy of the cable addressed by him to Mr. Gandhi in Landon:—

"On behalf of our great nation suffering unbearable agony under oppressive foreign yoke and exploitation to whom you have given a matchless weapon for liberation through unadulterated suffering and sacrifice without ill-will or anger and on behalf of India's starving millions whom you have given new hope through the spinning wheel, I, as President of the Congress, convey on the occasion of your 63rd birthday their fervent prayers for long life and success in your mission and fullest confidence that the nation's honour was never in safer hands."
—A.P.

SNOWDEN'S FAREWELL TO POLITICAL LIFE ?

"BITTER ATTACK ON SOCIALISTS

LONDON, October 2.

The Socialist companions with whom he has spent a lifetime of work were the object of a biting attack by Mr. Snowden in what is expected to be his last speech before retiring from political life.

Labour benches were roused to quick resentment and Ministerial benches cheered delightedly as Mr. Snowden, winding up the debate on the budget, ridiculed the remedies advanced by Labourites to cure country's present ills. Attempt to abolish capitalism, he said, would bring far greater disaster than anything people were suffering to-day. If he had not yet taxed the rich sufficiently, labourites should remember that their policy would increase national expenditure by thousan million sterling and not to blame him for leaving some treasure in the pockets of the rich.

Mr. Snowden taunted Mr. Henderson for advocating ten per cent. tariff revenue in tones that suggested that the Chancellor's hostility to tariff has not abated.

The Commons finally passed the Finance Bill which subsequently was presented to the House of Lords.—Reuter.

BRITISH "NATIONAL" GOVT. FACES THE MUSIC.

—:o:—

UNEMPLOYMENT DEMONSTRATIONS, RIOTS BATON CHARGES AND UNREST AMONGST POLICE

GENERAL ELECTION TO TAKE PLACE ON OCT. 28.

Smashed Windows, Broken Heads And Arrest's In Many Towns

LONDON, Oct. 2.

It is expeced that Parliament will dissolve on Wednesday and that the polling day will be on 28th October.

It is believed that Messrs. MacDonald, and Baldwin and Sir Herbert Samuel have agreed on the formula embodying willingness to control or prohibit imports and employ tariffs and any other measures to meet the situation.

Other Liberal Ministers will discuss the formula to-morrow, but there has been sufficient progress to make the general election quite certain.

REPEATED MIDNIGHT CHARGES BY POLICE ON GLASGOW CROWD

(From Our Staff Correspondent.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.

Glasgow mounted and foot police with drawn batons repeatedly charged through a crowd of 50,000 strong at midnight. Nine persons were injured including police sergeants.

M. P. ARRESTED.

Thirteen persons were arrested including Mr. John Mac Govern, M. P. who was refused bail.

Another outbreak took place at Garnad. The police who were attacked with jam jars, bottles and empty tins sent for more reinforcements.

SCOTLAND YARD MEN ON TRACK.

Intensive search for men who have written letters threatening bombing of important London buildings is carried on by Scotland yard. The letters alleged to be signed by officers of the Irish Republican Army have been addressed to various electric firms displaying Farraday, the great scientist as an Englishman. They protest against his being styled Englishman and say that Michael Faraday was an Irishman. The letters threaten that unless the offending words "Englishman" are removed forthwith they will bombard during the week end.

As a result of the repeated baton charges by the police during the 'melee' hundreds of shop windows were smashed and articles were stolen. Due to police charge trying to press the mob to Glasgow Green a stampede ensued. Men, women and boys shouted and screamed tearing the wooden paintings. The foot police tried to grapple with the crowd capturing wooden staves, gold clubs, bottles, walking sticks lamp-posts. Broken splinters fell upon the heads of the police.

Mr. Mc.Govern is arrested on a charge of disorderly behaviour. He was led to the police station by four policemen struggling violently followed by an angry crowd.

Among the articles seized by the police are ironbars, chisels, hatchets, broken chains, broken bottles, scores of sticks, daggers batons and sharp files and loaded sticks.

Discontent In London Police Rank & File

(From Our Staff Correspondent.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.

A meeting of the police to consider the wage cut will be held in Albert Hall next week.

The Home Secretary due to pressure of the rank and file of the police force has approved of the meeting though they are debarred from making any public demonstration at the meeting.

Expression of their bitterness in small measure will be demonstrated by the blowing of fire works since the police contend the principle of equality of sacrifice is violated.

M. P. And "Slip Of Girl" Remanded

LONDON, October 2.

Mr. McGovern, M.P., and eleven others including "slip of girl" named Jean Gobson (who wept freely throughout proceedings) were remanded in custody at Glasgow on the charge of committing breach of peace last night. Simultaneously twelve men arraigned on similar charge at Salford were remanded at the request of the police to ascertain whether the accused persons were genuine unemployed.—Reuter.

NON-VIOLENCE IS OUR SHEET ANCHOR.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee One

For First Sixteen Words

One Anna

For Each Additional Word.

Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required. Not necessary for publication. Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box Number. The words "Apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box No....., Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

A small advertisement in these columns will bring you an IMMEDIATE REPLY or a QUICK SALE.

Situations Vacant

WANTED—An EXPERT PERFUMER for a large Soap Factory. Only experienced men capable of making good perfumes from Indian materials need apply to Box No. 1183, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 3714

WANTED—Experienced GRADUATES, able to teach English and Geography in higher standards. Apply sharp, with qualifications, etc., to PRINCIPAL GURUKUL MAHAVIDYALAYA, Shuklatirtha (Gujarat).
A R 5940

WANTED—DANCERS for touring Dancing Troupe. Apply to Box No. 1187. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
A R 5946

UNEMPLOYED—Don't Despair. To insure against loss of opportunity, represent your case to the EASTERN SERVICE AGENCY, Wakefield House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
A R 5943

WANTED—A GRADUATE or UNDERGRADUATE for a local Indian firm, dealing in cotton business; who must know good English, commercial correspondence and typewriting. Preference will be shown to one who is expert in Hindi language. Apply with particulars to Box No. 1185, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 5942

WANTED—Respectable AGENTS for AGENCY from every district for the sale of our Swadeshi Cigarettes of different rates—from one pice to ten pice per packet of 10 each, made from pure Indian Virginia Tobacco by Indian Capital, Labour and Management (The Swadeshi Cigarette Factory Ltd., Calcutta). For terms apply with two annas stamps. Sole Agents—M. C. Nagriawalla & Co., 112, Nagdevi Street, Bombay 3, or B. D. MEHTA, Chief Sales Inspector, C/o. Poste Restante, Bombay.
A R 5936

POST—PRIVATE SECRETARY, possessing the highest qualifications in English; and must know Sanskrit. Salary up to Rs. 2,000 according to qualifications. Will be guided in all matters of leave, travelling allowance, security, pension, etc., by State Rules. Apply with photograph and copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, and without which no applications will be considered, before 5th October, 1931, to the PRIVATE SECRETARY to H. H. Shri Raj Rishi Dev of Alwar.
A 3684

WANTED—WHOLE-TIME and SPARE-TIME AGENTS in all Moffusil Towns. Easy popular selling line. Income assured. No investment Apply "I. R." P. O. Box 678, CALCUTTA.
A S

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL and CAPABLE GENTLEMAN or a firm as Sole Agents for C. I. and Rajputana to represent a well-established and purely Indian Life Office of over 23 years' standing. Write to Box No. 1182, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle", stating the amount of guaranteed business from the territory and the commission and other terms therefor.
A 3713

Situations Wanted

UNDERGRADUATE knowing accounts very well requires part time work. Please apply Box No. 1184. Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
R 5941

Houses & Flats To Let

TO LET—On Khar-Road, 14th Road, plot No. 400, ground floor of one storeyed building TO LET immediately. Very airy and commodious. Accommodation one big hall with dining-room combined, two bed-rooms, two bath-rooms, kitchen, privy with flush system, very sanitary and clean, facing westerly, with a nice compound all round. For rent and other particulars see Mr. Merwanji Nagporewalla, Soona-mer Villa, Linking Road, Khar.
C R506

Books & Stamps.

CHILDREN-BOOKS 1932. Annual, Almanac, Ephemeris, Hobbies, Handicrafts, Newspapers, Fashion-papers, Magazines, Birthday-cards, Novels, Stationery. KING CO., Cheapest House, Bombay.
L R5930

Educational

FOR rapid and thorough training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy join immediately the POPULAR SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION Darya Mahal (Saraswati Building) opposite Thakkar Brothers, near Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Principal B. B. RELE, B.A., LL.B., Concession given to the poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for LADY STUDENTS, Special Shorthand Speed Class for advanced students.
M W5

Matrimonial

WANTED—An English Educated healthy, fair HINDU LADY of any caste, aged about 25, to marry a widower, aged 42, who is a permanent Gazetted Officer. Correspondence confidential to Box No. 1170, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
M R 5899

Trade Announcement.

WANTED—Desirous efficiency in Hosiery Knittings in Rupees Forty only. Hosiery yarn and machines for sale at moderate price. Please write or see Mr. SEN, Elephant, Building, Fourth floor, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
T R5909

GOLCONDA-HYDERABAD GOVERNMENT SOAP. Agents wanted. Write sharp KOHINOOR AGENCIES, 46, Samuel Street, Bombay, 3.
T R 5874

Loans

WANTED—LOAN of Rs. 500 by semi-Government servant at 12 per cent. Repayable on 31-5-1933. Interest at 12 per cent payable monthly. No brokers. Please write "Bombay Chronicle" Box No. 1186, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
L R 5943

WANTED—Small and big INVESTMENTS for Cinema and Film Line. 15 years experience. For further particulars, apply PHONOFILMS, Girgaum Post Office, Bombay.
L R 5945

Medical

USE "DERMINE" best cure for RING-WORM, ECZEMA, DRY ITCH, etc., price 6 annas. Sold at leading Chemists and Provision Merchants. POPULAR PHARMACY, Grant Road, PERRY & CO., D. C. OOMRIGER, Crawford Market, AKBERALI, Fort, etc. Dermine does not stain the clothes.
M 3372

DEAFNESS—Whether partial or total. Cured absolutely. Success Guaranteed. For full particulars apply:—'SRI' WORKS, Beadon Sq., Calcutta.
M R 5805

RIGHT ANTISEPTIC TABLETS, best, cheapest contraceptive GELOTUBE prevents Venereal Diseases. Sole Agents:—RIGHT AGENCY, Girgaum, Bombay.
M R5752

NO BALM IN INDIA or any where else equals the SWADESHI ST. XAVIER BALM. Try once only, and convince yourself. Sold everywhere. Price As. 9 per bottle. Stockists: PERRY & CO., POPULAR PHARMACY, Grant Road, AKBARALLY EBRAHIMJI, Fort, D. C. UMRIGAR, Crawford Market, Bombay.
M R5918

Profession

CONSULT the wonderful Egyptian Spiritualist MAHOMED BEY now at Grand Hotel, Ballard Estate, Room No. 28. For five rupees he will read and give written answers for three questions on your paper, while retained in your possession with correct predictions. Questions by post, please address to his Special Office at Ballard Estate, 2nd floor Wakefield House, Fort, Bombay.
P R 5870

PERSIAN ARABIC and FRENCH CLASSES coach students with full success. Mazandi, 167, Hornby Road, Bori Bunder, opposite Empire Theatre, Fort.
E R 5947

CONSULT to save yourselves from cheating before purchasing or selling jewellery; we possess certificates of Court Officials Merchants, Lawyers. Post Box 276, Telephone 86162.
P R 5937

AMERICAN COTTON—"Sunrise Weekly" issued to-day contains Cotton and Race Tips! Last weekly gave enormous profits to our clients! Four Horses won and sixteen placed! Cotton Tips also right on Saturday, 605, Tuesday 616 and Thursday 597, three special figures were right! This weekly offers three cash prizes of Rupees Thirty over and above. Friday's cent per cent.
P R5951

CERTAINTY FIGURE of Rs. 10/- given free. Also contains two dead weekly Certainties and Tuesday, Wednesday Sure Doubling! Why try expensive and yet rotten tips? We offer our "Weekly Forecasts" only for One Rupee. Professor SPENCER, 15, Bastion Road, near Excelsior Cinema.
P R5950

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public notifications are published in these columns t the following rates:—

	Per column inch. per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns r in the classified Short Advertisement columns.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the MUNICIPAL FREE HAJI SABOO SIDICK MATERNITY HOME at Imamwada Road, will remain CLOSED temporarily for two months from 1st November, 1931, on account of repairs to the building and no patients will be admitted in the Home during that period.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
J. S. NERURKER,
Executive Health Officer,
Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 30-9-1931,
3711

THE NATIONAL TEXTILE FIBRES CO., LTD.,

NOTICE

THE STATUTORY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held on the 9th day of October 1931 at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at the Registered Office, 33 Murzban Road, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report.
(2) To confirm the appointment of Auditors.

By the order of the Board,
S. FRAMROZE & Co.,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 29th Sept. 1931.
5949

NOTICE.

THE GOKULDAS CULLIANJI AHMEDNAGAR COTTON PRESS COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SECOND DIVIDEND of Rs. 14 (Rupees Fourteen) per share will be paid on and after the 5th October, 1931, from 11-0 a.m. to 1-0 p.m. (S. T.) on Saturdays and on other week days from 11-0 a.m. to 3-0 p.m. (S. T.)

By order of the Board.
VALABHDAS DAYAL & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents
Bombay, 2nd October, 1931.
3720

Public Notices

NOTICE.

COTTON FACTORIES, MEWAR STATE.
HEAD OFFICE:—UDAIPUR.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Ginning Sundries, Lubricating Oils, Steel Hoops, Hessian Cloth, Machine spare parts, etc., required for the five Ginning and Pressing Factories of the State.

The prescribed forms of tender and conditions can be obtained from the General Manager's office at Bhilwara on payment of Rs. 2 only. Tenders must be submitted in the prescribed form and in sealed envelopes addressed to the General Manager, Cotton Factories, Udaipur, Rajputana from the 19th to 24th October, 1931.

Tenders not complying with the above mentioned conditions will not be considered.

RUSTOMJI,
General Manager,
Cotton Factories, (Mewar)
Udaipur.
3719.

THE SURAT CITY PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-ONE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered office of the Company, Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay on Saturday the 10th day of October, 1931, at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.)

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from 9th to 17th October, 1931, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
NARANDAS RAJARAM & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay 1st October, 1931.

THE BROACH CITY PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered office of the Company, Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay on Saturday the 10th day of October, 1931, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from 9th to the 17th October, 1931, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
NARANDAS RAJARAM & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Bombay 1st October, 1931.
3717

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of LAKHMIDAS GORDHANDAS, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, Merchant. ..... Deceased.
WAGHJI LAKHMIDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, only son of the deceased abovenamed Merchant residing at Walkeshwar Road, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner

All persons claming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT Knight, Chief, Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Thirteenth day of September in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand-nine-hundred and thirtyone and in the Twenty-second Year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
H. A. VAKIL.

The 30th day of September, 1931.
MESSRS. DALLAS AND CO.,
Petitioners attorneys.
3718

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 699, OF 1931.

Re: PAHALAJMAL FATECHAND, of Shikarpur, Hindu Inhabitant, who carried on business in partnership with Sobhraj Thakoredas and Naumal Fatechand in the name and style of Thakordas Naumal at Barbhaya Molla, outside the Fort of Bombay .. A Debtor.
Ex parte: MAGANLAL CHIMANLAL, a firm . Petitioning Creditors.

On the 29th day of September, 1931, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the above-named Debtor as an Insolvent.
Dated this 29th day of Sept. 1931.
K.A. BHOJWANI,
Insolvency Registrar.
3721.

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913, and
IN THE MATTER OF THE NEW BOMBAY STEAMSHIPS, LTD., (In liqdn.).

THE CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 20th October, 1931, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their attorneys (if any) to the UNDERSIGNED at his Office at Jehangir Building, 133, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and if so required by Notice in writing from the Official Liquidator in person or by attorneys to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be specified in such notice or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

The 13th day of November, 1931, at 11-15 o'clock in the forenoon (S.T.) or so soon thereafter as the matter can be heard by the Hon'ble the Judge hearing Company matters at the High Court is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.

Dated the 30th September, 1931.
H. H. WADIA.
Official Liquidator,
3705.

NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 378 of 1930.

DIWAN BAHADUR JIVANDAS GOKALDAS, residing at Jubbulpore, the Manager and Karta of the undivided Joint Hindu family, carrying on business at Dana Bunder, outside the Fort of Bombay in the firm name and style of Messrs. Sewaram Gokaldas by their Munim and constituted attorney Jenarayan Laxminarayen Mundra ....Plaintiff

Vs.

(1) CHOTHMAL CHUNILAL GHANDAK, (2) BHANWARMAL CHOTHMAL, (3) GOPIKISSON CHOTHMAL, (4) GATULAL CHOTHMAL and (5) SHIVDUTT CHOTHMAL.

The last three minors under the age of 18 years by their guardian-ad-litem Mr. J. H. Mazmudar of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Andheri outside the Fort of Bombay the Acting 3rd Assistant Master of this Hon'ble Court. All of Shahganj Hindu Inhabitants carrying on business as Merchants under the name and style of Chunilal Chothmal at Shahganj in Bhopal State. ....Defendants.

To
— BHANWARMAL CHOTHMAL, The 2nd Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff abovenamed has filed this suit against you and other defendants abovenamed to recover the sum of Rupees 2,862-8-0 with interest as per particulars annexed to the Plaint herein, costs, and interest on Judgment till payment, and you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 18th day of November 1931 at 11 o'clock (S.T.) in the forenoon in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Honourable Court, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 2nd day of October, 1931.
TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 121 of 1931.

Rai BAHADUR CHAMPALAL MANEKLAL and another ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
LAKHMICHAND CHHOGMAL VAID and others ..... Defendants.

To,
FULCHAND, son of Lakhmichand
The 4th Defendant in the above suit.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed this suit interalia against you for a declaration that there is due and payable by Defendants 1 to 4 to the Plaintiffs at the foot of an Indenture of Mortgage dated 4th March, 1929, Rs. 15,000/- and compound interest thereon at 7-1/2 per cent per annum from 4th March, 1929, till payment, and that the Defendants 1 to 4 may be ordered to pay into Court by date to be fixed by this Hon'ble Court the said Rs. 15,000 and compound interest and costs of the suit as between attorney and client and interest on such costs at 6 per cent per annum till payment and that in default of payment by the defendants 1 to 4 of the aforesaid amounts the mortgaged properties be sold either free from the 1st Mortgage, dated 29th September, 1925 or subject thereto and that in the event of the mortgaged properties being sold free from the 1st Mortgage the net sale proceeds be applied firstly towards satisfaction of the amount due to defendan 5 to 7 at foot of the said Mortgage dated 29th September, 1925, and the balance be applied towards satisfaction of the Plaintiffs' claim herein and for a personal decree against defendants 1 to 4 in the event of there being a deficiency for all necessary directions, enquiries and orders and for Receiver and further and other reliefs and that the 4th of November 1931 has been fixed for hearing and final disposal of the suit.

Please also take notice that in default of your appearance on the aforesaid day the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1931.
(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL,
For Prothonotary
& Senior Master
Messrs. MALVI RANCHHODDAS AND CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
3712

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 1198 OF 1931.

1. DOWLATCHAND AMICHAND and Another . Plaintiffs.

Versus

1. ESSABHAI CHANDABHAI, (2) VAZIRABOO, widow of Fidahussein Kamruddin, (3) SHERIFFBAI, widow of Heptoolabhai Sheikh Ahmed, (4) HOOSEINABAI, wife of Salebhai Abdulali ..... Defendants.

Abstract of the Writ of Summons dated 22nd November, 1930.

To,
The defendants abovenamed.

This suit is filed for recovery from the 1st defendant personally and from all the defendants as heirs of the deceased Chandabhai Mahomedalli of Rs. 2,000, or in the event referred to in Para 5 of the Plaint Rs. 3,000, with interest and costs and for other reliefs.

The defendants are summoned to appear in Court on the 4th day of November, 1931, at 11 o'clock (S.T.) either in person or by advocate duly instructed by an attorney. The date fixed for the defendants' appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit and in default of their appearance the suit will be heard and determined in their absence.

Dated 2nd day of October, 1931.
ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
3722.

MAGIC RING

The wearer of this wonderful MAGIC RING can communicate with his deceased relatives and friends. And can ascertain the astrayed persons or things, winning number of lottery or Satta, hidden lore or a treasure, subject of sealed envelope, and the articles of a locked up box, etc. It further brings any desired person under absolute control or subjection, through which any object may be fulfilled.

Price each Ring Rs. 2 only, including Postage.
MANAGER, CHINA MAGICAL CO
Post Box No. 56, Lahore.

Auction Sales.

MESSRS. MISTRY & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) at 6/12, Bruce Street, Fort, of Jecobian and plain highclass dining, drawing and bedroom furniture, very rich leather and brocade upholstered chesterfield and drawingroom suits, gramophone, English wardrobe cabin trunk, brass and silver ornaments, plated and cutlaryware, etc.

Property on view and catalogues are ready.
MISTRY & CO.,

Sorabjee Cowasjee And Co.
AUCTIONEERS,
123, Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

WEEKLY SALE on WEDNESDAY, the 7th October, 1931, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at the sale rooms of the Auctioneers:—

By order of the Court Receiver appointed Receiver in High Court Suit No. 804 of 1929 Chandrabai v/s. Ratilal and No. 1962 of 1929 Muktabai v/s. Chandrabai a lot of silk apparels embroidered in silver thread and silk caps, embroidered ribbons; trunks cupboards etc.

By order of the Banks concerned.

12 cases Preserved fruits in jars, 1 case ladies' handbags; 1 case children's handbags; 1 case dolls; 1 case toys; 1 case 2 Bars alloy steel.

On account of the concerned: 10 cases fish and meat, Paste in jars 8 bales Royal Blue Bunting cloth.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,

MESSRS. B. G. PAREKH & Co.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
30, Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

In yesterday's Auction Sale's advertisement for the cotton waste machineries, please read the date 12th of this month, MONDAY, instead of 21st of this month.

B. G. PAREKH & CO.
Auctioneers.

Messrs. VORA & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) 4th inst. at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at 96 Walkeshwar Road, Sethna House, Opp. Mr. Kurva Kajiji's Bungalow, of Teak and Blackwood Dining, Drawing and Bed Room Furniture, H. M. V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Kasrial Tune Harmonium, Drawing Room Cabinet, Silver show cases, Tilting Chesterfield suits, Fire Proof safe, Wolseley Motor car with E. lights in good running order etc.

Property of one European gentleman and others. The above is on view and catalogues are ready.
VORA & CO.

PROF. R. A. GILL

I approached to Prof. R. A. GILL about three weeks ago to consult him about the illness of a friend of mine, who was in Franticness on account of being headache since two years back. He tried many doctors but all in vain. The Professor gave me some Tavizes which were used according to the directions given by him. I am very glad to write that my friend is quite alright now.

(Sd.) J. D. MANTOO.
Charni Road, Bombay.

1. Questions marvellously read and precisely answered.
2. Chronic diseases and all miseries radically cured.
3. Photos of dead or alive revealed.

Rs. 5 for 4 questions.

Consult Prof. R. A. GILL, personally or by post, Room No. 7, 2nd floor, Oomrigar Building, Opposite Crawford Market, Bombay 3

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR

Buy a bottle of "Destroyer" that will remove all ugly and superfluous hair in three minutes. "Destroyer" completely extracts the hair roots thus preventing further growth. "Destroyer" leaves the skin soft, supple and smooth as a child's. It has no harmful effect. Causes no irritation. Bottle containing a complete cure costs Rs. 3 only.

N.B.—Price refunded if not benefitted.

MANAGER, GULZAR TRADING AGENCY,
Post Box No. 72, Lahore.

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Double Strength Germicide

MOS-QUIT-O-KIL

A POWERFUL LIQUID INSECTICIDE.

For Killing MOSQUITOES, FLIES, BUGS COCKROACHES, ANTS, GNATS, FLEAS, MOTHS and ALL OTHER INSECTS

Specially recommended for household and sick-room purposes, also for use in Hospitals, Hotels, Theatres, Horse and Cattle Stables etc.

M. T. MADON & CO.,

Corner Shop, Crawford Market, Bombay 3.

Any chronic RHEUMATISM will STOP in a DAY

RHEUMINE—RHEUMATIC--TABLETS

Wonderful Formula of Dr. J. Plateau of Paris, and/or

VA-RHEUM-OIL

From a formula by great Hakim Jamaspa.

Station-Master LAMTA B.N.R., writes: Send V. P. Post. Ten more Bottles of Rheumine Tablets. I find from two bottles very effective.

Both these excellent specifics are for the ARTICULAR, MUSCULAR and INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, STIFFNESS of JOINTS, PARALYSIS ETC.

Also invaluable for NEURALGIA, COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, CRAMPS.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:— M. T. MADON & CO., (Corner Shop) Crawford Market, BOMBAY 3.

Poona Branch;—MADON PHARMACY, 323, Main Street, POONA.

LADIES' HEALTH Preserved by using

TROPICAL PILLS

(Wonderful Formula of Dr. J. Plateau of Paris, France).

If you suffer from Luchorrhoea (Whites) Inflammation, Painful Periods, Bearing-down Pains, Anaemia, Nervousness, Melancholia, Hot flushes, or any form of female trouble try a bottle to-day. Do not wait until it is too late but begin the cure by using these pills at once.

THEY ARE WOMEN'S SPECIAL AND BEST TONIC.

These pills act directly and naturally on female organs. They are strongly recommended for very poor complexion, Pimples, and all other skin affections, Pains in back and Sides, headaches, lack of appetite and low spirit.

M. T. MADON & CO.,

Corner Shop, Crawford Market, Bombay.

"How you look wonderful"
EXCELSIOR Line of Genuine Rolled Gold Jewellery is rapidly replacing the expensive all-gold productions, because it is impossible to produce such distinctive, exquisite and stylish designs from the real gold.
Designed by Fashion Experts of Paris, all Excelsior styles have surpassing beauty, charm and elegance—it is a pleasure to wear them
The name "EXCELSIOR" on every piece of Jewellery you buy is your guarantee of quality and dependability.
EXCELSIOR
Genuine 18 Carat Rolled Gold JEWELLERY
TEN YEAR QUALITY
GUARANTEED GENUINE
If your dealer cannot supply
Write to EXCELSIOR TRADING Co., Sitaram Building, Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

Dr. G B.'s

SYMBOL OF FRIENDSHIP
DR G.B's MEDICATED SNUFF
A CURE FOR HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, SCROFULA & ETC:
MESSERS: GURU BASAVA & Co. Ltd
SOLE MANUFACTURERS
P.B. No. 510 MADRAS.
PRICE LIST FREE ON REQUEST.

Bombay Agents :—

Messrs. HASANALI SALEH MAHOMED & CO.

Government Tobasco Warehouse, Fort BOMBAY.

ARRIVED IN BOMBAY

Vaidya Raj Jethalal Dave

The Specialist in the Mortal Disease like

Pneumonia, Cholera, Sprue and Consumption

He is curing Old and Chronic diseases, and is offering free consultation and pulse examination. He will point out sure remedies for Sprue, Consumption, Old Asthma, Piles, Female Diseases, Diabetes, Paralysis and all sorts of Physical Weakness. Moffussil Patients can consult through correspondence.

Consultation Time from 8 A.M. to 12 P.M. and 3 P.M. to 8 P.M

AT **The Dave Chemical Works,**

No. 389, Opposite Mahajanwadi, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SUGAR MARKET REPORT

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Our Sugar Market ruled steady during the early part and firm during the latter part of the week under review. Accordingly Ready Prices as well as prices for September and Octo.-December shipments advanced by about 4 annas per cwt. Prices for August shipment dropped by about an anna per cwt. in the beginning of the week but again advanced by about 3 to 4 annas per cwt. during the latter part of the week. Owing to uncertainty of Exchange, prices for Spot Sugar have gone up. Importing houses are at present not quoting for Forward positions due to the fact that there is no stability in Exchange at present. Demand for spot Sugar remained on a moderate scale. The highest and the lowest rates during the week were Rs. 13/8 and Rs. 13/3/9 for Ready Java Sugar, Rs. 5/6 and Rs. 5/2/6 for August, Rs. 5/56 and Rs. 4/14/6 for September, Rs. 5/6 and Rs. 5/- for Oct.-Dec. Shipments and Rs. 12/13 and Rs. 12/11 for Russian Beet Sugar.

Calcutta and Karachi also report firm markets and spot rates ruling there at present are Rs. 9/4/6 and Rs. 12/11 respectively.

FOREIGN MARKET.

New York is reported quiet but steady market and rates for Sugar option have advanced by 3 points in December, others remaining unchanged. Receipts at Cuban ports during the week estimated at 38000 tons and exports 50,000 tons of which 43000 tons went to United States and 3000 tons to Europe. Melts and Deliveries during the week in United States estimated at 85,000 and 1020000 tons respectively.

London Terminal Market is reported to be easier owing to lack of buyers. Refind reduced by 3d, but trade subsequently quieter.

Java Market is reported to be steady. There are no Offerings for the present from Java because of the Exchange. The Stocks is heavy and it appears that the holders of Old Crop are anxious to sell the same.

ARRIVALS.

S. S. Begum and S. S. Sumatra arrived during the week with a cargo of 10404 and 19833 bags of Java Sugar respectively. S. S. Quiloa and S. S. Rajput are expected to arrive on the 2nd October and 10th October with a cargo of about 1200 and 150000 bags respectively.

STOCKS AND OFFTAKES.

Offtake during the week is estimated at about 40000 bags, leaving the stocks of about 2,60,000 bags.

The following are the quotations ruling the bazar to-day.

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 13/8 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 5/8 per cwt. F. B. H.
S. S. Sumatra Rs. 5/8/- per cwt. F. B. H.
S. S. Quiloa Rs. 5/7/- per cwt. F. B. H.
S. S. Rajput Rs. 5/7/- per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment. August Rs. 5/6/- per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment. September Rs. 5/5/6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment. Octo.-December Rs. 5/6/- per cwt. F. B. H.
Russian Beet Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 12/12 per cwt. F. B. H.
Tone:—firm.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 25.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund, have received the following quotations by special Cabegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest price. £
Andhra Valley (7½ p.c 1933 Notes)	102 0 0
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock	46 0 0
Attock Oil Ltd.	0 14 0
Bengal Iron 1½ p.c. Preference	0 § 0
Bengal-Nagpur Rly. Ord. Stock	57 0 0
Burma Corporation Ltd	0 9 3
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy.)	0 6 0
Canadian Eagle Oil Co.	0 6 3
De Havilland Aircraft Co. Ltd.	0 14 0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	4 15 0
Hongkong & Shanghai Bankg. Corpn.	102 0 0
Imperial Airways Ltd. Ord.	0 13 0
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.)	0 0 9
Indian Iron & Steel 7½ p.c. Debs.	74 0 0
London & Rhodesian Mining & Land	0 2 3
Nitrate Railway (Ordy.)	1 5 9
Rangoon Electric Tram. & S. Ord.	1 10 0
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4½ p.c. Deb.	55 0 0
Tata Iron & Steel 7 p.c. Debentures	96 0 0
Tata Power 7½ p.c. 'B'. 1939/50	99 0 0

LONDON STERLING QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

Names.	Latest Prices. £
Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:—	
Millars Timber & Trading Co. Ld. Ord.	0 2 6
London Tin Corporation, Ltd. Ord.	0 11 3
Turner Newall	1 7 6
Associated Electric Industries	1 3 0
Attock Oil	0 13 9
Associated Portland Cement	1 4 0
Underground Electric Railways	0 17 10½
Electric Supply Corporation	2 1 0
Guest, Keen & Nettlefold Ld. Ord.	1 18 6
Beira Railways	0 1 11½
County of London Elec. Supply Ord.	2 4 0
Marconi International Marine	1 10 7½
Calendar's Cable & Constn. Co. Ord.	2 15 0
General Elec. Ord.	2 6 6
London & Thames Haven Oil Wharves	3 4 3
L. & N. E. Rly. 4 p.c. 2nd Prof.	23 0 0
International Rlys. of C. America	dol. 4.00
Malayalam Plantations	0 7 0
British Burma Petroleum	0 3 0
Soudan Plantations	1 2 6
British S. Africa (Chartered)	0 17 0
Pahang Consolidated Ord.	0 5 6
Wm. Cory & Son	2 18 1½ tons.
Market dull and uninteresting.	
Stock of Rubber in the U. K.	134834
Decrease on wetk	968

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank, as on the 18th September 1931.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Subscribed Capital	11,2500000
Capital Paid up	56250000
Reserve	5,4250000
Public Deposits	12,9068000
Other Deposits	641964000
Loans against securities per contra	—
Loans from the Government of India under Section 20 of the Paper Currency Act, against Inland bills discounted and purchased per contra	—
Contingent Liabilities	—
Sundries	13521000
Rupees	895063000

ASSETS.

Government Securities	310163000
Other authorized securities under the Act	27678000
Ways and Means Advances to the Government of India	—
Loans	100329000
Cash Credits	267496000
Inland bills discounted and purchased	30531000
Foreign bills discounted and Purchased	3386000
Bullion	—
Dead Stock	27330000
Liability of Constituents for contingent liabilities per contra	—
Sundries	3789000
Balances with other Banks	1474000
	772476000
Cash	122587000
Rupees	895063000

The above balance sheet includes—

Deposits in London £889100.

Advances and Investments in London £867700.

Cash and balances at other Banks in London £111600.

Percentage 15.62.

Bank Rate 7 per cent.

8 per cent from 22nd Sept. 1931.

MEMORANDUM.

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits Rs. 2,05,72,000 decrease.

Other Deposits Rs. 25,48,000 decrease.

ASSETS.

Bank's Investments Rs. 1,26,98,000 increase.

Loans Rs. 49,51,000 decrease.

Cash Credits Rs. 1,78,000 increase.

Bills Discounted and Purchased Rs. 18,41,000 increase.

Cash Rs. 3,19,93,000 decrease.

Percentage 15.62.

LONDON BULLION MARKET.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. have issued the following weekly report dated London Sept. 2:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £133,341,133 on the 26th ult. (as compared with £133,559,785 on the previous Wednesday), and represents a decrease of £14,284,439 since the 31st December 1930.

About £901,000 bar gold from South Africa, together with £76,000 from India and the Straits Settlements, was available in the open market yesterday. There was only a small demand from India and the trade and £957,000 was taken by an "unknown buyer" at the fixed price of 84s./10-3/8d.

The Bank of England announced later in the day that it had purchased £248,100 bar gold, presumably part of the gold acquired by the "unknown buyer". Further the Bank announced the release of £700,000 sovereigns from "set aside", from which it would seem that the balance of the unknown buyer's purchase had indirectly found its way into the Bank of England holding.

Movements of gold at the Bank of England during the week resulted in a net influx of £991,956. Receipts totalled £1,077,452 which includes the above mentioned items, and also £94,000 in sovereigns from Australia, whilst withdrawals consisted of £75,000 in sovereigns taken for export and £10,496 in bar gold.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold registered from mid-day on the 24th ult. to mid-day on the 31st. ult.:—

IMPORTS.

	£
British South Africa	484,545
British India	61,860
Australia	96,350
New Zealand	13,611
Canada	17,055
Straits Settlements	66,611
Brazil	68,210
Other countries	9,113
	£817,355

EXPORTS.

	£
Netherlands	1,208,765
Belgium	150,400
France	30,266
Switzerland	1,077,803
Austria	17,725
Other countries	9,817
	£2,494,776

SILVER.

Quotations have moved within narrow limits during the past week and business has not been upon an extensive scale. Indian bear covering orders have again been a feature but have mostly been limited as to price, whilst sellers have shown no disposition to press supplies upon the market. China has been inclined to offer the metal and moderate sales have effected on American account. At to-day's quotations, 12.13/16d. for both cash and forward deliveries, the market is quiet but the tone uncertain.

In our last letter we compared figures issued by the American Bureau of Metal Statistics relating to the world production of silver during the first six months of this year and last year. It may be as well to point out that these figures apply only to the important silver producing countries, namely U.S.A., Canada, Mexico, Peru, Australia and Burma, which produced about 87 per cent. of the world's production in 1930. The total figures of the world's production for the first half of 1930 and 1931 would be about 124,000,000 and 99,000,000 fine ounces respectively which would confirm the drop of 20 per cent. indicated by the American Bureau of Metal Statistics.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from mid-day on the 24th ult. to mid-day on the 31st ult.

IMPORTS.

	£
U. S. A.	26,659
Mexico	52,531
Other countries	11,976
	£ 91,166

EXPORTS.

	£
Latvia	35,030
Other countries	22,377
	£ 57,407

KRISHNA PAPER MART

Wholesale & Retail Paper Merchants

Mangaldas Rd. Bombay 2

For A Clean Smooth Shave

USE THE WORLD FAMOUS

EVER-READY RAZORS AND BLADES

MADE IN AMERICA BY THE AMERICAN SAFETY RAZOR CORPORATION.

EVER-READY BLADES have Sharpest Edge in the world. No other blades will give you such keen, quick and clean shaving results. Feel the cosy velvet touch after each shave. New improved utility model just out. And also other fancy models as under:—

"MAJOR" in Nickel Case with 5 Blades ..... Rs. 3.
"CROWN" in Nickel Box with 5 Blades ..... Rs. 3.
"ENSIGN" in Selluloid Case with 2 Blades ..... Re. 1.
"WALL CABINET" can be attached to wall with 2 Blades ..... Annas 12.
"POPULAR" Pocket case with 2 Blades ..... Annas 12
Ever-Ready as shown in this picture with 1 Blade ..... Annas 6.

CAN BE HAD EVERYWHERE or write to Sole Agents:—

Messrs. G. ATHERTON & Co., 28, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY

Bank of India, Ltd.

Established 7th September, 1906. (Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1882).

Head Office: Oriental Buildings, Bombay.

BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange, (Shaik Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta Ahmedabad and Surat.

London Agents: The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	3,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	92,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Re. 1 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.

S. G. GRAY, Manager.

The Russian Screen.

—:o:—

ADOPTS THE CREATIVE PATH

The Keen Study Of American Picture precedes.

(By B. S. GLAGOLIN).

There is nothing new that is not a reconstruction, an individualized utilization of some old form. By using common words writers create orginal images merely by combining the words in new ways. Out of old clay, as old as the earth, sculptors model fresh forms, and by means of the same twelve-tonal scale, composers give us new combinations of sound. In the art of the cinema the originality of Russian film is recognized. But even this originality is nothing more than an original organization of production. The novelty of Russian films lies in well devised and arranged human material and in the utilization of experience. And particularly American experience.

When the "adventure" theme wholly conquered the American screen the highest attainment of the European cinema was the decorative prettiness of Italian paintings. The spectator admired them as he would a succession of stereopticon pictures. The secret of inner movement was discovered neither by the Italians nor the Frenchmen. It was fully approached by the "adventure" theme of American films long before German motion pictures entered the market. After they conquered America, the American films stepped across the ocean. With all the actual ideological poverty of the subject-matter of the adventure theme, it was they however, who pushed cinema technique forward. The adventure theme presupposes, first of all, swift and uninterrupted change of scenes; it has sharpness of plot, at the expense of long-lasting impressions. These infallible conditions of the adventure theme forced American films to seek a means by which to concentrate the audience's attention upon short time intervals, at growing intensity. Practice pointed out a new arrangement of the motion-picture apparatus.

NEW PRINCIPLE.

It was the American film of the adventure type that discovered a new principle of motion picture photography, no matter how much the French cinema may contest the fact.

The patent for this discovery, which is as simple as Columbu's egg, could be granted only to the motion picture camera itself. It is as if this box, with lens instead of an eye, watched the gallop of events and became so interested in the exciting plot that it voluntarily moved from its place. It appeared among the actors, meddled with their conflicts, and started to catch them all red-handed. It put itself in the hero's place and watched the effects of his words. It photographed the hero, by placing its tripod in the place of the villain who stealthily gives the hero the treacherous blow. In short, the camera manifested hitherto unseen mobility. All that remained for the directors was to notice successful positions of the animated camera. They did not hesitate to legitimatize them, as technique that drew approval from the audience.

PHOTOGRAPHY'S THE THING.

Russian motion picture directors made deductions from the experience and success of the American cinema, and, in their productions, the dynamic method of photography took the upper hand over the "adventure" theme which had conceived it. Russian films indicated that the new arrangement of the camera has also the power to guarantee the success of deep ideas and lasting impressions.

It is believed that with the filming of "The Great Train Robbery" the motion picture camera first began legitimately to photograph adventure scenes not from the outside, as a coward peeking at them, but as a conscientious, energetic participant in the events—a participant who hurries to aid and who himself joins the battle for right and justice. Having become the twin of each of the dramatic personage the motion picture camera gave the spectator an opportunity to see upon the screen all the scenes in a form which could be felt by participants only. And following the camera, the spectators ceased being indifferent witnesses and turned into participants of the events. What took place here, intrinsically, is just what happened to modern literature. Its renaissance was aided by the evolution of the "journalistic" printing press into the modern machine. Here, the freshness of newspaper material its proximity to life and the reality of the subject, played the role of the motion picture camera, the penetrating and deft chronicler. The newspaper created a more active reader, just as the American method of filming transformed the lover of picture-gazing into an active spectator.

THE ROAD TO HUMAN PERSONALITY.

My beautiful mother country was the first ot take up American cinematic technique. This technique was adapted by it in all its depth and seemed to be intrinsically akin to it. To impress even more the fact of the American influence on the Russian cinema, we must note that the new method of placing the camera influenced even the directorial practice of Russian dramatic theatres, indissolubly bound with the success of Russian cinematography.

In its enthusiasm over the dynamics of American films, the Russian theatre for several years remained oblivious to the "inspiration" of its actors and dramatists, demanding of them the technique of the cinematographic "balance and distribution of power." Then the theatre transferred its entire attention to the organization of the auditorium and to the technique of the perception of the spectacle. The result of this enthusiasm for American films played its role in preparing Russian actors for the transcription of actions upon the screen.

HUMAN EXPERIENCE.

All this developed together with the gradual, sensible reawakening of Russian life with its new organization which followed revolutionary madness, and together with the formulation of the national chaos. Hence followed this especial keenness, this saturation with human experience which now looks down from the Russian screen, fascinating and putting the audience into the place of a people who have experienced much, who are disappointed in much, but a people who profoundly believe in human enlightenment. This faith has nothing in common with any illusions or romanticism. Russians now live only gropingly, like a doubting Thomas, who has lost faith in all verbal seductions. They all have become materialists, in the sense of honouring the intrinsic content of life and honest relations among all people. All have come to value the human personality as authentic matter which always has its established value just as gold and silver. Interest in make-believe—the art of pretense and deception—died.

Filming the Himalayas.

The child stars the screen.

National reconstruction in life and thought, art and culture cannot and should not remain casual. It cannot and should not depend on chance or charity. It must preserve the standards of its distinction and advance with the advancing times. The immense, almost infinite, possibilities of the Theatre as a dynamic power for national regeneration is yet practically and systematically unexplored. The Theatre cannot any longer remain isolated from life and thought, art and culture, national and international. The screen and the stage, music and dancing, literature, painting, settings, scenic construction and costume-design and the various activities and thoughts of the Theatreland which mould and influence national education and endeavours all demand now constant and systematic attention. These columns are meant to ensure that attention.

THE PASSING WEEK.

By Our Art And Dramatic Critic

The Russian Screen.

The Russian method of developing swadeshi art and industry is miles distinct and miles more efficient than the method, or rather the want of method followed by Indian screen trade. It is still at the primitive stage of casual trade, not organised industry. It is untouched by art. The article reproduced elsewhere on this page ought to be studied closely by all those who are eager to establish an international position for the Indian films. Usually, the films for the so-called "international" market have neither a national nor an international point or mould.

The Value Of Stories And, The Price.

Here is a recent example of the American method of advancement of swadeshi art and industry:—

Eight-hundred sterling weekly is understood to be the salary which Mr. Edgar Wallace, the novelist and playright, will receive under a contract which he signed, in London, yesterday, with the Radio Keith Orpheum Film Combine, and by which he agrees to go to Hollywood for three months to write film stories for the combine.

Mr. Wallace will continue his ordinary literary work while writting for the films.—Reuter.

Hollywood knows the value of good stories Hollywood is prepared to pay the price. Screenland in India has not felt the defference between the right stories and the wring stories.

Race track record for the screen.

THE TECHNICOLOUR PROCESS

Sound Track And Seenes Printed Separately

Perfection of recording in "Whoopee," according to J. A. Ball, Vice-President and Technical Director of the West Coast activities of Technicolor, is due to the extraordinary work of Ted Reed, in charge of sound recording at United Artists Studio, coupled with methods employed by Technicolor in processing the sound track.

"By the Technicolor process the sound track is developed entirely independently from the picture," says Mr. Hall, in revealing why sound in "Whoopee" attains superiority. "Because of this fact we are enabled to control it absolutely and secure a sound track of far superior quality than that which is obtainable in developing and printing black and white pictures with sound on film.

"In the case of black and white prints picture and sound track are inseparable. Both must be simultaneously subjected to photographic laboratory processing, and there is a conflict between the ideal contact of picture and of sound track. In accommodating the track to the picture a certain amount of sound track quality is lost. But in the Technicolor process the ideal contract for the sound track can be maintained perfectly.

"Technicolor porcesses the sound track separately and the processing of the picture portion of the film does not affect it in any fashion," Mr. Hall continues. "Yet it is true that Technicolor makes its sound track in tones of black and white, which is a distinct advantage over any other method. Technicolor is alone in the color field in this respect.

"Other color processes which work up the sound track in color run into an obstacle in the shape of variations in photo-electric cells used in projection apparatus. All film kick-up devices employ either casium or potassium photo-electric cells according to the type of equipment installed in the theatre.

"These two types of cells have different color sensitivity with corresponding effect upon the contrast of a colored sound track and this contrast controls the quality. This effect can be particularly destructive of quality in the case of sound track of the variably density type.

"It is thus obvious that any color process which employs color in its sound track is impractical."

These problems according to Mr. Ball, were recognized and anticipated by Technicolor when sound entered the picture industry. Mr. Ball himself has, with Dr. Herbert T. Kalmus, president and his associates, been affiliated with the development of Technicolor since its earliest days. He is credited with being the guiding genius in the invention and perfection of the present camera used by Technicolor as well as having been personally responsible for and influentially involved in many of the other inventine phases of Technicolor.

SOME SOBER MOMENTS

Of Screen Stars

"When suddenly all the lesser things were swept away, all the clothes and the cars, the servants and the friends I had thought were for me—it didn't hurt nearly so much as I thought it would It taught me one of the most valuable things I have learned about myself: It takes so very much to make me unhappy and so little to make me happy.

"I had thought I needed excitement and success and all the things that go with them—but I learned that the real we was just as happy in a Ford coupe as in that long green car that used to attract so much attention on the Boulevard. The day I was forced into bank.—"M. P. Classic."

GREECE RECONSTRUCTS ART

And Revives Her Music

The Spirit Of The Dance.

Unless all signs fail, Greece is on the way to a renaissance in art," writes Erwin Felber in a recent issue of the Leipziger Neueste Nachrichten.

"This poor little country," continues Dr. Felber, "situated so far away from all European culture is liberally supporting art and science. In Saloniki it has founded a university; in Athens a State picture gallery. It is building theatres and promoting conservatories. It has just established a State broadcasting station and is about to erect a national opera house, in which, together with the world operas, the operas of national Greek artists are to be presented.

"There is no lack of such operas. Of course, it isn't a question of ambitious, futuristic works, but of melodious popular operas where the substantial foundation of the tone drama is formed by the legends of the past and the melodies and dances of home. The composers want to write in a genuinely national Hellenic way, they want to clear the road for a personal Grecian art style, in which they can unite the old and the new Grecian antiquity and modernism—the latter very moderate.

STUNTS IN THOUSANDS

"In 'The Master-Builder,' a popular opera played again and again in Athens, the music and action are very good. Manolis Kalomiris, the composer of this opera, is the director of the National Conservatory, which has five branch institutions and trains more than 1,500 pupils annually in West European music. Besides this music school. Athens has the State Conservatory and the Hellenic Conservatory, with about 1,500 pupils each. These three big institutions also act as concert agencies.

"The opera 'Dido,' by Dionysos Lawrengas, chief of the Athens opera, is more in the older Italian style; whereas the composer Dimitropulos, in his opera 'Beatrice,' already makes some slight concessions to radicalism. This excellent conductor, who is also known in Germany, is the banner-bearer of the modern group in both Athens and Saloniki. He has gradually won Greece over to modern European works. M. Dimitropulos is the director of the well-trained symphony orchestra of eighty men. Athens also has a good choral society directed by M. Ikonomidas, who with the aid of French and German soloists, gives the great oratorios and choral works of Bach, Handel, Mozart, Beethoven and others every year.

FOLK SONG AND DANCES

"But with all its urge for progress, Athens naturally never will go over so unreservedly to modern music as many European centres of culture have done. Greece cherishes-perhaps subconsciously—an ancient inheritance; it follows a tradition. And so most of the Greek composers are still living in the older, classical-romantic music world. Emil Riadis and George Lambellet have created some typical National Songs. Maries Warwoglis has written melodicus orchestral and chamber music. Constantine Psachos contributed the music to the Aeschylus dramas of the festival at Delphi. He follows the footsteps of the ancients and at the same time cherishes the remnants of the folksongs and dances of the Byzantine epoch. His prelude to 'Prometheus Bound' is built upon an ancient Greek hymn to Apollo, discovered in Delphi. With good taste and skillful technique he spun the scanty material of the hymn into steadily rising waves of melody which spread out like a prelude to a Grecian 'Parsifal.' Nevertheless, his music is dominated by the bucolic and the spirit of the dance."—"New York Times."

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:o:

POOR HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AND REDUCED WAGES

CALCUTTA, Sept. 27.

Mr. S. Mukunda Lall, General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, has issued the following statement:

I had been to Golmuri last week to study the condition of the Tinplate Workers there. It was really shocking to see the pale faces of the starving strikers and when I entered the Bustees, I found some people actually weeping and heard them say that their sufferings had become unbearable.

During the last strike, a large number of workers of the Tinplate Company were victimised and about 500 of them are still stranded at Golmuri. This victimisation has terrorised the workers, in-as-much as they dare not pay their subsuriptions to the Union. As a result, the legitimate activities of the Union have been almost brought to a deadlock.

RAMPANT GOONDAISM.

Further, the men are often being intimidated by a gang of Goondas. In fact, a few months ago, Mr. John, the General Secretary of the Tinplate Workers' Union, was threatened with assault and Mr. Hyat Bux, Joint Secretary, was actually beaten by one of the goondas while he was carrying out his normal duty on behalf of the Union and visiting the workers' Bustees with a view to offer relief to the victimised men. The hooligans one day raided the Union's office and destroyed all properties and records of the Union and the organised goondaism both at Jamshedpur and Golmuri has become a regular nuisance and menace to the performance of even the normal work of the lobour movement in those places. It is high time that the authorities dealt with it properly and afforded protection to the peaceful citizens of the town and the legitimate activities of the Labour Unions there.

REDUCED WAGES.

Those who are still engaged in workshops, numbering about 3,400 complained of the falling off in their earnings and consequent miseries in their daily life. They now work only for 11 days in a month and as a result, their wages have been reduced by 60 per cent. In other words, the average pay of a daily-rated man was formally Rs. 32 per month, whereas owing to the reduced number of working days, he now gets about Rs. 12|11 per month. The monthly-rated men work for 14 days in a month with full pay and half pay for the remaining 16 days of the month. So their salary has practically been reduced by 25 per cent.

It is needless to mention here that, being in a Colony under the mercy of the employers, they can have no advantages and facilities as they could have in their respective native villages wherefrom they have been recruited by the Company for its work, nor have they been exempted fully from the house rent which ranges from Rs. 2|8 to Rs. 12 per month.

POOR HOUSING ACCOMMODATION.

The workers, further, complain about the insufficient housing accommodation in-as-much as there are only 400 quarters, whereas the number of workers is about 3400.

The serious complaint of the workers is that they are not allowed any recess for meal during the working period, nor are their relatives permitted to go in to give them their food. As a result, they go without food for the day.

Inspite of so many enquiries and recommendations by various committees and Royal Commissions, the position of labourers remains unaltered. On the other hand, Indian Tax-payers' money has often times been wasted and recklessly spent in this way for such make-belief affairs, apparently to satisfy the agents of bureaucracy and capialists and bluff the public.

ANTI-LIQUOR CAMPAIGN IN MADRAS

Remarkable Success.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar writes:—

As a result of the national campaign against the Drink traffic, a number of shops were not taken up by renters at the last auction sales and for many shops the bids were so low that the Government have not accepted them. From information received so far, inspite of the efforts of all arms of Government, and two or three auctions, out of 9,000 toddy shops in the Presidency, nearly 3,000 are still unsold. Licenses have been sold to fetch somewhere near fifty lakhs per annum in place of one and half crore rupees per annum recovered from toddy shop rentals every year before this.

Thirty per cent of the shops in Tamil Nad have not yet been assigned to licensees. Secret tenders and bargains are going on between officials and prospective renters over these shops. Even the toddy shops that have been assigned have been accepted for much lower rentals than last year's. The decrease is estimated to be about a third on the whole. What will happen to the remaining thousand shops in Tamil Nad depends upon the impression that renters get with regard to the persistence of anti-drink activity in each area.

FALL IN TREE TAX.

The shops that have been sold off so far have been given away for annual rentals totalling about Rs. 40 lakhs, that is to say, less than half of what the toddy shop licenses in Tamil Nad were sold for in the previous years.

The tree tax on trees marked for toddy ordinarily fetched about an equal amount to the shop rentals. It may be expected that licensees this year will not risk leasing as many trees as usual and will not therefore have as many trees marked as in former years. The tree tax receipts also therefore must fall in proportion to the fall in rentals. It may not be an over-estimate on these data to say that the total excise revenue will be affected so far as Tamil Nad is concerned to the extent of from 75 lakhs to one crore under Toddy alone.

Taking certain typical districts out of 560 toddy shops in Coimbatore, as many as 260 remain yet unsold. So also in North Arcot, out of 400 odd shops, more than 200 are yet unsold. In South Arcot out of nearly 300 shops, more than a hundred are still undisposed of. In Ramanad District, almost all the shops have been disposed of, but have fetched only 2 lakhs annual rental as against an average of 4 lakhs of previous years.

POOR BIDS AT AUCTIONS.

These results do not by any means represent uniform work in the districts. They are the spread-out over the whole area of very good and persistent effort in some places and the resulting general atmosphere. If the active centres are separately taken, we see what can be achieved if men and women mabe up their minds. The auction barometer, for instance, in Rajapalaiyam area shows that whereas the average toddy shop rentals for the previous three years in that Taluk exceeded Rs. 58,000 per annum, this year the bids came to a total of only Rs. 17,800. Only ten out of the ninety-one toddy shops in Dharapuram Taluk could be sold. In Udumalpet Taluk, there were no bids whatever for 16 out of 21 shops. If we could get the undoubted sympathy and gold will of men and women in all places to take the native hue of resolution, and the "name of auction", the results would be not a seventy per cent reduction as in Srivilliputhur Taluk, but much more; for, good and evil forces produce results that spread all round, not in simple arithmetical ratio, but if I may put it that way, according to the square of the original quantities.

I have exhibited these figures showing the fall in Government revenue because it is a measure of the liquor dealers' estimate of his future business, i.e., the effect of our work. They are shrewd men, though they are gamblers. They are able to sense the feeting in the country. I therefore take their bids as a reliable trade measure of the degree of success we have attained in our work. Let no one imagine that hectic activities during the auction sales will produce any effect on the hardened liquor dealer. It is only when he is convinced that people have been impressed by our work and will not drink that he will refrain from bidding or stake only a low figure. Seeing all this, one may justifiably feel proud of the work done by the volunteers of our province for the good of the poorest among poor people.

What is the good of all this fever of activity? The Government is able to thwart all your efforts. Do you not see "that after seven years' siege, yet Troy walls stand"?

I admit. But our seeming failures are not shame. They are nought else.

But the protractive trials of great Jove.
To find persistive constancy in men".

The shame is all on the other side, which by force of entrenched authority, keeps up an evil traffic when the people have made it clear beyond all doubt that they do not want it.

REPRESSION IN BANGALORE

Public Protest Against Police Regulations

(From our Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, Sept. 27.

To protest against the repressive policy of the Government in issuing orders under Section 39 of the Mysore Police Regulation and Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. prohibiting in effect peaceful demonstrations in favour of Swadeshi and Temperance and orders against the exercise of the elementary rights of the citizens, a largely attended public meeting of the citizens of Bangalore was held this morning under the presidency of Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, M.L.C. Speeches were made condemning the policy of Government.

Reference was made during the course of the proceedings to the order of the District Magistrate Bangalore prohibiting Mr. P. M. Rama Sarma, a journalist and Vice-President of the Bangalore Textile Labour Union, from entering certain portions of the city. Mr. Sarma has rendered yeomen's service to the cause of labour in the State. He has been, by the order of the Magistrate, interned practically in his home at Basavangudi, an extension in the city. The Government have recently issued a notification, ordering Mr. Sarma not to enter the City proper for a period of six months.

The ban on picketing of liquor shops, on processions, hoisting of national flags etc. came in for a good of criticism by the speakers.

Several resolutions were passed protesting strongly against the orders of Government, calculated to stifle with the fundamental rights of the citizens.

HOW MUSSOLINI WIELDS AXE

Will Sir George Schuster Take The Tip?

LONDON. (By Mail.)

"The ease and celerity with which the Italian Government can act in the national interest may perhaps cause some envy here. The report of the Department of Overseas Trade on economic conditions in Italy gives an interesting account of the various measures taken by Signor Mussolini to pave the way for the restoration of prosperity to the country by economic readjustment aimed at reducing public expenditure, the cost of living and the disparity between wholesale and retail prices. The Government took the lead in price cuts by lowering by 10 per cent. the prices of provisions sold in the stores open to its employees. A campaign inaugurated by the various syndical associations and intensively supported by the Press was opened in favour of reducing rent by 10 per cent, salaries of clerical and business staffs by 10 per cent; earned directorial and managerial incomes by 25 per cent and hotel and restaurant charges by 10 per cent. The report states that it has not proved possible to apply price and wage reductions as uniformly and universally as was hoped and intended. Signor Mussolini recently stated that 'the disciplined self-control' of all sections of the Italian community had made it possible to reduce the disparity between wholesale and retail prices, and to give widespread effect to the policy, first adopted in Italy, of deflating retail prices by reducing wages and salaries'."—"The Statist".

KHADI BAZAR IN ANDHERI.

The Andheri Congress Committee has arranged to celebrate the "Gandhi Week" from 2nd October to 9th idem, during which period Khaddar will be hawked in different parts of villages. A Khadi Bhandar will be opened on the 2nd on Versowa Road, near Sheth Lalji Nonji's shop, where Khadi of dicerent varieties will be available.

CONGRESS PRESIDENTSHIP

To, The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—As the President for the tee has chalked out a detailed Puria Session of the Indian National Congress may I venture to propose the following names:—(1) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan; (2) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad; (3) Dr. Ansari and (4) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. The great services of these leaders are known to each and every child of India. I will like to recommend Khan Sahib and Azad because they have done great services and by electing them Congress will win the faith of the so-called All-Party leaders. And it will enable us to do more work, and gain more influence on the British.—Yours etc.,

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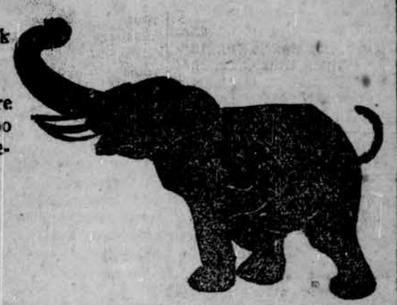

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RUPEE SHOULD NOT BE LINKED WITH STERLING

Mr. Jamal Mahomed On Present Financial Crisis

MADRAS, Sept. 26.

Mr. Jamal Mahomed M.L.A. in an interview to the press regarding the present financial crisis said:—

The present financial crisis, if properly handled with only the interests of our country in view can be made to improve our economic position otherwise it is likely to do great harm. The only justification which the Government hitherto had to keep up to 1sh. 6d. ratio was that it was a statutory obligation imposed upon them. But now the Government knows as they ought to, that this had been demonstrably proved to be disastrous and detrimental to the interests of the country and they should take this opportunity to drop the ill-fated act of 1927.

It is very unfortunate that they should still think of continuing more or less their old policy I cannot believe that any Government, whatever be its personnel and however cut off from the people, can fail to realise the actual distress and discontent, all over the country in this matter if in spite of that these is a tendency to revert to the old policy it can only be interpreted in this way. Even the British personnel in this country do not seem to have any discretion in the matter and a policy is simply being imposed from White Hall on them to carry through.

PAPER AND GOLD RESERVES

When questioned about the paper and Gold reserves referred to by the Finance Member in his speech Mr. Jamal Mahomed said:—

The Government have been playing very light heartedly in this matter. These reserves are of two kinds—paper currency and Gold Standard reserves. The first is meant to back up the currency notes in circulation and the latter to support the silver token rupees in circulation. The Finance member in his last statement to the Assembly said that the notes in circulation were 148 crores of rupees and that in the paper currency reserves there were 127 crores of silver rupees as part of the backing for the currency notes. Now, this 127 crores of silver rupees at the most could not be worth more than half its face value at present. It therefore means that there is a deficit of 60 to 65 crores to be filled to make the paper currency reserve to properly function.

200 CRORES OF RUPEES!

I have no correct idea as to the silver rupees in circulation, but it could be roughly estimated at about 200 crores. If so, the Government would require 100 crores worth of Gold and Gold securities to fully cover the depreciation and £40,000,000 worth of Gold and Gold Securities in the Gold Standard Reserves are manifestly inadequate to cover this depreciation. It will thus be seen that both the Paper currency and Gold Standard are too inadequate to give the necessary backing to the currencies in circulation. That being so it is absolutely essential not to dissipate them any more but to preserve them and to acquire and accumulate as much more of gold as possible. Moreover, any further dissipation of these reserves may be risky to the convertibility of our currency which is a thing to be avoided at all costs in an Eastern country like ours.

On the question as to how to improve the position, Mr. Jamal Mahomed answered as follows:—I am definitely of opinion that our rupee should not be linked with sterling. The imperative need of the country is a rise in the level of commodity prices in rupees without at the same time affecting our foreign outlets.

DIVORCE OF GOLD STANDARD.

Concerning the question of England's divorce from the gold standard and its effects he stated:—

"Personally, I think it is going to benefit Great Britain, and I cannot understand why so much fetish should be made of Gold and Gold standards. A few countries like France and America went on accumulating almost all the gold in the world thus bringing about a stoppage to the free and fair circulation of gold. The present divorce of Gold Standard by Great Britain is likely to bring about a rise in the prices of commodities in countries where the currencies are comparatively depreciated. That may induce the Gold stocking countries to come forward and send out part of their gold to countries where there is a shortage in order to improve their purchasing power. It will be interesting to see whether Great Britain will take advantage of such offers of Gold, when and if made, or would prefer to be without Gold Standard and be content with the present advantage of having the benefits of subsidies or protective tariff conferred on her without the risks of going through a general election on this question."—A. P.

RETRENCHMENT IN N. W. RAILWAY

"A Crore Can Be Saved Without Discharging Or Demoting A Single Worker"

UNION'S MEMORANDUM TO COMMITTEE

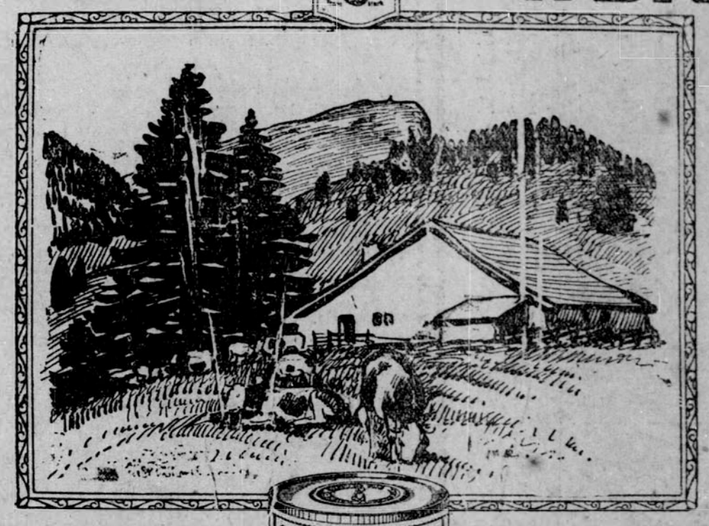
LAHORE, Sept. 26.

The Railway Retrenchment Committee appointed by the Government of India met with the representatives of the North Western Railway (Recognized) Union on the 24th and the 25th instant.

The representatives of the Union who were examined presented a Memorandum to the Committee in which savings of nearly a crore of rupees were suggested by the Union without the necessity of discharging or demoting a single worker on the North Western Railway. All the three witnesses pleaded against the cut of the salary of the staff or retrenchment. Then it was made clear to them that the Committee would suggest every other method of financial retrenchment before suggesting a wage cut of the staff.

The representatives stated that if, in the end, a further reduction was still necessary, they thought that there was more margin for a cut in the case of superior officers, since, as compared with other countries, they drew higher salaries and in any case, in their view, categories of staff not getting upto Rs. 250/- a month, were not getting a living wage and should be exempt. It was suggested to the representatives that if, in view of a national crisis, it was decided to reduce the wages all round in every department, what would be their position? They replied that they would not be in favour of any wage cut in any circumstances but when a national emergency could be proved, and could not be met otherwise, then they were certainly prepared to make up their quota even to the extent of one month's wages on a sliding basis for the purpose of meeting contingencies, but that they were not, in any circumstances, in favour of wage reduction, as such a wage reduction tended in all cases to become permanent. The delegates also warned the Committee that if a cut in wages took place there was apprehension a general strike in the Railway.—A. P.

PURE MILK



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JHANG MUNICIPALITY PRESENTS ADDRESS TO PT. JAWAHARLAL.

Repudiates Charge Against Congress Politicians

LAHORE, Sept. 28.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru accompanied by Mr. Kamala Nehru arrived here this morning after attending the Punjab Political Conference at Jhang. Prior to their departure from Jhang, Pandit Jawaharlal and Baba Gurditsingh, President of the Conference, were presented with an address by the Jhang Municipality.

The address was drafted by a sub-committee of three Muslim commissioners but at the time of presentation only Hindu elected members were present. The address was handed to the guests in cheap brown envelopes and was taken as read. At the beginning of the address the leaders were welcomed, but next it was stated that the address was given against the considered opinion of the majority of the members, that it was an inopportune time for political Conferences when the Round Table Conference was in session, and that the Municipal Commissioners deprecated the use of violence and the resort by the Congress to Civil Disobedience as a measure for the attainment of Swaraj. The address next condemned Communist principles and the rough and ready methods of the Congress politicians.

JAWAHARLAL WELCOMES THE ADDRESS.

Pandit Jawaharlal welcomed the address. In his reply he repudiated the charges against the Congress and expressed regret at the attitude of the nominated Muslim members of the Jhang Municipality.

At the Conference itself Pandit Jawaharlal said that Indians were at war with Government. It was only truce time now. If India achieved freedom it was well and good; otherwise war could be restarted and fought to a finish. He exhorted the Naujawan Bharat Sabha people to join hands with the Congress and spread the Congress movement in the villages as they might have again to resort to war if Mahatma Gandhi did not bring Swaraj.—A.P.

CO-OPERATION IN THANA

General Meeting At Bhivandi

(From A Correspondent.)

PALGHAR, Sept. 28.

The Second Annual General Meeting of societies affiliated to the Bhivandi Branch of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank was held in the Dak-bunglow, Bhivandi, on Thursday the 24th inst. Mr. G. K. Deodhar, one of the directors of the Bank, presiding. In welcoming the guests assembled, Mr. L. K. Bhagwat, Senior Inspector of the Bank, briefly traced the history of Co-operation in the tract with special reference to the progress achieved during the short period of two years.

Mr. Deodhar in his speech showed satisfaction at the wonderful progress visible in the number of societies and their working capital which had increased to four and five times respectively from 22 to 86 and about Rs. 35,000 to Rs. 175,000. He expressed his firm belief that wherever a branch of the Bank was organised it led to a rapid expanison of Co-operation which was so beneficial to the poor agriculturists. He emphasised the need of local deposits and requested the residents to help the Branch by investing their savings there and advised the societies to introduce the cheap system.

Resolutions about the grant of long term loans, the organization of a purchase and sale union, and the abolition of the proposed levy of audit fees, were passed and the proceedings were brought to a close.

WHO THREW THE BRICK?

Case Against Boy Withdrawn

(From a Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 29.

The case against Manmohandass, a twelve year old son of Seth Govinddas which was filed by police under Section 348 I.P.C. has been compromised with the permission of Court to-day.

The reason was that Shaikh Amir who was said to have been hurt with a brick thrown by Manmohan Dass felt that he could not definitely say that a brick was thrown by Manmohan Dass. He (Shaikh Amir) filed an application that he did not wish to proceed with the case.

ILLICIT SALE OF LIQUOR

Shady Tactics Exposed

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar writes:—

Every one knows the wide scale on which the renters, baffled by the picketing campaign, are everywhere resorting to unlicensed hawking and sales outside the licensed hours and premises. An understandable but unwise sympathy seems to have been shown by Abkari officials. Here is the statement of a woman (whose name I withhold for the present) who was discovered by our volunteers selling toddy in her own hut, and who was handed over with toddy pot to the abkari inspector.

AN ELOQUENT STATEMENT.

The State of .... wife of ....: At about 4 p.m. this evening at ....'s toddy shop, south of the village well, I went to redeem my jewel that I had pledged. (Mark where jewels are pawned! How helpful to the poor people!) The renter's servants told me they would give me a big pot of toddy and that I might keep it in my hut and sell it, and drink what was left unsold. I agreed. So I was asked to stop at the well, and so-and-so and so-and-so brought and gave me the pot of toddy. They said they would give back the jewel only, if I carried out these directions. I took the pot to my hut. I sold up till now 1-1/2 measures. I have stated the whole truth.

The statement was taken in the presence of and attested by nine witnesses and handed over to the Abkari Inspector who refused to prosecute the renter or his men, but took into custody the unfortunate woman and let her out on bail.

The law of evidence against accomplice is elastic enough in political cases. But where a whole potful of toddy and marks on it and attendant circumstances corroborate a poor woman's story, the principal offenders go scot-free. But I congratulate the volunteers on the fact that even this much notice was taken of their complaint, and that the pot was not broken and a charge was not brought against them under Sections 143, 147 and all the other sections on the allegation that they waylaid and assaulted the renter's servants lawfully carrying a pot of toddy. It was a narrow miss.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

SECOND DAY OF GANDHI WEEK.

Mass meeting, Koliwada, Fanaswadi, 8 p.m., Sardar to address.

S.S. "Rawalpindi" with mails for England sails at 1 p.m.

Public meeting to protest against taxation proposals, Chowpatty, 6-30 p.m., Sjt. K. F. Nariman presiding.

Public meeting at Napoo Hall, Matunga, 9-30 p.m., Sjt. Purshottamdas Tricumdas to speak on "Gandhi as Revolutionary."

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.—12 noon: Gramophone records.

6-45 p.m.:—Varerkar Mama's stories in Marathi.

9-20 p.m.:—P. N. Dewoolkar's classical and light music; P. Mungre's mandolin solo.

FR. ELWIN'S LECTURE:—The Rev. Father Verrier Elwin will give a lecture on "St. Francis and Gandhiji" in Christa Seva Sangha Ashram lecture hall to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m.

TO-DAY'S MEETING AT MARWARI BAZAAR:—A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Hindustani Yuva Sangh in the Bullion Exhange, Marwadi Bazaar to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. Mrs. K. M. Munshi will preside and Mr. Purshottamdas Tricumdas, Nagindas Master, Mrs. Gangaben Patel and others will speak.

PROF. VAKIL ON CHANGING RUPEE:—Under the auspices of the Muslim Students' Union, Prof. C. N. Vakil, University Professor of Economics, will deliver a public lecture on "The Changing Rupee and New Taxation" on Monday (5th inst.) at 6 p.m. in the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty. Sir Chunilal V. Mehta will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS:—The United Lodge of Theosophists have moved into more spacious quarters on the 4th floor of Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Esplanade Road, where the first public lecture will be delivered on Sunday (4th inst.) at 6 p.m. It is open to the public.

BOMBAY BOY SCOUTS LOCAL ASSOCIATION:—The Cub Sports will be held at the Scout Hut, Esplanade Maidan, to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. and the Scout and Rover Sports on the Cooperage, W.I.F.A. Ground on Sunday (4th inst.) at 3-15 p.m.

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JOHN BLYSTONE
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ALSO SEE
Mahatma Gandhi's
RECEPTION AT MARSEILLES AND IN LONDON.

Sardar Inaugurates Gandhi Week.

(Continued from page 1)

to do what we can. It is inexplicable to me to understand this policy of the Government. It is up to us to accept this challenge."

STICK TO NON-VIOLENCE.

Continuing, he said: "We should be ready to fight the bureaucracy, but with the only weapon of Non-Violence. You should never forsake this injunction of Mahatma Gandhi. It is imperative for our success. We must always abide by the two principles of Satya and Ahimsa. We must be prepared to sacrifice our all to uphold our cause. Another thing that Mahatmaji has taught us is the service of the poor. There are millions of starving men in India and it is our duty to bring bread to their hungry mouths. For that purpose he has given us the Charkha. Charkha does not only stand for food to the masses; it means work for idle hands, it means resuscitating the dying cottage industries of India; in fact it means revival of India's past glories."

RELIEVE THE LOCKED UP STOCK.

Proceeding, he referred to the 15 lakhs of rupees' worth of Khadi now lying with the All-India Spinners' Association and reiterated his appeal to dispose of the entire stock. "I have shown you already how crores are pinched from the poor by way of taxes. When you buy Khadi, you will be serving a double purpose. It will give food to the poor and also be useful to you. In addition, it will be encouraging Swadeshi. Moreover, if you do this during the "Gandhi Jayanti," it will give immense pleasure to Gandhiji. Therefore, take a solemn vow that you will wear nothing but Khadi during the week and thereafter."

Concluding, he said: "When he left us, Mahatmaji asked for our blessings. Our blessings are: 'May he succeed in his mission,' and let us add our prayer that he might be granted long life and success in his mission in life." (Applause).

HE'S FIGHTING GREAT BATTLE.

Sjt. K. Natarajan, speaking next said, that when Gandhiji went to England, he did so with great diffidence and after much hesitation. He left a perfectly peaceful atmosphere in this country to facilitate his work in England. He congratulated Sardar Patel and the Congress for maintaining it. He was, however, sorry, that the same thing could not be said of the Government and he referred to the happenings during the past forthnight, the exchange muddle, the raising of the taxes, the Press Bill, etc. He feared Government had not calculated the consequences of their action.

Referring to Mahatmaji's work in England, the speaker said, that Gandhiji was fighting a great battle in England. "He is working single-handed under very difficult circumstances. May God grant him wisdom to present India's case and come back with the substance of Independence." He wished him long life and success in his mission.

Sjt. K.M. Munshi, who spoke next, laid emphasis on 'Ahimsa' as the great mission of Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas asked the audience to concentrate on Charkha.

RESPONSE TO KHADI APPEAL.

Mr. Manilal Kothari wound up the meeting by making a fervent appeal for money to buy overstocked Khaddar.

The Sevikas of the H.S. Dal moved through the audience collecting money. Miss Laxmiben, daughter of Seth Surji Vallabhdas, gave a donation of Rs. 1,001 for Khaddar. This was followed up by many small donations. A sum of about Rs. 2,500 was collected on the spot.

The meeting then terminated.

LATEST COTTON PRICES.

(Through Cotton Information Bureau, 1st floor, Ismail Building Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

JANUARY.

New York, Oct. 2.

Previous closing	5.97
To-day's opening	5.91
Difference	—.06
To-day's closing	5.84
Difference	—.13
Bdoach expectation	Rs. 155

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

JANUARY.

Liverpool, Oct. 2.

Previous closing	4.06
To-day's opening	3.97
Difference	—.09
To-day's closing	3.92
Difference	—.14

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

London, Oct. 2.

Silver ready	15 15/16 Unchanged
Silver forward	16 1/8 Unchanged

Tone of market: Steady.

BOMBAY PRICES.

Bombay, Oct. 2.

Ready	53-0-0
Bhadravad	50-0-0

WORLD'S PEACE DEPENDS ON INDIA'S FREEDOM

:o:

SIRDAR ON SIGNIFICANCE OF NATIONAL FLAG AND CHARKHA

Gandhi Week Celebrations: Khaddar Exhibition Opened

A khaddar exhibition was opened by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Congress President, on Friday morning, before a very large gathering of men and women dressed mostly in white Khaddar, at the Congress House which was visited by thousands of citizens during the day. The Hindustani Seva Dal volunteers, and Desh Sevikas, clad in saffron-coloured saries, paraded the city in vans loaded with khaddar and carried on brisk sales of khadi.

There were flag slautation ceremonies and incessant khaddar propaganda in each Congress Ward. The Congress House put on a festive appearance and was decorated with tri-coloured flags.

Bugles and drums were sounded and there was a roar of "Gandhi-ki-Jai" when Sardar Vallabhbhai unfurled the national flag.

GREATEST LIVING MAN'S BIRTH-DAY.

In hoisting the national flag the Sardar declared that they had met to celebrate a unique and great national event. They had gathered to celebrate the birthday of the one man, who was the acknowledged leader of India, and who by his life-long services to the cause of India's freedom, was dear to every Indian. Mahatma Gandhi was to-day 5,000 miles away from them fighting the cause of Swaraj in London. They had decided to observe the whole week as "Gandhi Week" and they should do so in a most fitting manner. The national flag which the speaker unfurled represented the aspirations of the nation. The charka which was the emblem on the flag was really the salvation of the country and the Sardar's exhortation was that they should give the utmost importance to charka and popularising khaddar during the "Gandhi Week".

WORLD'S PEACE DEPENDS ON INDIA'S FREEDOM.

Continuing the Congress President declared that with India in bondage there would be no peace for the world. Mahatma Gandhi was trying to secure freedom and peace not only for India but for the whole world. They should rejoice for having to celebrate the birthday of one of the greatest living men in the world. The Sardar prayed that Gandhiji would long be spared to serve his Motherland and make her a free nation.

EMPORIUM OF SWADESHI ARTICLES.

The khaddar exhibition which was opened was an emporium of all swadeshi articles. A variety of articles of every description including fine and coarse khaddar cloth to suit every pocket were displayed in the beautifully arranged stalls. The exhibition will remain open for the whole week and is well worth a visit.

IN OTHER WARDS.

All the seven wards of Bombay observed the Jayanti with great enthusiasm. Khaddar hawking was a common item of programme in all the places. Many members of the B.P.C.C. and district executives took part in hawking.

Mr. Nagildas T. Master, Vice-President of the B.P.C.C. inaugurated the Jayanti week at Dadar at a public function arranged under the auspices of the Dadar District Congress Committee Exhibition of natiolal films was another important feature of the celebrations.

The Sevikas of the Hindustali Seva Dal under the directions of Miss Safia Somji and Miss Sitabai Bijine looked after the volunteering arrangements inside the exhibitiol. The other Congress volunteers were in charge of outside arrangements.

GANDHI JAYANTI WEEK

TO-DAY'S CELEBRATIONS

To-day's programme of Gandhi-week celebrations by B. P. C. C. is as under:—

3-30 p.m. A "Kesaria" procession of women organised by Desh Sevika Sangh will start at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) from Daryasthn Lane, Mandvi and terminate at Congress House passing through all principal localities.

9 p.m.. A public meeting Kamgar Maidan.

9 p.m. Dramatic performance of "Darya Doulat" by the Bharat Natak Mandali at Jinnah Hall.

The Exhibition will be kept open daily from 8 to 11 a.m. and 3 to 8 p.m. The fee for the Exhibition will be two annas only, and that for the Cinema or the Drama will be four annas only.

On Monday (5th instant) the Exhibition will be open for ladies only from 2 to 5 p.m.

AT GIRGAUM:—Under the auspices of the Girgaum Congress Committee, the Akhanda Charkha Week has begun at the Congress House from 2nd and will continue up to 8th instant.

All are requested to enroll as volunteers for Spinning, as the Charkha are to be kept continuously at work during the whole of the week. The Girgaum Congress Office will be kept open from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m. Come and spin some varn for presentation to Mahatma Gandhi. We have collected about 40 lakhs yards of hand spun yarn. Cotton slivers are supplied free for spinning at the Committee's place in the Khadi Exhibition.

BOMBAY KUMAR DAL.

TO-DAY.

To-day (Saturday) Students public meeting at Azad Maidan, at 2 p.m. Mr. Maherali will preside.

AT THAKURDWAR:—Mr. Poonanand Vinayak Talpade will deliver a lecture in English on "Gandhi Javanti and its lesson for the Pathare Prabhu Samaj" to-day (Sat.) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the N. D. Prabhu Seminary Hall Bhai Jivanji Lane, Thakurdwar, Bombay.

The programme of Rashtriya Stree Sabha and Desh Sevika Sangh is as under:—

To-day. (Saturday) Morning Hawking of Khadi.

Afternoon at 3-30 p.m. a procession of women of Bombay in Kesaria led by the Desh Sevikas to start from Daryastan Galli, Mandvi, pass through Masjid Bunder Road, Mohamed Ali Road, Bhindi Bazaar, Pydhownie, Bhuleswar, Kabutar Khana, Kumbhar Tukda, Thakurdwar, Girgaum Road, Prarthana Samaj, Sandhurst Road, Lamington Road to end up at the Congress House. ladies are requested to come in Kesaria. All the Desh Sevikas are asked to come with their badges on.

AT CHINCHPOKLY:—Under the auspices of the Bharateeya Tarul Sangh a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Bawla's compound, Chinchpokly, Kalachowky Road, when Dr. M. B. Udgaonkar will preside and Mr. S. K. Patil will speak on "Gandhi Jayanti".

Handspun and hand woven khaddar will be sold by the volunteers of the institution.

AT DELISLE ROAD:—Under the auspices of Sanmitra Sangh, Lalbaugh and Maharashtra Vyam Mandal, Lalbaug, Bombay the birth anniversary of Mahatmaji will be celebrated to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of Maharashtra High School Delisle Road, under the presidentship of Mr. M. N. Talpade, when Mr. D. M. Chitre will speak on "Mahatma Gandhi the Man and the Politician."

IN DADAR PARSI COLONY:—Under the presidentship of Sjt. Khurshed Nariman, a Ghandhi Jayanti gathering will be held at Palamkot Hall, Dadar, Parsi Colony, tomorrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. Mrs. Perinbehen Captain, Mrs. Tehemina Joshi, Sjt. B. F. Bharucha, Ervad Bode and other leaders will speak, after which a khadi Pradarshan will be declared open, which will remain open to the public till 6 p.m.

KHADI STALL AT LADWADI:—Under the auspices of Lad Kasratsala a Khadi Stall has been opened at Lad Wadi (C. P. Tank) from 2nd instant to 8th instant to celebrate "Gandhi Jayalti" Week". It will remain open from 8 to 10 a.m. and from 3 to 8 p.m.

KHADI FERI:—To furfill the undertaking to sell at least five thousand rupees worth of khadder during the "Gandhi Jayanti Week", workers of the "C" Ward Congress Committee will hawk khaddar every day during the week from 7-30 to 9-30 a.m. The Committee appeals to the public to respond generously to Sardar's appeal.

PROCESSION IN "C" WARD:—To celebrate the third day of the "Gandhi Jayanti Week", the "C" Ward District Congress Committee has organised a procession on the 4th instant. It will start from the Committee's office at 8 a.m. and will go round the various localities of the Ward. Khadder will be sold in the procession.

AT MATUNGA:—On Sunday, a khadi procession will start from Kings Circle Garden, Matunga at 7-30 a.m. and will terminate at Napoo Hall. Sjt. B. N. Maheshwari will speak on "Miracles of Khaddar".

At 2-30 p.m. Spinning competition will be held.

At 9 p.m. a public meeting will be held at Napoo Hall' Sjt. K. F. Nariman will speak on "Miracles of Khaddar."

After the meeting there will be a Cinema show and National Songs.

BUMPER SALES OF KHADI IN BOMBAY.

Over Rs. 92000 Collected On Gandhi Jayanti.

Mr. Manilal Kothari has to-day issued following further list of cash and promises received for purchase of khaddar in response to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's appeal in connection with celebrations of Gandhiji-Jayanti:—

1.	Seth Rameshwar Birla	7,500
2.	Mrs. Ramnarayanji Harnandrai (first instalment of Rs. 2,500 already acknowledged)	2,500
3.	Citizens of Bhiwandi	5,000
4.	Bhuleshwar Congress Committee	5,000
5.	Seth Mafatlal Gogubhai	5,000
6.	Mahajan Association	2,500
7.	A. Bhatia Gentleman	2,000
8.	Seth Nappoo Nensi Coy	2,000
9.	Sir Harkisendas Hospital	2,000
10.	Seth Varchand Panachand	2,000
11.	Seth Rudmalji Lachhi Ramji	2,001
12.	Seth Chaturbhuj bhuj Gordhandas (through Seth Lalji Naranji)	2,001
13.	A friend	2,000
14.	Seth Govindalal Shivalal (first instalment of Rs. 1,000 already acknowledged	1,500
15.	Seth F. E. Dinshaw	1,000
16.	Cash collections in Azad Maidan meeting	1,200
17.	Seth Chunilal Bhaichand	1,000
18.	Seth Jumathmal Laxmichand	1,100
19.	Seth Jiwanlal Panalal, Bhagwanlal Panalal	1,101
20.	Cash Collections in the meeting of Jains in the Town Hall	1,010
21.	A sympathetic friend through Sardar Vallabhbhai	1,000
22.	Seth Munalal Bhagiradhadasji	1,000
23.	A friend	1,000
24.	Seth Vinayachand Jethalal Ramji	1,000
25.	Seth Meghji Sogpal	1,000
26.	Seth Bhogilal Lehrchand	1,001
27.	Seth Meghji Mathurdas	1,000
28.	Seth Devkaran Nanji & Sons	1,001
29.	Seth Surajmal Lalubhai	1,000
30.	Seth Haridas Premji	1,000
31.	A Parsi Sister through Syt. Nariman	1,000
32.	Swadeshi Pracharak Mandal	1,001
33.	A Gentleman	1,000
34.	Maneklal Purshottam	1,000
35.	Mr. Tulpule through V. G. Joshi (Poona)	1,000
36.	A friend through Mr. Kothari	1,000
37.	A friend through Seth Jamnadas Dwarkadas	1,000
37.	Seth Rattonji Karsondas	500
39.	Seth Khimji Dayal	500
40.	Seth Jamnadas Narottandas Bhow	500
41.	Seth Mulchand Mokanchand Jhavari	501
42.	Seth Ranchhoddas Purshottam	501
43.	Mrs. Surajmal Nemani	501
44.	Miscellaneous collections	8,000
45.	Sales through Rastriya Shri Sabha	15,000
	Total	92,419

KOLIWADI PUBLIC MEETING

Sardar Vallabhbhai To Address

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee and Shivaji Vyayam Mandal, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will address a public meeting to-day, (Saturday) at 8 p.m. (S. T.) at Koliwadi (Fanaswadi).

Roman Roue To Annex Newbury Plate

:o:

Wistaria to beat again Nigger Mistrel and Sweet Potato

The following are the selections for Poona Autumn Meeting First Day.

1st Race:—

YAFAR	1
MISHAN	2
BLACK BEAUTY	3
Prince Charlie	Fluke

2nd Race:—

BIRBAL	1
RASHID BEG	2
COMMANDER	3
My Bow	Fluke

3rd. Race:—

NOFAL	1
MUNSOOR	2
BAJI	3
Young Sadian	Fluke

4th Race:—

TOUT-A-COUP	1
DEVAKA	2
SWARAN LATTA	3
Johnnie Walker	Fluke.

5th Race:—

DAN LENO	1
MEALAGH	2
BENEVENTUM	3
D'Artagnan	Fluke.

6th Race:—

APLOMA	1
BROKEN LINK	2
CUL DE SAC	3
San San	Fluke.

7th Race:—

ANCHOR	1
MALIK BEG	2
AL WALI	3
Farman	Fluke.

8th Race:—

ROMAN ROUE	1
THAXTED	2
ROSSAUTER	3
Alexander The Great	Fluke.

9th Race:—

WISTARIA	1
NIGGAR MINSTREL	2
FISHFOOL	3
Sweet Potato	Fluke.

10th Race:—

DILSHER	1
COLD STEEL	2
JODI	3
Funny Face	Fluke.

Track-Notes

Under the guidance of S. Black DAN LENO negotiated six furlongs very satisfactorily.

GALLOWGLASS (Whiteside) had the assistance of MONEREAL (Maurice) in a six furlongs' run. The former finished better.

RESTORATION (Howell) proved inferior to THAXTED (Rylands) in a mile spin.

ROYAL ROUE (McQuade) and HARUM SCARUM (Brace) contested a mile, the latter finished better.

PHARE (Harding) finished ahead of TUSCULUM (Bullock) in a six furlongs' burst.

VANDA (Brace) had the better of the argument with VENDOR (McQuade) when the pair contested six furlongs' dash.

ROSE OF SPAIN (Davison) and RED ASTRACHAN (Riding Boy) were out for a six furlongs' run. Both moved well.

HAMID (Marrable) and HOWTH (Fletcher) and ROSSAUTER (Harrison) all jumped out together for a mile. The last-named finished better.

APLOMA (Whiteside) strode out freely and well in a six furlongs' dash. His morning work has been all that can be desired.

SAN SAN (F. Black) went really well in a mile gallop. Fair.

CHIANTI (Sibbritt) and TOUT-A-COUP (Riding Boy) both fought out together for a six furlongs' burst. The former finished better.

ROSETTE (McQuade) JOHNNIE WALKER (Riding Boy) and RATHEEN (Brace) all contested for a mile. Second-named proved superior.

RED ROSE (Bullock) and RUSSIAN (Riding Boy) were out for a five furlongs' run. The latter finished better.

BLACK KING (Khalil) and MANEK BEG (Wrighitt) contested for a mile. Both moved well.

Under the guidance of Clarke SANNAM and SARKHA (Bullock) negotiated a mile. Both moved well

MU'AYAD (Whiteside), SHIVAJI PRASAD (Bhimrao) both fought out for a mile and finished together.

KABAILA (Shahin) went really well in a seven furlongs' run.

MAHARAJA (Fletcher) strode out freely and well in a mile gallop. Fair.

AL WALI (Howell) SHAHZAMAN (R. Boy) jumped out together for a mile. Former finished better.

MANSHAD (Burn) went really well in a mile gallop. Fair.

WALLACE (Bowly) and GALLIARD (Shahin) both fought out together for a seven furlong burst. The former finished better.

RASHID BEG (Riding Boy) and GOLD MINT (Riding Boy) were out for a six furlong run. Former was very easy.

MANWER PASHA (S. Saleh) and ELECHIE (Rylands), KASIR (Davison) travelled a mile in attractive style.

MANDATE (Howell) covered six furlongs' going fairly well.

GOLD FLAKE (Riding Boy) beat MIZIL BEG (Riding Boy) in a six furlongs burst.

COMMANDER (S. Black) and WHITE GOLD (Riding Boy) galloped six furlongs. The former finished very strongly.

VIMTO (Spackman) and MOOLTAN (Riding Boy) jumped out together for a six furlongs' run. The former shaping well.

FARMAN (Obaid) and BADEE (Riding Boy) travelled a mile, the former finishing more prominently.

IMPORTANT NEWS

The World renowned Spiritualist Mahmoud Bey can supply the under-noted medicines and prescriptions, spiritually obtained, being in direct communication with eminent doctors who have departed from this World.

(1) Nervous diseases, weaknesses of men and women (2) Heart diseases, (3) Hysteria, (4) Paralysis, (5) Madness, (6) Leprosy, (7) Asthma, (8) Anemia, (9) Hair dye (guaranteed for twenty years), (10) Help and spiritual assistance to doctors where they are unable to ascertain or locate correct human diseases.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1931.

WHITHER ?

The position at the Round Table Conference continues to be uncertain as ever. The Federal Structure Committee after much pointless discussion has adjourned "sine die". The Minorities Committee has met twice, only to be adjourned almost immediately after meeting. There has been much coming and going and endless informal and confidential talk, but apparently to no purpose. From Mahatma Gandhi's meeting with the Premier and a number of meetings with certain Muslim leaders it seems all but certain that a sinister influence has been at work behind the curtain. Its result is to be seen in the Premier's reported reluctance to declare Government's policy and also in the irreconciliable and almost truculent attitude of several communalists. Gandhiji is evidently fighting this influence with all his might and main, but the R. T. Conference, packed as it is, is more a hindrance to him than a help. He is more and more disgusted with the wild goose chase that the Conference work is apparently reduced to. At a meeting in London held in his honour on the eve of his birthday, Gandhiji is reported to have said that he expected the British Ministers to make a definite declaration shortly at the R. T. Conference. "The Indian delegates had not come here to waste time in the vain hope of something turning up." He finally declared, says the report, that he would return to India as soon as he was convinced that there was no hope of definite action by the British Government. We have no doubt that in the absence of an early satisfactory declaration he will be as good as his word.

Those who support the British Government's policy of drift with regard to the Indian question may possibly argue that in the present unsettled condition of British politics and in particular of the British Cabinet the position of the R. T. Conference must necessarily be uncertain for some time. We do not see why it must be so. British politicians have often declared that India is outside party politics, being too momentous an issue to be exposed to party vicissitudes. Let that statement be made good now. What Gandhiji really wants now is a declaration from all the Party leaders that while conceding India's right to complete independence, they accept her offer to remain a free and willing partner with Britain on absolutely equal terms and with full right to dissolve the partnership at will, and that they will support and implement such scheme of complete Dominion Status as the R. T. Conference may evolve with such safeguards for minorities and special interests as may be approved by the Indian delegates to the Conference in consultation with the representatives of British interests. In the absence of such an assurance from the British Government or the Party leaders the Conference is bound to be a farce without any authoritative or assertive character. The Conference, as it is, may satisfy those who hope to find in it a chance for pushing personal or sectional interests. But patriotic-spirited delegates will not indefinitely mark time in London in the vain hope, as Gandhiji put it, "of something turning up". Astute British politicians are aware of this but expect that communal differences will not be made up at the Conference and that this failure may be made an excuse for delaying the declaration demanded by Gandhiji' But Gandhiji rightly holds that a primary solution of the domestic communal question is not a necessary precedent to the declaration he has demanded. As an end in itself and not as a means to the British declaration he is now striving to solve the communal problem in the next few days. If he fails in that next fewmf he fails in that attempt or if he fails to persuade the Government to declare its policy, he will without the shadow of a doubt try such other means as might more effectively bring enlightenment to the Government and the communalists intriguing with them or playing into their hands.

SCANDALOUS.

Lala Ferozchand, editor of the "People," a Lahore weekly journal, was convicted under the Foreign Relations Ordinance, to imprisonment until the rising of the Court and a fine of Rs. 100, in default to one month's simple imprisonment. The offence charged against him was that he published a criticism of His Majesty Reza Khan Pahlavi's Government, a criticism which was made by the Republican Party in Persia. We are at a loss to understand how such criticism, which could have been rebutted by the Persian politicians who support the Reza Khan regime, constitutes an offence under the Ordinance. Editors of well-known journals in Lahore, one an Indian, the other an Englishman, stated in evidence on behalf of the accused that they would have published in their journals the same account, as in their eyes it constituted no defamation or libel against the "head of a foreign State." And, now this Ordinance is to be replaced by the Foreign Relations Bill, unless the Assembly scotches this atrocious attempt to gag freedom of expression.

The conviction of Lala Ferozchand should be a warning to the non-official members in the Assembly. If officialdom were empowered to muzzle all criticism which any unprejudiced person would regard as fair and legitimate, the Press would be deprived of one of its fundamental rights and of the duty it owes to the public of keeping it informed of the course of political activity in other parts of the world. The Foreign Relations Bill is so dangerously vague in its phraseology that its passage would give in the hands of the bureaucracy a weapon whose misuse is most likely. Mr. Howell, it will be recalled, referred to the existence of similar legislation in certain Western countries. He did not refer to the precise scope of this legislation. In England where the Press, supported by the public, is always watchful of its rights, has always protested against every official attempt to curb fair and legitimate criticism of foreign events. Judicial decisions have emphasised the rights of the Press to offer such criticism. For example, Justice Phillimore in a case before him in 1905 observed: "In my opinion a document published here, which was calculated to disturb the Government of some foreign country, is not a seditious libel, nor punishable as a libel at all. To hold otherwise would be to hold that all the strong language used against the Government of Turkey at the time of the Bulgarian Rebellion was seditious libel and it would make many of our great statesmen guilty of seditious libel, and those persons also who espoused the cause of Italian liberty." The Indian Press as well as the Anglo-Indian has frequent occasions to comment on Soviet policy and Fascist rule. Are they to be penalised simply because of their criticism?

ILL-TEMPERED

The stubborn attitude displayed by Sir James Crerar over the Press Gag Bill and his ill-tempered criticism of the Opposition speeches were resented by a number of non-official speakers and they gave pointed expression to this resentment during Thursday's debate. The Home Member asserts that the present times are "abnormal" and that the Bill before the Assembly is an emergency measure. His petulant criticism of the non-official Indian view that the Bill is absolutely superfluous shows, however, that Government have no case. They are out to introduce coercive legislation. Its sweeping nature was well-expressed by Sir Abdul Rahim when he said: "We cannot agree to give Government the control of the Press which they are in fact seeking by this Bill." All the more reason, therefore, that all non-official parties in the Assembly must combine to throw it out.

THE RETRENCHMENT FARCE.

The Schuster budget proposals are a grim commentary on the slogan "equal sacrifice for all." The poor and the middle classes are the hardest hit while the "public" servants in the higher services and in the Army are spared the inconvenience of a real cut in their salaries. The cut of ten per cent. in all salaries which will include the income-tax really means that the higher the "public" servant's pay the more lightly he escapes. If drastic and genuine retrenchment had been undertaken by Government in the salaries of the "Security" Services, and if they had made a heroic effort to cut down the bloated Army expenditure the budget would not have been so difficult to balance. As Mr. Manu Subedar emphasizes in the interview with him we publish elsewhere, the retrenchment proposals are a mere farce. The higher salaries could have been cut down by 33 per cent. when the country is faced with an acute financial crisis, mainly because of Government's obstinate efforts to keep up the high exchange, in the teeth of repeatedly expressed popular opposition. There can be no real relief to the Indian tax-payer unless the defence cost of India and the administrative salaries are brought down to a level commensurate with his ability to pay. Retrenchment Committees, Central and Provincial, have cost the country a great deal. But many of their recommendations are not at all likely to be accepted when they touch vested interests.

Trifles

My confrere, the Simla correspondent of the "Times of India", has sent a poignantly moving despatch. It is about His Excellency Papa Chetwode's consolatory "paternal" advice to his wantonly pauperised children. It is most touching in its sad "human" element.

It drew tears out of me. I wept. I hiccuped. I hiccuped as no cocktail brandy, whisky or champagne—the very best quality—if a British-cum-Indian military officer can ever make me hiccup. Hic.

* * *

You know all about the 10 per cent. cut in the salaries of the Army officer—salary which was just sufficient to make the two ends, i.e. the Bungalow. (Garage for one car, stables to house 3 polo ponies, servants' quarters for 4 to 6, kitchen with two extra-rooms, drawing room, dining room, study, bedroom, memsahib's headquarters, nursery and two extra bed-rooms) and the Club, meet.

But you don't know the "great hardships' which the poor military officer will have to face in this land of exile, high prices and tremendously low pay. Well Papa Chetwode, says my confrere, does.

So "He (Papa C) bids them regard their situation as one enjoining upon them privation corresponding with that which they had practised during the war."

With the catch in his voice effectively transferred to his pen, Papa Chetwode comes to the terrible part of it: the specific Privation (Printer, I insist-hic—on Capital P) they must, poor fellows, undergo.

They must—I hope you are quite ready for it—"curtail their various forms of mutual hospitality so that upon their reduced pay they may still be able to make both ends meet."

* * *

Have I seen "Journey's End"? That is immaterial. The point is that "privations" would be as acute as during the war.

But I have faith in my strong silent Briton. He will curtail mutual hospitality with a stiff upper lip. He will Bite The Bullet.

* * *

Yes, you need not remind me. I do recollect Lt.-Col. Arthur Osburne's letter to the "Manchester Guardian" about life in the Army. But I must end here. That bloke of an Editor sarcastically asks me, to go back to college and learn at least something about a Sec. 124-A, (b) The Law on Libel, Slander and Defamation.

* * *

A great deal of misunderstanding has cropped up around the export of gold by Birla Brothers (yes, intimate relationship with Mr. G. D. Birla). And it is unfair of Sirdar Vallabhbhai and Bombay Businessmen to regard the action as unpatriotic.

The fact is that Mr. Birla very strongly feels that the Government of India "have loaded the country with fresh taxation." The heavy burden that the country is bearing on its back is now almost unbearable. Any thing that can be done to relieve it is a service to the country. Birla Brothers are, therefore, helping to the best of their ability to reduce the weight. And Gold, you know, is a heavy substance.

* * *

Answering a question at the meeting of Peers and M.P.'s, Mr. Shaukat Ali said "I assure you that Sir Md. Shafi is more in favour of Hindus than I am."

Reuter, however, does not say, how this ingratiating, self-recommendatory back-biting to the very face of Sir Md. Shafi, reacted on the latter.

* * *

Heard in Dalal Street.

Share-broker: Do you prefer Treasury Bills or bonds?

Customer: Gentlemen prefer blonde—bars.

* * *

Speaking on the Press Bill in the Assembly, Sir James Crerar complained that M.L.A.s had closed their eyes to the realities. But it was only the other day that Mr. B. Das "saw the hand of God" against the bill.

* * *

"M.L.A.'s had ceased to be statesmen and became mere lawyers".—Sir James Crerar. Of course with the exception of C. P. R.

* * *

Mr. B. Das challenged the Home Member to contest any but a European Constituency on the issue of the Press bill. I understand that there is no truth in the rumour that Bori Bunder and Chowringhee have demanded the prosecution of Mr. Das for inciting Sir James to break the Law.

* * *

In a manifesto on behalf of the Depressed Classes, Mr. M. C. Raja says "As adult franchise is not practical at present, franchise qualifications should be lowered and the present electorates should be increased immediately." Why further worry about it when Sir George Schuster is at the helm?

THE STORY OF A "BALANCED BUDGET"

HITTING HARD AN IMPOVERISHED PEOPLE.

(By SOHRAB R. DAVAR).

Our expectant countrymen, much harassed by the continued economic depression and consequent slack business, with investments in shares and securities in which they happened to have locked up their surplus capital depreciated to the lowest level, and who looked forward to the adjustment of the budget without additional burdens of taxation or debts, through the help of the magic wand of retrenchment which, we were told, was hidden up the sleeve of the Finance Member, must have been sorely disappointed. A ten per cent all round cut on salaries of civil and military officers may sound an attractive proposition, but when one reflects that a junior getting Rs. 50 a month gets his salary cut by the same percentage as the high official getting four thousand, the arrangement is grossly inequitable. There is no reason why the cut should not have been applied on a graded scale rising from ten to twenty-five per cent as in case of the income-tax—the principle involved being almost the same. The military expenditure which taxes the toll of nearly of half the revenue stands where it was with a cut of only four and a half crores.

THREE INCOME TAX JUMPS.

On the other side of the budget is marked a record taxation. Three sudden jumps within twelve months in income tax is a phenomenon. As if that was not enough, small incomes of over Rs. 1,000 are brought in, and that too, in these days of rising prices, thanks to our currency troubles. Even in case of larger incomes it should not be forgotten that the surplus of savings of the middle classes (as distinguished from the opulent) provides the bulk of the capital necessary for our industries run on joint stock-principles. If the Government's unproductive expenditure has to be met through encroaching on the surplus saving of this class, that could only be done by starving our industries, both staple and in early stages of development. Both the country's industrial income and the Government's future revenue must suffer thereby. The Englishman in his own country, in spite of his world-wide resources, feels heavily the burden of income tax. To us, in India, taxation on that footing may mean strangulation.

IMPORTS VITAL TO INDUSTRIES.

Taxation of machinery, mill stores, dyes and other imports, so vital to our industry, and well-being of the nation, cannot be too strongly taken exception to. In these days of keen industrial rivalry, our textile and other industries should be encouraged to replace its obsolete machinery by the most up-to-date type. Lancashire has already suffered an amount of loss through Japanese competition. Japan's new mills are equipped with the latest types of machinery against which the old-fashioned mills of Lancashire or Bombay find it increasingly difficult to contend. Are we going to help the process of this replacement of our obselete machinery by this 10 per cent. duty? The general surcharge on imports is the most amazing form which taxation has taken, in as much as the economic claims of each import either from the stand point of the consumer, or industries, are here ignored in the hurry to get a revenue somehow with a view to fill in wide gaps in the budget.

INCREASED INLAND POSTAGE.

We are informed by the Finance Member that the total deficit of the two financial years estimated at 39 crores, would, under the new proposals which he has placed before the Assembly and the nation, result in surplus at the close of the period (1932-33) of 5 crores and 23 lacs, according to his forecast. If that is so, why take the most risky step of increasing the existing land postal rates by 50 per cent, which according to him would produce only 73 lacs in a full year? In an impoverished country like India, the present postal rate cannot be said to be small, the surcharge of 50 per cent may mean a great loss through check or the development of internal trade and industry in a country where propaganda through post is almost insignificant compared to other advanced countries. We were within sight of that most desirable development, but these enhanced rates are to check the growth of that most vital propaganda, with the help of which alone we can push forward our Swadeshi manufacture, by bringing same to the notice of our consumers. We should not be surprised if ultimately the reduced use of postal propaganda and economy in use of post offices as mediums of communication, may, as a net result, bring in an income far short of the estimate of the Finance Member. In that case, the handicap to the progress of Swadeshi would be achieved at no profit even to the revenue.

A FEW REDEEMING FEATURES.

There are no doubt a few redeeming features in form of import duty on cotton, increased duties on cloth, artificial silk yarn, manufactured luxuries, as well as increased excise on articles such as liquor, which are ultimately beneficial to the country. It is however regrettable that when we are talking of removing the excise salt duty altogether, the budget should seek to enhance same.

WHAT ABOUT THE FUTURE?

A nation's capacity to pay taxes has a limit. That limit in case of India is so sorely stretched

(Continued on page 16)

THE WAY TO BEDLAM.

TIT-FOR-TAT
TWO IGNOMINIES & LORD BURNHAM.

(BY FLANEUR.)

In a speech at Reading on the 30th of last month, Lord Burnham of the not distant, Simon Commission memories, is reported to have described "the ovation of Mr. Gandhi in England as the crowning ignominy of Britain."

LAST OF THE TZARS.

The British Lord has every right to express the view he did, especially after what reception he was given in India during his illustrious sojourn as Simon Commissioner. It speaks, moreover, so highly of the sterling (and unin-flated) character of this rather fastidious member of the British peerage as the last of the individualist-tzars—a rather interesting species that is fast disappearing. Lord Burnham's colleagues in party politics will, no doubt, protest against the lack of discretion, the sense of realities (as the leader-writer puts it in the parlance of metaphysics) his lordship forgets to the point of dismaying. Sir John Simon himself, it will be pointed out, has long removed the last trace of whatever feeling of bitterness may have been induced in him by the misadventures of his Commission and has gracefully yielded to the exigencies of politics with cheerful adaptability.

HIS MASTER'S VOICE.

The ultra-Conservative British peer's statement:

"Mr. Gandhi was undoubtedly the greatest enemy Britain had in India at present. If Irwinism was persisted in by Great Britain in India, we were bound to drift into chaos and disaster."

gives one a clearer idea of the cause of his self-righteousness. He proclaims himself as the Churchillian crusader and his slogan and war cry haltingly parody the master himself. It remains now for the world to judge whether the ignominy of defaming his own country in the crude, Churchillian manner Lord Burnham takes no pains to disguise, is not greater and more damnable than any ignominy the British public might have displayed in their treatment towards a man who is described as the nation's guest.

BURNHAMISM & BEDLAM.

It is undoubtedly a good thing for Lord Burnham's soul and that of those in whose behalf he claims to speak that an emotional outlet should be provided. But one cannot help questioning the sanity of a British politician who suggests that the Round Table Conference is not a natural and logical sequence of what he describes as Irwinism. Burnhamism must be truly a mysterious and impressive creed, although we have only a vague idea of its existence: but Irwinism is at least intelligible and definite in so far as it has shaped the policy of the British Government towards India at least in its later stages. Lord Burnham may next startle himself by doubting his own existence—a proceeding rather unusual outside of Bedlam. Mr. Churchill, it would seem, is not the only oldest old woman in England as the "New Statesman and Nation" recently opined.

NOTES OF THE DAY

Muslim "Leaders" Among British "Friends".

On October 1 a meeting was called by "representative" Peers and M.P.'s to enable the Muslim "delegates" to give expression to "the other view point in India". Reuter describes the meeting as "important" and the gathering "interesting". It could not but be both. It was, fittingly enough, presided over by Lord Brentford—formerly Sir William Joyson-Hicks, or "Jix"—the noble lord who does not hesitate to say frankly that Englishmen conquered India for their own commercial purposes and mean to retain their hold on her for those purposes. Lord Sydenham, who, unfortunately could not attend, was one of the organisers of the meeting. Among the prominent Peers, who attended, was Lord Ampthill, who made a name, more than a decade ago, as an enemy of Indian aspirations, bitter enough to embarrass even the "Europeans-in-India" of those days. Lord Lloyd, who needs little introduction to the Indian public and less to Mussalmans who have any sympathy with their Egyptian brethren was the principal speaker in support of Muslims. And there was also present, without being either a Peer or a Commoner, the Punjab's loving ex-Satrap, Sir Michael O'Dwyer.

The Tragedy Of It.

Only two outstanding personalities—Lord Rothermere and Mr. Winston Churchill—were, therefore, missing from the otherwise complete company of British "friends", before whom the Muslim "case" was placed with such magnificent success by Sir Md. Shafi, the Executive Councillor and Mr. Shaukat Ali, the Muslim leader, of the non-co-operation days. Reuter says the meeting was "important" and "interesting". To the regret of self-respecting Muslims unwilling to sell their liberties in India or abroad for the hope of a mess of postage, it was also tragically instructive. Incidentally, we notice, that the Finance Minister of Syria—a French Mandate—sent a very encouraging message to the meeting. That must have proved highly gratifying indeed. It is unfortunate that, due probably to inadvertence, similar messages were not sent by the High Commissioner—in his capacity as Minister—in Palestine, the Prime Minister of poor Egypt and the Education Minister of India. For, after all, what Mussalmans, as "represented" by our Muslim "delegates" now want is "solidarity" of Muslims, even though it may be the solidarity of slaves under British and French dominion. One cannot help sorrowfully recalling Mahomed Ali.

Universal Franchise.

It was a pleasant surprise that the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday accepted, though by a small majority of two, the principle of universal franchise for the Bombay municipal elections. The question arose out of Mr. Bole's Bill to amend the Bombay municipal Act, wherein he had proposed to reduce the present franchise of ten-rupee rental to one of five rupees. After several speeches in praise of the reform and of the virtues of democracy: Mr. L. R. Gokhale, as if to put these speeches to the test, proposed adult franchise. Those who a few minutes before sung the praise of genuine democracy could not consistently change the tune at the same sitting. And these who raised the familiar bogeys of chaos and confusion as being the inevitable consequences of adult franchise found that the bogeys had ceased to frighten. In the end Mr. Gokhale's amendment was duly carried as was also the first reading of the whole Bill in the amended form. But on Friday the Council stultified itself by rejecting the entire Bill.

Swadeshi In The Universities.

We are glad to note that in inviting tenders for a large supply of answer-books for examinations the Bombay University has insisted on paper of purely Indian manufacture. This example may well be followed, where it has not been already, by all other Indian Universities and indeed by all Indian educational institutions. What is true of paper, is equally true, of many other articles in common use in educational institutions. It is anomalous to spend vast sums on technical education without at the same time encouraging Swadeshi manufactures in all possible way.

INDIA SACRIFICED ON ALTAR OF HIGH EXCHANGE

:o:

SCHUSTER BUDGET PROPOSALS "A DEATH DANCE"

33½ per cent Retrenchment In High Salaries Essential.

MR. MANU SUBEDAR INTERVIEWED

"I regard the budget as the death dance, in which not only the party who is dancing expires but there is a recklessness as to who else would be hit".

Thus declared Mr. Manu Subedar in an interview with a "Chronicle" representative regarding the new taxation proposals of the Government of India.

He stated that it was not for him as an economist to prognosticate either agrarian riots or increased activity in anarchical crimes, or growth of communism but he would be failing in his duty if he did not utter a warning that Government measures in general and the emergency budget in particular, were calculated to strengthen the forces which Government wanted to keep under control.

He declared that he would have supported a ten per cent. increase in taxes, provided there was a reduction of 25 per cent. in the salaries of Government servants.

Mr. Manu Subedar said:—

"I regard the budget as the death-dance, in which not only the party, who is dancing, expires, but there is a recklessness as to who else would be hit. I do not wish merely to register the protest of the taxpayer, who is unwilling to pay more. I desire to draw public attention to the faulty technique in meeting a difficult situation. It has to be borne in mind that the emergency budget has been introduced as the culmination of several financial blunders, including the last Ordinance. Government have, for purposes which are now understood even by the man in the street in India, attempted to maintain a high rate of exchange and they are persisting in that policy. One consequence of this was the heavy deflation and the phenomenal fall in prices. It is no use saying that India shared this fall with the rest of the world. On more than one occasion the fall in India was greater, and in any case the staying power of the Indian people is infinitely lower. For the same object of maintaining the high exchange, Government have been compelled to borrow, and they have rushed in the market and have run up an enormous amount of floating debt at a heavy rate. They have done this recklessly without any regard to the effect on the value of Government Securities in general and of all other capital assets, which get devalued with a high rate of yield on Government borrowings. Then Government came with measures like the closing of the Banks, which accentuated the position, bringing further lack of confidence. The bank rate has been kept in India at a very high level also to suit Government's exchange policy. The evil of the budget is that it makes at one stroke an enormous demand from a people already harassed and weakened by Government's previous action.

GOVERNMENT FINANCE RUN AMOK.

There cannot be two opinions, that the best way of restoring confidence is to restore equilibrium in Government finance. So long as that finance runs amok business finance can never come right. The method of balancing the budget, however, was not an enormous increase in taxation, mechanical and uniform, without heed or consideration. If the Finance Member had pitched the increase of taxes by 10 per cent, instead of 25, and the diminution of salaries at 25 per cent., instead of 10, I would have been the first man to applaud him and to stand by his side. Had India been under a national government, this should have been the line of action. It is a truism, which has been oft repeated in the past, that India cannot afford to employ people, whose standard of living is, or, is attempted to be maintained, at a level very much higher than that of the mass of the people. I have always held that India cannot afford a mercenary standing army, the most expensive units of which are manned by foreigners, who are imported and paid on an extravagant and impossible basis. There will be people, who will say that fundamental issues of this kind could not be determined in a hurry, but it is only when an emergency arises that issues of this kind get a chance, and again I must say that, had there been national control of finance in this country, this would have been the line.

33 PER CENT. CUT IN HIGHER SALARIES, ESSENTIAL.

It is no use calling this budget a Swadeshi budget merely because of the increased tariffs. The encouregement of increased tariffs has been denied to industries by this Government, whenever it has been asked for, and the record of a policy of "discriminating protection" is dismal. When the economic fabric of the community has been disturbed, to the extent to which it has been disturbed now, no industry can prosper, no matter how high the tariffs that may be given may be. I am inclined to think that in most cases the higher rate of tariffs will be a deterrent and the yield will not be as much as at the lower rate, thus demonstrating that an additional burden was sought to be imposed on the people without any corresponding benefit to Government themselves. The case for retrenchment needs better attention than it has received. A 33 per cent. projected cut with exemptions, wherever they are justified on the ground of hardship, is clearly indicated. It is undoubtedly a very harsh thing for every Government servant, to whom it will apply, but the balancing of the budget in the larger interests of the community is an objective, for which, in an emergency, sacrifice has to be made. It is not yet too late for a complete reversal of the position. I think retrenchment is the only solution, because I am seriously afraid that the deficit has been under-stated by Sir George Schuster. He has been optimistic in estimating the yield on the basis of the new levy. Is he then going to come again with another emergency budget? The only solution thus appears to be a drastic retrenchment. If Government do not have the courage to carry this out, when they have indulged in heroic misadventures in other directions, India will know what is what.

FOOLISH TO BE TOO OPTIMISTIC.

Government have not shrunk from taking measures in the past diametrically opposed both to the opinion and the interests of the people. If they now shrink from doing their plain duty for a more fundamental change in the administrative establishment, I cannot say what political reactions might arise from the distress caused by these measures. That intense distress will be caused, that there would be reactions, cannot be gainsaid. It is not for me as an economist to prognosticate either agrarian riots or increased activity in anarchical crimes, or the growth of communism, but I would be failing in my duty, if I did not utter a warning that Government's measures in general, and this emergency budget in particular, are calculated to strengthen exactly the forces, which it is Government's professed desire to keep under control. The idea that drastic retrenchment is a panicky measure, is wrong. It has been suggested before, but not heeded to. Now that there is a tight corner, now that many of the weapons used by this Government stand exposed, a more fundamental reconstruction of the administration is clearly indicated. It should be on a basis, which this country can afford. It is not difficult to ascertain what that basis should be. Even if that basis cannot be reached here now and at once, a beginning has to be made, because it will be years before the world equilibrium, which has been disturbed, will be righted, and in their own interest, Government would be well advised not to take too optimistic a view of the future, as one can see they are taking from their retrenchment proposals, which are, to my mind, a sad confession of failure.

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PRESS GAG BILL PASSES SECOND READING

C. P.'s Logic

IN THE INTERESTS OF PUBLIC SAFETY!

SIMLA, Oct. 2.

Non-official benches were still further deserted when the Assembly met to-day to debate the Press Bill.

The Houe commenced consideration of clause 4 of the Press Bill and rejected without division the amendments moved by Messrs. B. Das, Santasingh and S. C. Mitra.

There was some discussion over the last amendment which sought to delete the words "real or fictitious." The supporters of the motion urged that the words might penalise works of art and literature, including religious books.

The Labour Member, replying, pointed out that provision to exempt works of art and literature had been made in the Bill. It was, however, true that attempts to twist works of art or literature would be properly dealt with.

SANT SINGH'S AMENDMENT.

The House next discussed the amendment of Sant Singh which seeks to invest High Courts instead of local governments with power to forfeit publications.

Considerable progress was made on the second reading of the Press Bill in the afternoon today, when all the clauses were adopted without any change and the Bill passed the second reading.

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer replying on the debate on the amendment of Mr. Santsingh in regard to forfeiture of press security said that when the Opposition came to occupy Government benches they would probably act in exactly the same way as the present Government was doing with the Bill knowing its full history.

He reminded the House that even in England which was the home of liberty, the Executive had to arm itself with emergency powers with the unanimous consent of all the three Parties.

IN INTEREST OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

The issue before the House was whether they would invest the Executive with initiatory powers subject to exhaustive judicial enquiry or leave the whole thing to judicial action. He claimed that under the Bill executive action would not be beyond the reach of the law. Government felt that in the interests of public safety, speedy executive action was necessary. The amendment was lost. The Assembly rose till to-morrow.—A. P.

OFFICIALDOM & EXCHANGE

Mr. Maitra's Short Notice Questions

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

There have been some lobby discussions regarding the purchase of sterling by service officials and also whether Sir George Schuster's plea that the cut in salary would be uniform was really borne out by facts.

Mr. S. C. Mitra has accordingly sent in a short notice questions on both the subjects, but it is not yet known whether these have been admitted.

He will enquire (a) is it a fact that Government officials are withdrawing large amounts from the provident fund, and utilizing these amounts for purchasing single payment life insurance policies, (b) if the reply to part (a) be in the affirmative, will the Government be pleased to state how they are treating these transactions for the purpose of the sale of sterling and whether such transactions are being treated as those for genuine trade or domestic purposes, (c) is it a fact that when the exchange situation offered similar scope in the past, this very method of buying sterling was adopted by officials.

The second question runs (a) is it fact that under the scheme or cuts in salary proposed by the Finance Member, the net cut in salary is lower in the case of higher officials and higher in the case of lower paid employees, (b) will the Government be pleased to state, how in practice, the cut would affect in terms of percentage the following standard salaries after deducting income tax increase:— Rs. 5,000. 4,000, 3,000, 2,000, 1,000, 500, 100 and 50 per mensem respectively.

"Ganges Full Of Our Blood Will Flow..."

(Continued from page 1)

ation Mahatma Gandhi said "I entertained no illusions in my mind when I undertook to come here. One of the most potent causes of my coming was the fulfillment of a word of honour I had given to that honourable Englishman Lord Irwin and in pursuance of that word without thinking of the result I am endeavouring to the utmost to explain to every Englishman and Englishwoman that the Congress stands for Complete Independence. The Congress is in earnest.

I AM IN EARNEST.

I am in earnest, and I am here to vindicate the Congress honour by asking for every thing that is included in the Congress Mandate. I have no liberty to diminish from that Mandate, save that is permissible in it. The more I stay here, the more the task is becoming difficult—almost superhuman. There is so much ignorance of Indian conditions prevailing here that it is terribly difficult, nay impossible for an average Englishman or an Englishwoman to believe the sum-total of the activities of British administration in India, because they have brought up not on truth ful or real history, but upon false history of the country. British administration has proved rather harmful than beneficial to the Indian people.

PLAIN QUESTIONS.

I want to ask you, is it not a fact to-day, that India is the poorest country in the world? That millions of people are idling many months? Is it not a fact that India is become emasculate due to the fact that she has been denied opportunities to free nations of the world and to which she is entitled? England has failed —I will not say hopelessly, but to a very large measure.

LET ENGLAND REVISE HER POLICY.

Is it not time England revised her policy as the Lokmanya Tilak repeatedly said: Independence was India's birth-right and she shall have it? It is not necessary for me to prove that British rule has been in the end British misrule? It is enough for me to state that whether it is misrule or good rule, India is entitled to have Complete Independence immediately for which demand is made by the voiceless millions.

There are some of us who are afraid of that very freedom, if the so-called British protection is withdrawn. I assure your starving millions and politically-conscious not to entertain such fears, but prepare to pay any price for attaining that freedom.

GANGES FULL OF OUR BLOOD SHALL FLOW.

Subsequently, Gandhiji looked very grave and in measures words he expressed himself as if the innermost voice within him was anxious to find expression. He said: "So long as Congress retains her present work and policy, we do not want Indian freedom, if it is bought at the sacrifice of others spilling blood of our rulers. We shall not shed blood but, we will not hesitate to allow Ganges full of our blood to flow in India in order to vindicate the freedom so long delayed.

Concluding Gandhiji said: "I am no stranger, but as your Chairman said, a Comrade. Your representatives command our confidence and will always stand by us and prove once more to India that you are friends in need and friends indeed. I assure you that the principles which are dear to you are equally dear to me and I shall never belie them."

Mr. Brockway hoped Gandhiji would live to see the triumph of the cause which he leads. Referring to young Indians, Mr. Brockway hoped to see even greater freedom resulting from Gandhiji's triumph."

"We hope to work in very close bond after freedom. There will, always be that sense of comradeship."

BARDOLI INQUIRY

Sirdar And Bhulabahi Desai To Be Present

A. I. C. C. OFFICE TO BE SHIFTED

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 2.

As the Bardoli Enquiry begins on the 5th instant the office of the A. I. C. C. will be temporarily shifted to Bardoli from to-morrow. Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Congress, is expected to reach Bardoli on the 4th instant.

According to the latest information it is almost certain that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Advocate, will arrive in Bardoli on Sunday. It is further learnt that Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel is likely to accompany Mr. Bhulabhai and to attend the enquiry at the opening stage.

Mr. Narhari Parikh, Registrar of the Gujarat Vidyapith, will remain at Bardoli throughout the course of the inquiry to instruct the Congress counsel.—A. P.

Bardoli Inquiry Will Go On For A Month

SURAT, Oct. 2.

Mr. R.G. Gordon, Inquiry Officer, will arrive here from Bombay to-morrow. Mr. T. Kothawalla, Collector, will remain here through out the course of the enquiry which is expected to last not less than a month.

It is understood that Dewan Bahadur Thakoram Mehta, Public Prosecutor, Surat, will present Government case before the enquiry.

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel is expected here by Friday next in connection with the enquiry.—A.P.

NEW TAXATION PROPOSALS.

TO-DAY'S PROTEST MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Youth League a public meeting will be held at Chaupatty to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. to condemn the Government of India for the New Taxation Proposals. Sjt. K. F. Nariman will preside and Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, Mulraj Karsandas and Jamnadas Dwarkadas will be among the prominent speakers.

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Some of those, who have contributed, either messages or articles to our Gandhi Number are:—

Mustafa Nahas Pasha.
Mr. De Valera.
Sardar Vallabhbhai.
Dr. M. A. Ansari.
Dr. Pattabi Sitharamyya.
Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhya.
Miss Jennie Lee M. P.
Mr. Fenner Brockway M.P.
Mr. James Maxton M. P.
Mr. Peter Freeman M. P.
Commander J. M. Kenworthy, M. P.
Col. Joshiah Wedgwood M. P.
Mr. Oliver Baldwin M. P.
Mr. Malcolm MacDonald M. P.
Co' K. N. Haksar.
Sir Prabhashanker Pattani.
Prof. J. C. Kumarappa.
Mr. M. C. Chagla.
Dr. Sir P. C. Ray.
Prof. Mohd. Mujeeb B. A. (Oxon)
Mr. K. M. Munshi, Advocate, and a host of others.

The latest pictures of Gandhiji's activities on board the "Rajputana" and in London, received by Air Mail, are included in the Number, besides several illustrations of the Sabarmati Ashram and Gandhiji as he was.

On the frontispiece appears a striking portrait study of the Mahatma by a well-known Indian artist.

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THROWS OUT ADULT SUFFRAGE BILL AFTER ACCEPTING PRINCIPLE!

MUSLIMS USED AS PAWNS IN GAME

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, Oct. 2.

After question time the second reading of Rao Bahadur Bole's Bill further to amend the Bombay City Municipal Act as amended by Mr. Gokhale for adult franchise was taken up by the Bombay Legislative Council.

The Leader of the House was the first to speak to-day. He began by saying that he was in sympathy with the principle of adult franchise and said that when he was Minister he tried to put into action the principle of democracy. In his opinion an opportunity must be given to all communities of Bombay before bringing this radical change to express their views. There were many difficulties. A large number of people would have the right to vote, but the number of seats would remain the same and thus the constituencies would be unwieldy. He said that even Mahatma Gandhi had admitted this.

Mr. Kadri thought that means must be found out to meet the difficulties pointed out by the Leader of the House and asked the House to refer the Bill to a Select Committee.

Mr. Kamat pointed out that even in England there was residential qualifications for vote and also men and women had not the same age qualification.

Rao Bahadur Chitale was glad to find that there was some flutter in the Government Benches. He asked why Government did not point out the difficulties when the Bill was taken for the first reading. Answering the point of unwieldy constituencies he said that the Corporation had a right to divide the City in wards. About the flight of population he said that before the voter was enlisted he was to go through a particular procedure. "Let not Government try to strangle the whole Bill. Let them accept the principle and we are ready to meet the difficulties."

The Minister for Education said: "How can Muslims lose seats when they are fighting for every seat?" He then said had he been on the opposite benches he would have asked his Muslim friends to vote against the Bill.

Thakore Saheb of Kerwada also opposed the second reading

Mr. Bakhale said that they were ready to meet the difficulties pointed out by the Leader of the House. In his opinion the House stood committed to the principle of adult franchise.

Mr. Surve pointed out the difficulties of the poor. He said that the poor were suffering under the present Corporation Rule. He asked the House to start social reforms through political reforms. He told the Muslims not to be afraid of the bogey raised.

Mr. More moved for the reference of Select Committee. Mr. Mir Mohmed Shah asked for circulation of the Bill to gather public opinion.

Mr. Angadi opposed both the amendments and supported the original amended Bill.

The Hon. Sir Rustomji Vakeel thought it useless to circulate the Bill. He considered the Bill not in the interest of Bombay and said what object Government could have to oppose it if in future a demand was made from Bombay.

The two amendments were put to vote and lost. The original Bill of Rao Bahadur Bole was amended by Mr. Gokhale's amendment was put to vote and rejected 30 for and 48 against.

The business after tea recess was a dull affair. Permission to introduce as many as seven Bills regarding different subjects was asked for. This took about 15 minutes.

The next Bill to come before the House for the first reading was from Mr. Gokhale. The Bill sought to amend the Bombay District Act of 1901.

The Leader of the House opposed the first reading of the Bill because to him certain difficulties appeared.

He thought the Bill was not going to benefit anyone.

Mr. Gokhale replied and cleared his position.

The Hon. Mr. Rustom Vakeel, the Minister-in-Charge, gave an assurance that he would take the view of the member in consideration.

Here Mr. Gokhale said that as the wording of the amendment is not clear he would withdraw the Bill. So it was withdrawn.

The next two Bills, one in the name of Mr. Gokhale and the other in the name of Mr. More, were not moved.

At this stage the President informed the House that he had received a motion for adjournment from a member. It was not given to him in the proper manner. The motion was regarding the extention granted for the application of the Wakf Act to the Bohra community by fifteen days.

The Education Minister said that he would make a statement to-morrow if the Chair allowed.

The House then adjourned for the day.

"DEPRESSED" CLASSES AND SPECIAL REPRESENTATION

(Special to "The CHRONICLE")

LONDON, Oct. 2.

The informal committee appointed yesterday to consider the question of communal representation in the new Constitution, met this afternoon, at St. James' Palace, Mahatma Gandhi presided.

Mr. Pennirselvam was the first speaker and he was followed by Dr. Ambedkar. Both put forward a strong claim for special representation. They were warmly supported by Dr. Sapru, Sir A.P. Patro, Mr. Mudaliar and Mr. Ramchandra Rao.

Mr. Sampuran Singh opposed any special representation to the Depressed Classes on the ground that they were being rapidly absorbed by other communities and it would be most invidious to perpetuate this kind of special representation by Statute.

Mahatma Gandhi on behalf of the Congress also opposed special representation to the Depressed Classes. He said, he would support special representation only for Muslims and Sikhs as a necessary evil.

Pandit Malaviya supported Mahatma Gandhi and said, it would be the privilege for Indians to do all that was possible for their brethren, but he was opposed to any statutory provision.

STOP PRESS

(From Our Staff Correspondent).

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Mahatma Gandhi has received congratulatory greetings on the occasion of his birthday from all parts of the world including distinguished statesmen, and politicians. Practically all of them wish him success in his present mission.

LONDON, October 2.

Sir Thomas Lipton, the tea magnate, is dead.—Reuter.

LONDON, October 2.

The rise in the British gilt edged securities has been the stock exchange feature for several days. Five per cent. War Loan which was 98-1|2 on Monday is now over 97-1|2. Rises are attributed to investors transferring money from foreign currency to securities.—Reuter.

These Dog Days!

Something to
Soothe Jaded Nerves
Instill Fresh Energy
Put Pep in you.

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Keep a Packet in your Pocket—On your Office Table—In your Home, It will tone you up for your everyday work.

Made by:—PARLE PRODUCTS MFG CO., 21, Chukla St., Jakaria Masjid, BOMBAY 3.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

:o:

SOUTHERN HEDGE SELLING.

Demand Too Poor

Bombay, Oct. 2.

Yesterday the New York Cotton futures market was easier owing to poor demand. There was increased Southern hedge selling and weakness of Wall Street. Prices fluctuated within a range of 14 points and closed at a decline of 15 to 16 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 15 points to 5.80c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was weak and closed at a decline of 13 to 15 points. Spot Cotton prices were reduced by 15 points to 5.55c.

There was general selling at the opening of the Liverpool Cotton market which was counter balanced by foreign buying. Later there was a constant stream of selling, with prices declining on improved exchange and discouraging advices from New York. There has been a fair enquiry on Spot for Egyptian and Memphis descriptions. The market closed steady at a decline of 12 to 14 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 1 point to 4.45 and sales amounted to 7,000 Bales.

East Indian Cotton futures declined 11 to 7 points. Egyptian Cotton futures lost 23 to 13 points.

The Alexandria Cotton market was weak and closed at a decline of 33 to 25 points.

Cotton markets are once more again under the influence of a bearish Bureau report. Private reports now estimate the crop around 16 million bales and it is very likely that such a figure is discounted. Although we see no reason for an any sustained advance, we prefer to cover short sales and await further developments.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highes 6.00 —.02 Lowest 5.86—.16.

N. Y. January Highest 6.10 (opening) Lowest 5.96 (2-53 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool. New York cables, heavy hedge selling continues. Ginnings expected bearish.

New York. Cotton depressed by political news and in sympathy with stock market. Trade buying and hedging increasing rapidly. Cotton goods market dull and depressed. Yarn market easier.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

9 a.m.: Memphis cables: No precipitation. Weather favourable. Ginning will be moderate.

10.46 a.m.: We advise liquidating November Sakel as trading in that position becoming more narnow.

11.26 a.m.: Liverpool market quiet, eased on improved Txchange 3.92 to 3.96.

9.33 p.m.: New York: Hedge selling, speculative selling. weakness in Stocks market. z

Another of their Liverpool friends cabled as under:—

"Weakness in Liverpool is due to improving Sterling Exchange and expectations of increased crop estimates."

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Oct. 1.

October	—
December	5.86—16
January	5.97—15
March	6.14—16
May	6.33—16
July	6.52—15
Middling Spot	5.80—15

Ghagat Jaswantsingh observed

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Oct. 1.

October	5.70—13
December	5.85—15
Middling Spot	5.55—15

New York, Oct. 1.

New York 10.55 a. m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

October	5.78
January	6.08
March	6.27

New York 11 a.m. quotations.

October	Un quoted.
January	6.06
March	6.26

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Oct. 1.

	Bales
Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	46,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	4,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	59,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Oct. 1.

	Opening	Closing.
October	4.14	4.08—12
November		4.05—14
December		4.04—14
January	4.15	4.06—14
February		4.09—14
March	4.20	4.12—15
April		4.15—15
May	4.28	4.19—14
June		4.22—14
July	4.33	4.25—14
August		4.28—14
September		4.30—14
October		4.33—14
Middling Spot		4.45+01

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES
Liverpool, Oct. 1.

	Bales.
Estimated Spot Sales	7.000
Sales for Export	Nil
Sales of East Indian Cotton	250

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Oct. 1.

Broach, Fully (Good Staple)	3.84
Broach, Fine (Good Staple)	3.96
Broach, Superfine (Good Staple)	4.08
Oomra, Good	3.46
Oomra, Fully Good	3.56
Oomra, Fine	3.71
Bengal, Good	3.31
Bengal, Fully Good	3.41
Bengal, Fine	3.51
Scinde, Fully Good	3.41
Scinde, Fine	3.51
Scinde, Superfine	3.61

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Oct. 1.

October	6.34
November	6.50
January	6.60
March	6.68
May	6.80
July	6.95
October	7.05
F. G. F., Spot	6.75

LONDON GOLD
London, Oct. 1.

Bar Gold Fine per oz. £5:3:3

London, Oct. 1.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, Oct. 1.

Interest day to day Loans 4 per cent.

Interest 7 days' market loans. 5 per cent.

Bank Bills, 3 months 5-13/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months 6-7/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months 7-1/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 7-5/8 per cent.

While luck plays an important part in most things of life, it can safely be said that no such element has contributed to the ever-growing popularity of EDSU manufactures.

EDSU'S make a careful study of the needs of the family and household and so are able to consistently turn out textiles and fabrics which

LOOK WELL
WEAR WELL

and what is so important these days meet the urge for economy.

Retail Sales at

E. D. S. U. CLOTH SHOPS

Opposite GREAVES COTTON & CO. 9, Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Opposite RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS, Byculla, BOMBAY.
Opposite G.I.P. RLY. INSTITUTE, Parel, BOMBAY.

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Oct. 2.

Following easier New York advices our market opened at Rs. 158/8 for Broach A./M. delivery. Owing to less favourable political news, long were liquidating their speculative purchases and prices declined to Rs. 156/4. Later on reports of steady Liverpool opening hardened prices. Our market closed early at 3 p.m. owing to Gandhi Jayanti—Closing Rates were as under:—

Broach A./M.	157/4
Oomra D./J.	135/12
Bengal D./J.	119/4

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

Oct.	85.90	—0.80
Jan.	91.90	—0.90
Apr.	93.00	—0.90

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

Bengal Superfine	128
Bengal Fine	123
Bengal F. G.	118
Sindh-Punjab Fine	123
Sindh-Punjab F. G.	118
Wardha-Hingt Fine	144
Nagpur Savner Fine	146
Yeotmal Fine	141
Arvi Fine	142
Amraoti Fine	139
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	139
Mulkapur Fine	136
Khandesh Fine	136
Muthia F. G.	126
Nanded/Purna F.G.G.S.	144
Jalna/Sailu F.G.G.S.	138
Parbhani F.G.G.S.	140
Burwah Sanavad Fine	141
Ujjain/Shujaulpur Fine	141
Broach Fine	155/56
Broach F.G.	146/48
Cambodia	223/28
Miraj/Sangli	183/88
Compta Good	193/98
Jinja	243/48
Busoga	253/58

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

64 G Madhavji Bhilwara 118
100 G Madhavji Veraval 137
98 G Madhavji Kodinar 137
31 G Madsavji Bombay Press 90
36 G Madhavji Bombay Press 105
67 Madhavji Mahuva 111
37 Currimbhai Patdi 2 off
107 Currimbhai Viramgaon 2 off to Broach
67 P Crystal and Co., Pandharpur 131 1/2
112 P Crystal and Co., Khamgaon 132
58 P Crystal and Co., Rajkot 127
100 Moon Mill Broach 5 on to Broach
42 G G Kesha Ellichpur 143

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh ...		363
Central India ...		859
Barsi and Nagar ...		409
Hyderabad-Gaorani ...		93
Berar ...		3,782
Central Provinces ...		728
Total Oomras ...		5,234
Dholera	51	330
N. W. Provinces ...		100
Rajputana ...		264
Sind-Punjab ...		1,619
Broach ...		2,215
Coompta & Dharwar ...		573
Westerns Northerns ...		386
Cocoanada ...		2
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		188
Persian ...		269
American ...		10,917
Egyptian & African	94	10,804
Comilla, Burma and other sorts ...		53
Total	145	32,954

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 25th Sept.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1.340	14.376
Japan & China	5,100	47,599
Coast Ports	117	5,123
Up-country by Rail ...		9,367
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan ...		5.299
Total	6,557	81,764

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

	Bales.
Dhollera	51
Egyptians	94
Cotton	145
	Cwts.
Wheat	5.801
Linseed	1,187
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	243
Gingellyseeds	73
Groundnuts	10,092
Castorseeds	3.986
Rice	4,413
Myrabollams	696
Cottonseeds	2,317
Gram	1,005
Joowar	3,752
Maize	30
Barley	46
Bajree	170
	Tons.
Coal	2,566

LONDON EXCHANGES
London. Oct. 1.

T. T. London on Berlin	16.31
T. T. London on Amsterdam	9.79
T. T. London on Brussels	28.50
T. T. London on Madrid	43.87
T. T. London on Milan	77.50
T. T. London on Berne	20.25
T. T. London on Paris	100.37
T. T. London on Prague	130.50

MONEY MARKETS

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

B. C. RATE:—
T T 1/5 23/32.
D D 1/5 3/4
LONDON:—
Banks selling T T 1/5 3/4 15th Oct.
Banks selling D D 1/5 25/32
Banks selling T T 1/5 23/32 Nov.
Banks buying T T 1/5 13/16
Banks buying D D 1/5 27/32
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/3 Oct.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/3 Nov.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/32 Dec.
NEW YORK:—
B C Rate T T 353
Banks selling T T 352
Banks buying T T 337
PARIS:—
Banks selling D D 697
Banks buying D D 797
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T 173.
Banks buying 60 days 158
HONGKONG:—
Banks selling D D 83 1/8
SHANGHAI:—
Banks selling D D 104 1/2
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling D D 156 5/8.
JAVA:—
Banks selling D D 70
CROSS RATES:—
New York/London 3.97 1st inst.
Shanghai/London 1/6 1/2 2nd inst.
Japan/London 2/7 1st inst.
London/Paris 100.37 1st inst.
London/Belgium 28.50 1st inst.
London/Switzerland 20.25 1st inst.
London/Italy 77.50 1st inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £5-5-3 30th ulto, £5-3.8 1st inst.
Silver London Ready 16 3/16 30th ulto, 15 15/16 1st inst.
Silver London Forward 16 3/8 30th ulto, 16 1/8 1st inst.
Silver New York Ready 27 3/4 30th ulto. 28 1/4 1st inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 5 15/16 p.c. 30th ulto, 5 13/16 p.c. 1st inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 6 7/16 p.c. 30th ulto, 6 7/16 p.c. 1st inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 8 p.c.
Bank of England Rate 6 p.c.
Money:—Call 5 1/2 p.c. 3 Mos 6 p.c. 6 Mos 6 p.c.
Tone:—Tight.

LONDON STERLING CROSS
London, Oct. 2.

T. T. London on New York.	
Previous Close	—3.97
To-day's Opening	3.95

MILL STORES QUOTATIONS

Maganbhai Amin & Co.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

Prices per Ton:—
China Clay, best quality Rs. 78/-; China Clay, market quality Rs. 68/-.
Prices per cwt.:—
Farina Double Sifted Rs. 9-3-0; Epsom Salt Rs. 3-12-0; Sago Flour, 1st quality Rs. 7/-, Sago Flour, market quality Rs. 6-4-0; Maize Starch Pearl, Continental Rs. 8-4-0; Dextrine (Potato) White Rs. 16/-; Zinc Chloride, German Rs. 14/-, Magnesium Chloride, German Rs. 3-10-0; Australian Mutton Tallow, White Rs. 21/-; Turkey Red Oil Concentrated Rs. 43/-; Bleaching Powder, United Alkali, small packing Rs. 7-12-0; Bleaching Powder, Electro German, small packing Rs. 7-12-0; Sodium Sulphide, English, small packing Rs. 9-4-0; Sodium Sulphide, English, large packing Rs. 8-4-0; Sodium Sulphide, German, small packing Rs. 9-4-0; Sodium Sulphide, German, large packing Rs. 8-4-0; Bichromate of Potash, small packing Rs. 36-8-0; Soda Ash, Dharangadhra Rs. 7-4-0; Bichromate of Soda, small packinp Rs. 31-8-0; Brown Sugar of lead, small packing Rs. 32-8-0; Litharge Flake, French small packing Rs. 26-8-0.
Prices per lb.:—
Hydro Sulphide B. A. S. F. Rs. 0-8-3; Hydro Sulphide, English Rs. 0-7-6; Aniline Salt, Electro Rs. 0-6-0; Antimony Salt Rs. 0-5-6; Acetic Acid Rs. 0-5-6; Fodmal-de-hyde Rs. 0-5-6.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Oct. 1.

Chartered Bank of I. A & China	£12
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	£101
P. & O. Banking Corporation	£6
National Bank of India	£23-1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent	£83
Conversion Loan 3½ per cent.	£72-1/2
Indian Loan 5½ per cent.	£97-1/2
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent.	£37-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent. Sterling Loan	£42-1/2
Indian Stock 3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	£47-1/2
Indian Stock 4½ per cent. Sterling Loan	£62-1/2
Consols 2½ per cent.	£54-1/2
War Loan 5 per cent.	£96-3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent.	£89

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.
October 2.
Ranchi, Brooks, London.

DEPARTURES.
October 3.
Rawalpindi, Stringer, London.

LOADING.
October 2.
Steamer Ranchi for London.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Rawalpindi:—The P & O S N Co.'s English mail steamer Rawalpindi will sail to-day at about 1 p.m. for London with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

S.S. City of Marseilles for Liverpool:—50 bales cotton thread waste Indian Produce Export Co.; 575 bales scotton thread waste M Mafatlal and Co.

For Ghent:—165 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co.

For Manchester:—200 cwts castor oil Swastika Oil Mills Co.; 114 bales cotton thread waste and 90 bales cotton fly M Narottamdas and Co.

For Glasgow:—177 cwts stones of empty Hhds. and 115 cwts heads and hooks Spincer and Co.

For Antwerp:—2000 cwts myrabolam P Mathradas and Co.; 204 bales hemp B Premji.

S.S. Durenda for London:—725 cwts bone meal B Ardeshir and Co.

For Havre:—115 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S.S. Rawalpindi for Barcelona:—184 bales cotton raw B Cursondas and Co.

For London:—4 bales animal skin Cox and Kings Ltd.

S.S. Silverfir for New York:—5 cases cotton prints Cox and Kings Ltd.

For Marseilles:—2000 cwts castor seed K Devchand and Co.; 200 cwts groundnuts S M Rajgor and Co.

S.S. Aquilia for Genoa:—2000 cwts groundnut seed Birla Bros.; 1000 cwts castor seed and 1500 cwts linseed K Devchand and Co.; 110 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

For Naples:—1000 cwts castor seed K Devchand and Co.

For Port Said:—40 bales cotton yarn A El. Ezil.

S.S. Sumatra Maru for Osaka:—200 tons old iron pot sleepers M B Kaisha Ltd.

For Kobe:—300 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Yokkaichi:—300 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

S.S. Kidderpore for Yokkaichi:—50 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha. Ltd.

S.S. Argun Maru for Osaka:—150 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

S.S. Gambada, Agents M M and Co., from Bassein:—9694 bags rice.

From Rangoon:—6 bags rice, 32 bales jute gunnies, 15 bags copra lac, 11 cases ghee, 60 cases cutch.

From Cochin:—72 chests tea, 10 bundles buckets, 321 kollies hooka shells, 409 coils coir rope.

From Calicut:—147 chests tea, 204 jottas coir yarn, 293 bags cocoanuts, 52 coils coir ropes.

From Tuticorin:—94 bales sunia leaves, 60 bags palmyra roots, 17 bales cotton yarn.

From Alleppy:—15 chests rubber, 22 bundles coir mats.

S.S. Delhi, Agents L Edwards Ltd., from Hamburg:—290 cases nails, 10 cases lamp parts, 100 cases bone glue, 19 cases paper, 73 cases hinges 73 cases plywood, 206 drums chemicals, 125 drums whale oil, 450 cases vegetable products.

From Gottenburg:—340 cases paper, 121 cases stoves, 1581 cases ceilings, 80 cases glass powder, 27 cases labels, 1170 cases nails, 126 cases hinges, 400 drums chemicals.

From Antwerp:—181 cases bolts and nuts 635 cases glass ware, 223 cases dog spikes, 500 cases beer, 278 cases paper, 25 cases vegetable preserves, 53 cases colour, 340 cases chalk, 507 cases tiles, 200 cases candles, 407 cases nails, 37 bundles wire, 488 bundles copper sheets, 1435 cases steel circles, 916 bundles steel bars, 747 bundles steel angles, 173 bundles steel joists, 106 bundles steel rivets, 500 cases red lead, 53 drums colour, 2053 bundles hooks.

From Genoa:—120 cases macaroni, 141 cases motor and cycle tyres, 35 cases cotton and silk tissues, 204 cases boryter, 800 bags stone powder.

From Naples:—1290 bags garlic, 15 bales woollen tissues.

GOLD AND SILVER.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Mint Gold, Ready	24	15	0
Mint Gold, 1st Settlement	24	13	0
Mint Gold, 2nd Settlement	24	11	0
Silver, Ready	53	8	0
Silver, 1st Settlement	50	0	0
Silver, 2nd Settlement	50	0	0

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

Castorseeds Delivery May, Opening Rs. 30/4. Highest Rs. 30/6. Lowest Rs. 30/-. Closing Rs. 30/-/6

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February, Opening Rs. 30/10. Highest Rs. 30/13. Lowest Rs. 30/5/6. Closing Rs. 30/6.

LONDON SILVER
London, Oct. 1.

Silver. The decline is due chiefly to the absence of buyers.

Spot	15-15/16
Forward	16-1/8

STOCKS & SHARES.

LONGS LIQUIDATING PURCHASES.

Unfavourable Political News.

Bombay, Oct. 2.

The share market opened at about unchanged rates, but ruled easy on long liquidation influenced by unfavourable political news. The supplementary budget is taxing the last resources of the masses and it is almost impossible to buy cloth by them. The little rise in commodity prices and silver is of little assistance compared to new and additional taxes. If the sterling improves, the rise in the commodity prices will soon be wiped off and burden of taxation will remain there. The stringency of money continues and large quantities of Gold are going out of this country. Mill shares declined about Rs. 10. Tata Steel and Bombay Burma shares were weak.

3½ per cent. paper opened at Rs. 51/4. There was short covering which hardened prices to Rs 51/7, but again declined to Rs. 50/14 and closed at Rs. 51/.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

Bombay Dyeing 672,70,72,69,70.66
Century 190,87,88.90,87
Colaba 67
Crescent 51
Fazul 324.20.22.19
Indore 307.3.5
Nagpur 267.62.65.63
New Great 108.5.10.6.3
Pearl 170.68.66.67.68
Simplex 46.48
Swadeshi 207.8
Burma 333.27,26,27.30
Hydro 105.6
Tram 100
Def. 325
Ord. 27-2,25-10.26,25-8.25.12.
3 1/2 p.c. 51-7,50-12,50-15
1945-55 95
Bundi 14-2.13-2
Katni Ord. 152.48
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. 48-8.45-8

MILLS.
Bombay, Oct. 2.

100	Ahm. Advance	255
50	**Apollo**	1-0-0
10	**Bom. Cotton P.**	2-8
500	**Bom. Cotton**	95.0
250	Bombay Dyeing	667-8
250	**Bradbury P.**	127-8
250	Bradbury	135
100	Century	187-8
500	Central India P.	403.12
100	Central India	263.12
100	Colaba	67-8
100	Coorla	115
100	Crescent	51-4
250	Currim.	46-4
250	David	80
250	**Dawn**	480
200	Ed. Sassoon	30
10	E. D. Sassoon D.	0-4-3
100	**Elphinstone P.**	20
100	Elphinstone	3-2
250	Fazulbhoy	320
100	Finlay	66-4
1000	**Framji Petit**	150
100	Gokak	85
1000	**Hindustan**	1290
100	Indore-Malwa	305
250	**Jamshed**	3-0
50	Kastoorchand	8-4
100	Khatau	60
100	Kohinoor	104-4
250	Laxmi	715
100	Madhowji	11-4
250	Madras United	260
1000	**Maneckji Petit**	700-0
100	Meyer Sassoon	20-0
1000	Morarji	310-0
50	Mysore	97-8
200	New Great P.	130
200	New Great	108-12
100	New City	43-12
250	Pabani	94-6
250	Pearl	166-4
100	Phoenix	275
10	**Premier**	1-0
100	Shapurji	6
1000	Sholapur	1525
250	Simplex	48-13
100	Swan	60
100	Swadeshi	208.12
25	**Tata P.**	15
25	Tata	20
500	Vishnu P.	577-8
500	Vishnu	1.165-0
1000	Western	657-8xd.

BANKS.

100-50	Baroda	63
50-25	Central	14
£10-5	Eastern	62
500	Imperial	872-8
500-125	Imperial Cont.	218-12
100-50	India	76-0
5	Union	2-15

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	13-2
70	Gwalior	58
250	Indian	158-12
100	Katni 1st P.	102-8
100	Katni 2nd P.	102
40	Katni Def.	600
100	Katni	148-12
10	Punjab P.	8-10
10	Punjab	7-10
100	Shahabad	172-8

INSURANCE.

10	Jupiter P.	7-6
15	Jupiter	6-12
15	New India	15-2
200-100	Oriental	1480
10	Vulcan	4-11

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad	100
1000	**Andhra Val. P.**	975
1000	Andhra Valley	560
50	Bom. Tram P.	59-4
50	Bom Tram	100
100	Tata Hydro P.	103-12
100	Tata Hydro	106-4
1000	Tata Power P.	1075
1000	Tata Power	360

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantej	682-8
100	Amritsar Patti	96-8
100	Central Province	69-8
100	Dho. Barramati	75
100	Guzrat	39-8
100	**Mandra Bhon**	50
500	Tapti Valley	558-12

MINING.

10	**Central India**	0-5
10	Shivrajpur	11-8
150	Tata Steel 1 P.	108
100	Tata Steel 2 P.	45-8
30	Tata Steel D	325
75	Tata Steel	25-12

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Alcock	92-8
250	**Bom. Steam P.**	200
250	Bom. Steam	172-8
50	Bom. Telephone	40-8
8s.	Brit. B. Petrol	2-9-0
125	Bombay Burmia Old	330
50	Bom. Burma New	120
100	Ind. Bleaching	135
15	Scindia	6-1-0
3 1/2 p.c.	Govt. Paper	50-15-0
5 p.c.	1945-55 Tax Free	95-0-0

FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS

Bombay, Oct. 2.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.
Oct. s 4/1d.—3/4d.
Dec. s 4/4.3/8d.—7/8d.
Mar. s 4/7-3/4d.—1/2d.

CHICAGO WHEAT.
Dec. dol. 47.1/4 Unchanged.
March dol. 49-5/8—1/2.
May dol. 51 3/8.

LONDON LINSEED.
Oct. £8-6.3 Up sh. 8/9d.
Market dull.

ARGENTINE LINSETD.
Nov. 11.10 19 Up.
Feb. 10.80 11 Up.
Market firm.

LONDON LINSEED OIL.
Oct./Dec. sh. 15/3d—6d.
Jan./Apr. sh. 16/6d.—6d.
Market rather steadier.

NEW YORK SUGAR.
Dec. 1.35 2 Up.
March 1.30 5 Up.
Mayh 1.39 5 Up.
Market steady.

Wheat Cable (Chicago):—"Prices advanced on buying by cash houses, but later declined on favourable weather, disappointing export inquiry and lower outside markets. Closed barely steady."

LONDON DISCOUNTS

Bombay, Oct. 2.

3 months 5 13/16 per cent.
6 months discount 6-7/16 per cent.

Bank of England rate 6 per cent

Call money 6 1/2 per cent.
One month 5-1/2 per cent.
Three months 5 1/2 per cent.
Six months 5 1/2 per cent.
Tone of money market:—Steady
Imperial Bank of India rate 8 per cent.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 2.

3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 52-4.

4 per cent. Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 87.

4 per cent. Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 86.

4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 61.

4-1/2 per cent. Bonds due 1934 Rs. 92-12.

4-1/2 per cent. Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 74-8.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 91.

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 93.

5 per cent. Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 87-8.

6 per cent Bonds due 1933-38 Rs. 95-8.

5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 97.

5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 95-4.

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs 99-12.

6-1/2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax free) due 1935 Rs. 100-12.

4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 60-8.

4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 Rs. 60-8.

4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 60-8.

5 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 79.

6 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 94.

6 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1950-60 Rs. 94.

Forward Rates:—16th October settlement.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 52-4-0.

5 per cent. 1945-55 Rs. 95-4-0

Tone of Market:—Weak rates nominal.

Tone of London Silver:—Quiet and steady. Prices declined more from absence of buyers than pressure to sell. Very little business doing.

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G. V. PUNTAMBEKAR, Poona.
M. A. KANJEE, Kolhapur.
HUBLI PHARMACY, Hubli.
NAHDI & CO., Hyderabad (Deccan)
KRISHNA MEDICAL STORES, Sholapur.
THE NORTH-WESTERN COMMERCIAL TRADING CO., LTD., Peshawar.

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Head Office: Vadhwan City.

SETTLEMENT OF BENGAL CONGRESS DISPUTE

:o:

Mr. Aney's Award: Election Board's Powers

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24.

Mr. M. S. Aney, Arbitrator appointed by the Congress Working Committee, has issued the following:

The Bengal Congress Disputes Enquiry is dropped by the Arbitrator as the contesting parties have amicably settled points of dispute and arrived at the following agreement:—

1 (a) All complaints now pending before the Arbitrator are not to be proceeded with and the enquiry to be dropped.

(b) Sj. Subhas Chandra Bose not to proceed with the complaint lodged by him with the Working Committee regarding the candidature of Sj. J. M. Sen Gupta for the Corporation of Calcutta.

2. For the purpose of the next election to the B. P. C. C. which is to take place in January 1932 or so soon thereafter as possible, a Committee consisting of Messrs. M. S. Aney, K. S. Roy, and Nisit Sen to be appointed to examine the B.P.C.C. constitution, rules bye-laws bearing upon the point of elections and revise the same. The suggestions and recommendations of the said Committee to be treated as part of the agreement between the two parties and promulgated as the award of the Arbitrator. It will be open to the new B.P.C.C. which is to be formed early next year as mentioned above to consider the said constitution, rules and bye-laws and adopt the same with or without amendments and modifications or revise the same in such manners as they may think fit.

CO-OPTION OF MEMBERS.

3. The existing rules regarding the co-option of members in the B.P.C.C. constitution to be replaced by the following rule:—

All D. C. C. President, ex-Presidents of the Indian National Congress, and of B.P.C.C. are to be ex-officio members of the B.P.C.C. There must be seven lady members and seven Mahomedan members as co-opted members.

This rule shall govern the co-option of members after the B.P.C.C. election are held in January next or so soon thereafter as possible. It will be open to the B. P. C. C. to reconsider or to revise the above rules if necessary after the full body is thus formed.

4. For the purpose of the next election to the B.P.C.C. to be held as aforesaid, the Presidents of D. C. C's, to be ex-officio Returning Officers for election of members to the B.P.C.C. and for all other elections from the districts. The said Returning Officers will not be entitled to delegate their power except in favour of the senior Vice-Presidents of the D. C. C.'s in their respective districts. The said Returning Officers should appoint Presidents of Branch Congress Committee as Polling Officers in their own Districts.

ELECTION BOARD'S POWERS.

5. In those Districts in regard to which any dispute regarding the validity of the Executive Committee exists or where such dispute will arise hereafter elections to be held to elect the Executive Committee under the control and supervision of and under rules framed by the Election Board to be appointed under Clause 6 of this Agreement In those Districts in which there is no Congress Committee or in regard to which any dispute regarding the existence of a Congress Committee exists or where any such dispute will arise hereafter, District Congress Executive Committees should be formed by election held under the contol and supervision of, and under rules framed by, the said Election Board. The said Election Board shall have the right to decide all questions arising out of and relating to these elections.

6. Next General Election of the B.P.C.C. to take place in January 1932 or so soon thereafter as possible and the said Election shall be controlled by a Board consisting of three members from each party and the Arbitrator as a nominee of the Working Committee shall be the President of the Board. The said Board shall conduct and directly deal with all matters connected with the election, hear disputes and decide all appeals and the decision of the said Board shall be final.

7. The Election Board shall have these powers for the purpose of the next General Election of B.P.C.C. and the ensuing elections of District Executive referred to in clauses 5 and 6 only. It is recommended that the B.P.C.C. when it is formed should set up another Election Board with the President of B. P.C.C. as its Ex-officio President and define its powers for the purpose of controlling and conducting election held during the course of the year.

JOINT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

8. That a Joint Executive Committee consisting of 25 members (an equal number of members from both the sides), including the President be formed to carry on the work of the B.P.C.C. till such time as the new B.P.C.C. is formed. That the present Executive of the B.P.C.C. shall retire in favour of the Joint Executive Committee and this Committee shall have all the powers which the Executive Committee duly elected by the B.P.C.C. at a general meeting under the B.P.C.C. constitution shall have, except in so far as the same do not conflict with the powers of the Election Board referred to above.

9. That this agreement shall not interfere with the elections to the Corporation of Calcutta and further it is agreed that in the affairs and actual working of the Corporation there shall be no interference by any outside body such as Joint Executive Committee of the B.P.C.C. appointed under Clause 8 or the Executive Committees of the District Congress Committee.—A. P.

NO JURISDICTION TO BRITISH COURT

Bombay Judge's Ruling In Miraj State Case

Has the British court jurisdiction over Indian states' courts? This question was decided by Mr. Justice Patkar and Mr. Justice Barlee in the Bombay High Court in the appeal in a case in which Annaya, Tamana and five others were sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Judge of Satara.

The facts of the case are that the second accused was on inimical terms with one Satu whom he attacked on 12th July last assisted by the other two accused. Satu's eyes were extracted, and his son, who was also with him, had his leg chopped off. Satu died subsequently as a result of the injuries.

In the Appellate Court the accused contended that as the offence was committed in the Miraj state the British court had no jurisdiction. Their Lordships upheld the contention and set aside the conviction and the sentence. Their Lordships, however, observed that it was open to the prosecution to proceed against the accused after taking a certificate from the Political Agent.

C. P. RETRENCHMENT COMMITTEE.

FRESH TAXATION.

(From A Correspondent.)
NAGPUR, September 30.

It is understood that the C. P. Retrenchment Committee which recently concluded its sitting at Pachmari has submitted its report to the Local Government, recommending 5 per cent. reduction in Government expenditure and 10 per cent. cut in Government servants' salaries. It has also submitted proposal for abolition of three posts of Civil Surgeons. Its retrenchment proposals cover nearly two lakhs of rupees which are quite insufficient to meet the deficit. It is also learnt that the Local Government is contemplating imposition of fresh taxes to meet the deficit of Rs. 51 lakhs.

"REMARKABLE CHIEF TO WORK UNDER"

Tributes To Dr. Beasant At Jayanti Celebration

Under the auspices of the Bombay Theosophical Federation a public meeting was held at the Blavatsky Hall, with Mr. K. Natarajan in the chair.

The Chairman paid warm tribute to Dr. Besant, and said that they had met to pay their homage to one of the greatest personages in the world. He dwelt on her early life her struggles, her championship of the poor and down-trodden.

It was, said Mr. Natarajan, she who started the Home Rule movement, and it could be rightly said that that movement paved the way for a larger political mass movement in the country.

HIS "REMARKABLE CHIEF".

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas then spoke of his own experiences of the great leader with whom he was ultimately associated for the last twenty years. "She is a remarkable chief to work under", he said "and not only is she a great religious or political leader, but a most affectionate tender-hearted mother." Whether she was physically with them or not, Dr. Besant would always be with them and help them to attain their salvation.

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL REFUSED INTERVIEW WITH MR. ROY.

The Superintendent, District Jail, Cawnpore, sent the following reply to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Allahabad, to the latter's application regarding interview with Mr. M. N. Roy:—

"Dear Sir,—In continuation of my letter No. 4450 dated 17-9-31, I beg to inform you that as M. N. Roy has made clear his determination to exploit his trial for the purpose of illegal revolutionary and seditious propaganda, interviews have been restricted to his legal advisers and relatives."

Mysore Spinning Mill.

The thirty-eigth ordinary general meeting of the Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., was held on Tuesday afternoon, Sir Lalubhai Samaldas presiding. In moving the adoption of the report for the year ending 28th February 1931 the Chairman said:—

The whole world has been passing through an acute trade depression owing to an unprecedented fall in the price of commodities, and in our case the fall in cotton prices was more precipitous after we had secured our requirements for the year. But owing to the Company having been able to buy some cotton when it was very cheap during the current year, I am glad to say that the results for the first six months have been more than sufficient to make both ends meet. As regards the next six months, I feel that as a result of the action taken by the British Government in giving up gold standard, the whole outlook has changed. Commodity prices are rising and a distinct improvement in the prices of manufactured goods is also visible. The intrinsic position of the Company is quite strong and the immediate future is more hopeful owing to the upward tendency in the general price level, and I feel that we shall have the privilege of placing before you a satisfactory report of the working of the current year when we meet next year.

The report showed a loss of Rs. 5,66,681. The directors decided to transfer to the profit and loss account Rs' 2 lakhs from the reserve fund and Rs. 21,631 from the unclaimed dividend thus reducing the loss to Rs. 3,29,058.

The report was adopted and Messrs. A. M. Kajiji, P. S. Menlor and Albert Raymond were re-elected directors for the ensuing year.

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEER.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Much has been written in the "Times of India" during the last one or two months in praise of the useful work done by the industrial engineer of the Industries Department. I was very much pleased to read about the achievements of the engineer and the improvements he has brought about in the gold thread industry of Surat, and especially so because I have been taking keen interest in that industry for the last ten years or more. It, however, occured to me that all the praise about the work of the engineer began to be published in the papers just after Rao Bahadur Kale asked questions in the Legislative Council about his appointment and about his being a non-graduate, etc., and since the extended period of his appointment expires within few months, I thought perhaps this praising may be a sort of publicity stunt. I, therefore, wrote to a friend in Surat who is intimately connected with gold thread industry of Surat, and asked him as to whether all that was published in papers about the improvement brought about by the industrial engineer of the Industries Department was true.

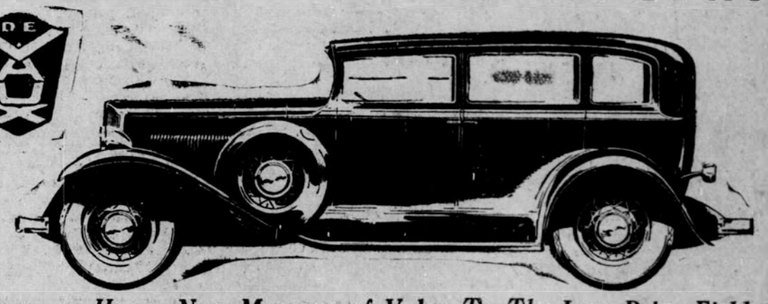
He writes as follows:—

"Mr. Haskell's claims to have designed a new machine but there is nothing new about it. There are many such machines in Surat and I have shown these to people. He says that he has invented a new process of guilding but that is not correct. That method is being used by some people in Surat for a long time."

I have made further inquiries and from what I have been told it seems that the whole affair is more of a publicity stunt than real substantial work. I did not want to bring this before the public and the press since it might go against the Industries Department, which is a useful Department and can still be more useful if work is done to serve the public few days ago my attention was drawn to an advertisement in the "Times of India" in which the Industries Department Department invited applications for a post of a demonstrator for the gold thread industry. I thought that this was going too far and hence I wanted to show how increase instead of retrenchment is going on in the Industries Department.—Yours, etc.,

G. B. TRIVEDI.
Navsari Chambers,
Fort, Bombay.

AMERICA'S WONDER CAR



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PLIGHT OF HINDUS IN D. I. KHAN

Appeal For Loan To Foreign Secretary

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, October 1.

Sir Harisingh Gour and Bhai Parmanand met Foreign Secretary on behalf of the Central Hindu Committee over Hindu suffering in D. I. Khan. They made representation on the basis of a telegram received from Rai Bahadur Thakurdatta, President, Frontier Provincial Hindu Sabha. It is understood, Foreign Secretary gave a sympathetic hearing and promised to do his best after receiving the Riot Enquiry Committee Report. The telegram mentioned above runs:—Hindus suffered heavy losses at the hands of Muslims. 300 shops were burnt and looted in the presence of Muslim Police and Muslim officers. Loss to property is worth twenty lakhs of rupees. Sufferers are utterly ruined. It is impossible to build shops or rehabilitate them without Government aid. Deputy Commissioner and Chief Commissioner strongly recommend a loan on easy terms. Refusal is evidently based on the ground not to create precedent untenable. Devastation here is not due to communal riot but to fanatical outburst. To avoid clash, Hindus closed their shops and left for their homes. On the occasion of the Kohat tragedy such loans was advanced. kindly wait in deputation upon Foreign Secretary and Finance Member and press them to sanction at least five lakhs repayable in ten years".

MRS. KAMALADEVI CHATTOPADHYAYA VISITS DHARWAR

(From Our Correspondent.)
DHARWAR, September 30.

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya visited Dharwar on the 29th September. Addressing the two public meetings, including one for the women, she narrated the economic exploitation of India by England and referred to the latest currency Ordinances. She also appealed to the public to spread khadi during the "Gandhi Week"

After visiting a number of local institutions, Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhayaya left for Hubli, where her present headquarters are. It is learnt that she had written to Pandit Jawaharlal regarding the opening of a training camp for women in Hubli early in next month.

GANDHI WEEK PREPARATIONS IN BELGAUM

(From Our Correspondent.)
BELGAUM, September 30.

Great activity is evinced, in Congress circles over the forthcoming "Gandhi-Week". On October 2, there will be a flag salutation ceremony, a procession will be taken out, Khadi hawking throughout the day and a meeting will be held in the evening. This programme will be continued daily for the whole week. Mr. Narayanrao Joshi, the President of the Belgaum District Congress Committee, has appealed to the public to clear off the existing stock of khadi.

VOLUNTEERS' CLASS.

A trainer from the Hindustan Seva Dal, Hubli, specially came here for giving instructions to volunteers. The class lasted for a week.

CASES OF PLAGUE.

For the last four months a number of people had died here of Typhoid and Cholera. In addition to this Plague has also broken out lately. Stray cases have occurred in all areas and many of which have proved fatal and show that practically the whole town is infected. Dead rats are also being found in large numbers.

SHE WOULD DIE WITHIN 15 HOURS!

BUT LAST CHANCE SAVES

R. K. NAIK. Jahgirdar.
"ATMANIVAS" Bangalore City.

My wife was suffering with severe pain in the lower abdomen for a long time and she was practically bed-ridden. Big Doctors of Bangalore examined her and all pronounced that she was suffering with **Cancer of Uterus** and that she would die within 15 hours if she was not operated. She did not consent to an operation. My neighbour Mr. A. Narasinga Rao advised me to consult Dr. Kesari who is available now at Bangalore. At once I went to his house and brought him. He closely examined the patient and said calmly that that was not a case of Cancer but one of **Inflammation of the Uterus** and she would not die within 15 hours as other Doctors said. He at once prescribed LODHRA. To our great astonishment the patient felt Relief in the very first dose. In three days time she completely recovered and is able to go to the Doctor's house. Now she is happy and healthy.

May God bless Dr. Kesari with long life. I have no words to praise him and his medicines. His medicines are cheap and diagnosis accurate.

(Sd.) R. K. NAIK.

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MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS IN WARDS.

The Municipal Commissioner will visit each Ward of the City in turn in company with the Councillors of the respective Ward according to the following programme:—

B Ward, near Phydhonie Police Station, 8th Oct. at 7-30 a.m.

C Ward, at Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade Station, 15th Oct. at 7-30 a.m.

D Ward at Gowalia Tank Tram Terminus, 22nd Oct. at 7-30 a.m.

E Ward, at Byculla Fire Brigade Station, 5th Nov. at 7-30 a.m.

F Ward, at Central Vaccination Station, near Old Tram Terminus, 12th Nov. at 7-30 a.m.

G Ward, at Western approach to the Tilak Bridge, 9th Nov. at 7-30 a.m.

C Ward, at Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade Station, 26th Nov. at 7-30 a.m.

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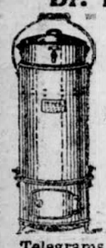

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"HANDS OFF THE RUPEE"

PROF. V. K. R. V. RAO ON PRESENT FINANCIAL CRISIS

Place Embargo On Export Of Gold & Wait For Favourable Opportunity For Linking

The fallacy that the Rupee will crash or go the way of the Russian Rouble and the German Mark, if it was not linked with Sterling, was exposed by Prof. V.K.R.V Rao, who delivered an interesting lecture on the "Present Exchange Crisis," at the Jinnah Hall on Monday evening.

HANDS OFF RUPEE.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who presided, said that those who spoke about the Rupee being linked to Sterling, did not know that the sterling was linked to nothing. He compared the Sterling to the condition of a red ship being buffeted by wind and waves and said, that the Rupee was not safe, if it was linked to a wreck. He warned Government to take its hands off the Rupee.

DIDN'T KNOW WHERE HE WAS

Prof. V.K.R.V. Rao, in the course of his address said:—

He did not intend to deal with the international economic difficulties that had brought about the present exchange crisis. Whereas the first Ordinance had left the Rupee alone, the statement of the Secretary of State linked it with the Sterling, but the second Ordinance which purported to give legal effect to Sir Samuel Hoare's announcement was not so specific because it provided for the sale of gold as well as Sterling and one really did not know what the Sterling ratio of the rupee was under the new Ordinance, whether it was 18d. gold or 18d. Sterling.

Proceeding, the speaker said that in support of the fixing of the Rupee with Sterling, it had been urged that such fixing meant stability whereas leaving the Rupee alone would mean instability. While such fixing would mean stability with reference to Great Britain, it meant instability with reference to the rest of the world, because linking with Sterling did not mean linking with gold.

NO ANALOGY WITH ROUBLE OR MARK.

He then, went on to deal with the criticism that leaving the Rupee alone would result in a complete crash of the rupee which might make it follow the path of the Russian Rouble and the German Mark with the consequent disastrous results for the economic welfare of the country. He totally disagreed from this view. The elementary economic principle was that the foreign value of currency is fixed in terms of the relation to its internal price levels. The foreign exchange was determined not on the metallic contents of the legal currency, but was determined with reference to the purchasing power parity. For the rupee to drop down to the value of its silver content would require an increase in the price level from 200 to 300 per cent. Whereas taking the existing currency reserve of the Government of India the utmost they can increase the paper currency was only by Rs. 128 crores. This formed only 40 per cent. of her existing total monetary circulation. Thus they cannot increase the paper currency further unless they give up the provision relating to the metallic portion of the reserves. Nor can they largely increase the stock of rupees for they have no gold with which to purchase the silver and even if they had, the silver price would go up to an abnormal height on account of the increased demand of the Indian Government. It was, therefore, not conceivable that our price-level could be increased by 300 to 400 per cent. and, therefore, it was not correct to imagine that fall of the rupee would reach the value of its silver contents.

IF GOVERNMENT BECAME INSANE.

It had even been suggested that the exchange might fall to the extent of the value of the paper. Such a thing could only happen if the Government became insane and increased her currency by several thousands of crores.

The lecturer then gave it as his categorical opinion that leaving the rupee alone did not mean that it will crash to unlimited depths. He emphatically declared that when he advocated the policy of leaving the rupee alone, he did not want it to be left alone for all time to come. He did want the rupee to be linked with gold, but not to-day, because nobody knew what the gold value of the rupee was to-day and economic conditions being unstable he would rather wait till things adjusted themselves, and it was possible for them to make a correct estimate of the exchange value of the rupee in terms of gold and adjusted it without price value.

LEAVE THE RUPEE ALONE.

He further pointed out that the rupee should be left alone because the fixing it at a statutory rate whether sterling or gold, would necessitate the Government support which meant the sale of reverse bills with consequent depletion of the already slender gold reserve of our country and dissipation of the gold reserve would put off by longer and longer periods the demand of a gold standard which was unanimously agreed to be the objective of the Indian currency policy. He therefore wanted to save the country's gold which demanded leaving of the rupee alone.

PLACE EMBARGO ON GOLD EXPORT.

He also drew attention to the clause in the Ordinance which prohibited the financing of bullion import and said that it would result in the possible coming out of the country's hoarded gold with the liability of its being exported abroad. That would mean that not only our statutory reserves would be affected but even the hidden gold reserves of the country which was a still more dangerous position. He desired that an embargo should be placed on the export of gold for the time being.

Concluding he said: "The policy that I advocate is leave the rupee alone, place an embargo on the export of gold and wait for a favourable opportunity for finally linking the rupee with gold at a rate which will make it maintainable safely and permanently.

AN INTERNATIONAL CRISIS.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta thanked the lecturer for his lucid exposition of the exchange crisis. He declared that the crisis was an international one. They learnt that even Norway and Sweden had gone off the gold standard. At such times it was no use merely telling that they were linked by sterling and that the rupee must be linked to something. The rupee may be linked to sterling but the sterling was linked to nothing (Laughter).

Proceeding the speaker said that the first impulse of the Finance Member leaving the rupee alone was the correct decision. But the Secretary of State over-rided the decision by making the announcement that the rupee will be linked to sterling. Both the ordinances were imposed on the people without consulting the legislatures and public opinion. That showed how helpless they were under foreign domination and this crisis should teach them that if at all safeguards were wanted in the future constitution for India it should be against Great Britain and not against India (Cheers). In a day the Government altered the whole basis of the economic condition of the country. After this exhibition of this autocracy and recklessness demonstrated by Government during the week nobody could trust them with safeguards. In conclusion the speaker criticised the Mr. Shanmukham Chetty's censure motion because it gave approval to the 18d. ratio against which they had all along been fighting.

DADAR YOUTH LEAGUE INAUGURATED.

(From A Correspondent).

DADAR, Sept. 29.

A public meeting to inaugurate the opening ceremony of the Dadar Youth League was held in the Tilak Maidan yesterday. Mr. G.S. Kanti, who presided, explained in detail, how the youths of Dadar had played their part during the last Civil Disobedience Movement.

Mr. E.V.S. Maniam, the General Secretary of the League, explained the programme of the League, pointed out the duties which lay before the Indian youth. Last time the youths of Dadar, he went on, worked hard in their fight for freedom.

Mr. Pansari, the late Dictator of the Dadar Congress Committee, requested the youths of Dadar to join the League in their thousands.

The new offices of the Dadar Youth League have been opened in the premises of the "G" Ward Distt. Congress Committee, Dadar.

HARI SABHA AND FLOOD RELIEF.

"Hari Sabha, a social service institution of the Bombay Bengalees have great pleasure to announce that a sum of Rs. 633 being net sale-proceeds of the tickets of the theatrical performance that took place on 19th inst. has been remitted to Sir P. C. Roy, President of the Sankat-tran Committee, Calcutta.

Crop Of Prosecutions In Muttra

(From Our Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, Sept. 27.

After the 30 Congressmen of Bijahri and Choumunha villages were acquitted by the Session's Judge on appeal against the order of Mr. L. P. Hancox, Joint Magistrate sentencing them to undergo 1 year's simple imprisonment the District Police has launched a number of fresh prosecutions under Sec. 107 against village Congress workers.

Five Congressmen of Akbarpur, a village very near to Chaumunha and lying in the same police circle including among them one Parshadi a boy of 14 and 11 Congress Workers of Jharawani are being tried under Sec. 107 Cr. C. P. At the latter place Jharawani as already reported in the press, serious revenue coercive measures were alleged to have been adopted on 9th inst.

Mr. Navratna, the enthusiastic Secretary of the Tahsil Congress Committee of Muttra is also hauled up under Sec. 107.

SESSIONS JUDGE TRANSFERRED.

Mr. L. Kashi Nath Session Judge of Muttra who recently allowed two appeals acquitting 18 Congressmen of Bijahri and 16 of Choumunha villages and who in his judgments passed serious strictures against the conduct of the high police officials, a Zamindar and an Amin, has been transferred and a Civilian judge is gazetted to take his place.

ANTI-CONGRESS PROPAGANDA?

MUTTRA MAGISTRATE'S ENTHUSIASM.

(From Our Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, September 27.

Rai Bahadur Sardar Singh, Magistrate, First Class, Muttra, has been holding numerous meetings at different villages of the district as President of the Aman Sabha. He is alleged to be pushing up an enthusiastic propaganda among the villages against the Congress.

GANDHI WEEK CELEBRATIONS.

The District Congress Committee has chalked off a detailed programme to be observed in the villages to celebrate the Gandhi Week from 2nd to 8th October. Circulars are being issued by the General Secretary to all the village Congress Committees calling upon them to observe the programme to the utmost of their resources.

SEDITION CASES WITHDRAWN.

Mr. Jugal Kishore, President of the District Congress Committee wrote a letter to the District Magistrate saying that in view of the latter's offer of withdrawing the sedition cases on an assurance being given by the Congress Committee that the Congress workers in future will not deliver violent or abusive speeches, Prof. Krishna Chandra was prepared to ask his advocate at Allahabad not to push up the transfer application before the High Court if the District Magistrate was prepared to withdraw the case.

The District Magistrate has replied to the effect that the policy adopted so far in other cases will be applicable to that case also and Prof. Krishna Chandra will be similarly released. Prof. Krishna Chandra has accordingly asked the advocate not to press the transfer application

DASARA SAMMELAN AND AKHADA CONFERENCE:—At the meeting held under the auspices of the Y. M. H. A. on Sunday last there were large number of members of several Akhadas present, when Mr. K. M. Munshi presided. It was resolved to hold a conference of all akhadas in Bombay on 18th October 1931 and the Dasara Sammelan on the 20th. A Committee has been formed to frame programme, etc.

A Picketing Triumph

(From Our Correspondent).

SHOLAPUR, Sept. 29.

Mrs. Kasturbai Gandhi now at Barsi, is expected to arrive here this afternoon.

Congress volunteers vigorously picketed shops of two local cloth merchants, who, in spite of their pledge not to order foreign cloth, were found to do so. The merchants agreed to get sealed the foreign cloth they had ordered.

THE YOUTH LEAGUE, SURAT.

Under the auspices of the Surat Youth League, the third sessions of the Gujarat Vyayam Parishad will be held in Surat in the middle of December next.

Nagpur.—The Bhandara District Political Sufferers' Conference will be held at Gondia, on 16th, 17th and 18th October. Pandit Sunderlal will preside.

Travancore.—The salary of Mr. R. Neelakantapillay, the Financial Secretary, has been increased by Rs. 200. This officer controls the finances of the State and is regarded as one of the financial experts.

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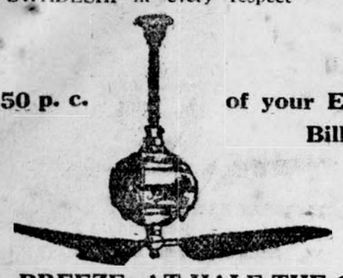

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FROM ENGLISH UNIVERSITIES TO INDIA'S VILLAGES !

What Gandhiji Expects Of Our Students Abroad

"YOU HAVE TO WORK THE CONSTITUTION IN THE INTEREST OF DUMB MILLIONS"

(From Our Staff Correspondent).
LONDON. Sept. 30.

Sjt. Vajid Mahmod, Chairman of the reception meeting held at the Rembrandt Rooms, to-day, while presenting the address, said: "Mahatmaji, we are proud to welcome you on behalf of the young generation full of idealism and because you too are a great idealist cherishing as we do, most dearly true and unadulterated freedom for the country. In that great galaxy of men and women who served India, your position is unrivalled.

Mahatmaji, we view with shame and dismay that, when we are fighting for freedom, there are people in this country talking of communal freedom, which is a blot on the fair name of India. We believe, you are the only person commanding respect, because you are not one of those bigoted, prejudiced and self-styled leaders responsible for the present fight for spoils. I humbly request you in the name of Indian students, to make an earnest attempt and try your hardest exertion to wipe off the blot. To-day, India's message speaks to mankind after Buddha through you. If only western nations take a lesson from its truth and non-violence, there will be much less misery, much less war and much less bloodshed. We can assure you, when we return home for our various walks of life, you shall not find us wanting.

COUNTRY'S FUTURE HOPE.

Mahatmaji replying, said, he did not come to give them speeches. He wanted a heart-to-hearat chat with them. He urged them to put before him their difficulties regarding their studies' grievances. What makes them come abroad, he asked and wanted time to a better understanding of Indian students' position.

"You do not want me to thank you for your welcome. I know, whether students like my ideas or not. I have a corner reserved for me in my heart for the Indian students. You are the future hope of the country. no matter what we elders did. You will have to continue the task of emancipation of the country. Thousands of you will have sacrificed your health and pleasure and dedicated your ability to the service of dumb, half-starved millions. Assuming that a best constitution is hammered out, you have to work it in the interest of the dumb, half-starved millions and provide them work. That work cannot be organised unless sufficient capable hands are willing to go to villages and sacrifice ease and luxury to devote themselves to the service of the starving people. That is your primary duty. You must feel proud to do it. I do not ask for heroic sacrifice, lathi blows or imprisonment. Fortunately, the last struggle proved, there is no dearth of people to do this. I do not ask you to suspend your studies but only to do this."

"PREMIER'S REPRESENTATIVES."

Gandhiji then answered question referring to the States' People's representation. He said: "Even strictly speaking, we are not true representatives. We are here as representatives of the Premier. It is possible any time, he can ask us and also ask me for uttering non-sense to go out of the Conference. I prefer to deal with Princes direct instead of dealing with them in the Conference. It is better to trust me. If I fail as their counsel they can withdraw their brief. I am prepared not to ask any fees.

STUDENTS AND HANDSPUN.

About students wearing handspun cloth while in England, Gandhiji said, it is not obligatory. Even sacrificial spinning is voluntary. Those who can do so may undertake it. Regarding indirect election one student interested in the peasant problem said that it was of no interest to the peasants.

Gandhiji explained at length what he meant at the Federal Committee meeting. He also explained to Muslim students his position about the Hindu-Muslim problem.

(From Our Special Correspondent)
LONDON, Sept. 30.

Maungji met Premier and also other Labour M.P.'s yesterday.

Gandhiji is meeting Mr. Henderson on Thursday afternoon.

Malaviyaji is lunching with Premier on Thursday.

DEPRESSED CLASSES' DEMANDS.

M. C. Rajah's Letter To R. T. C. Delegates.

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

Rao Bahadur M.C. Rajah, M.L.A., President, All-India Depressed Classes' Association has addressed the following letter to the delegates of the Round Table Conference on the depressed classes and their needs:

Our goal is adult suffrage; but it is not practical and convenient at present. The present franchise qualifications should be lowered and the present electorates should be doubled immediately. The process of enlarging the Electorates must be carried on from time to time till it ultimately embraces the whole adult population.

SEPARATE ELECTORATES.

We press our right as a distinct community to elective representation on the Legislatures by means of Separate Electorates. The moment our confidence in the sense of justice, equality and fair play on the part of the so-called high caste Hindus grows and our suspicions of majority manipulations, varnish, we will not hesitate to attempt Joint Electorates with reservation of seats. Representation should be on the population basis.

We would urge that the Depressed Classes should have their interests safe-guarded by the inclusion of a member of their community in the Cabinet in the Governors' Provinces as well as in the Viceroy's Executive Council on the same basis of qualification as laid down for members of any other minority community like the Muslims

PUBLIC SERVICES.

Adequate percentage of Government appointments, both in the superior and subordinate grades should be reserved for the members of the Depressed Classes and that the minimum qualifications required under the Public Services Notification should be considered sufficient.

There should be a representative of the Depressed Classes on the Public Service Commission, both Provincial and Central.

There should be a Declaration of Fundamental Rights in the constitution to create the equality of citizenship.—A.P.

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Civil Appointments.

Captain G. C. L. Crichton to be Assistant Resident Kolhapur.

Mr. D. J. K. Coghill, I.C.S., Assistant Resident, Kolhapur, is granted leave.

Mr. J. R. Harris to officiate temporarily as District Superintendent of Police, Dharwar, from the date he takes over charge from Mr. H. B. Kidd.

Khan Bahadur Ismail Kalubhai Desai to officiate temporarily as District Superintendent of Police Surat, from the date he takes over charge from Mr. T. Robinson.

Mr. P. N. Moos, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Sukkur, is granted leave.

Mr. M. J. Desai, I.C.S., to act temporarily as Collector of East Khandesh vice Mr. L. N. Brown.

Mr. L. N. Brown, I.C.S., on relief, to be Collector of Nasik vice Mr. R. G. Gordon.

NO MORE ONE ROOM TENAMENT CHAWLS?

AHMEDABAD, October 1.

The joint board of representatives of Textile Labour Association passed a resolution to-day calling upon the owners of chawls to make suitable provision for water, light, latrines, etc., and consider the question of non-payment of rent in those cases where such provision is not made after due notice.

The Board also passed a resolution asking the Municipality not to permit construction of chawls with one room tenaments and compel owners of chawls to provide water, light, etc.—A.P.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT

POONA, October 1.

Following is the weekly weather report for the week ending September 30:—

The monsoon was strong from Hyderabad to United Provinces and active in Lower Burma, Assam, Chota Nagpur, Orissa and North Madras Coast. The depression which lay over the northern half of the Bay of Bengal at the end of the previous week crossed North Madras Coast on the 25th and advanced to West Central Provinces where it persisted till the 28th and filled up by next day. The depression was responsible for fairely widespread rain along and near its track and for a revival of the mosoon in the Central India and United Provinces.—A.P.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Karachi. — Mubarak Ali, Presi- which left for Paris yesterday morning caught fire while flying over Lasbela State and crashed. Two pilots and one engineer were seriously injured.—A.P.

Karachi. — Mumarakali, President of the local Naujawan Bharat Sabha, was convicted on Thursday on a charge of sedition and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.—A.P.

Simla.—It is understood that at the conclusion of the session of the Indian Legislature, His Excellency Sir Philip Chetwode will visit Quetta.—A.P.

Quetta.—A fairly heavy earthquake shock was felt at 4|45 p.m. on Wednesday. Buildings continued to rock for about thirty seconds.—A.P.

Karachi.—Sjt. Mubarak Ali Sagar, President, local Naujawan Bharat Sabha, who had been arrested a month back, under Section 124-A, was sentenced to-day to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

Karachi.—Charge was framed on Thursday in the case under Section 124-A, against Sjt. Manilal Vyas, editor of the "Rashtra Shakti," a Gujerati paper and his nephew Najendra Kumar, the writer of the article. The Magistrate refused to grant the request of the accused to try the case in future in the Court instead of in the jail. The latter complained that no pleader was agreeing to appear for him at such a great distance in jail.

Madras.—Mr. Jamal Mahomed M.L.A., delegate to the Round Table Conference was entertained at a garden party on Wednesday evening at Moor Pavilion by a representative committee of hosts.—A. P.

Calcutta.—The Government of Bengal have decided to appoint a Committee to make further enquiry into the occurrences at Hijli on September 16 and report thereon as early as possible. The personnel of the Committee will be announced later.—A. P.

Calcutta.—Reports from Rajashai, Serajganj and Madaripur indicate that the price of jute in those places has gone up and is daily increasing.—A. P.

Lahore.—A factory for manufacturing counterfeit coins has been discovered in the village of Lohawah in Gujrat District.—A. P.

Lahore.—Professor K. K. Mukerjee of Mahindra College, Patiala, was murdered while asleep on the roof of his house. The assassin who is stated to be a relative stealthily entered the house and attacked the Professor, his wife and daughter with a sharp weapon. The Professor died on the spot. The assassin is arrested.—A. P.

Lahore.—105 Akalis who were led by Master Taraigh to offer satyagraha at some shops attached to the Sikh shrine at Daska were arrested on Thursday.—A. P.

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PRESENT CRISIS IS RESULT OF GOVT. POLICY

Maharashtra Chamber On Finance Bill

Statement of the Committee of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Bombay on the Budget proposals introduced in the Legislative Assembly by the Hon'ble the Finance Member of the Government of India, on Tuesday, the 29th September 1931:

The Committee of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce have to state that the Budget proposals of the Honourable the Finance Member reveal a situation which is much worse than was expected.

The Committee, while welcoming the cut in the Military expenditure, are of opinion that enough has not been done in this field and that there is greater scope for securing economy by cutting down the expenditure on this department. In India there has been no sense of proportion whatsoever between the total revenues of the Government and their expenditure on the Military Department. It is surprising that even in an emergency like the present and especially when there is talk of disarmament and India is a party to the Kellogg Pact, a way could not be found to put the expenditure at least at something like 15 crores less than last year's.

NOT DOING JUSTICE.

A flat and uniform reduction in the salaries of the Civil and Military Officials is certainly not doing justice to the demands of the grave financial position of the country. It will weigh heavily on those who being at the lower end of the ladder are unable to bear the burden, while those who are at the top and who have been all along paid on a lavish scale in spite of the general and almost chronic poverty of the country will escape lightly. The Committee also find that the minimum to be unaffected by the proposed cut is put very low, somewhere near Rs. 40 p.m. and they are of opinion that really all those that are getting upto Rs. 100 ought to have been exempted. A graduated and increasing cut upto a maximum of 33-1/3 per cent. would have been really an equitable distribution of burden for the various servicemen concerned and it is to be regretted that no attempt is made even to emulate the noble example set by His Excellency the Viceroy. A cut of 10 per cent. in the salaries from Rs. 101 to Rs. 500, of 15 per cent. on Rs. 501 to Rs. 1,000. of 25 per cent. on Rs. 1,001 to Rs. 2,500 and of 33-1/3 per cent on all exceeding Rs. 2,500 would have been an equitable arrangement.

CAN'T GO ON PAYING.

It must be mentioned here that the cut effected is greater in England even though the cost of living there is much higher than what it is in this country. The severity of the possible hardship. it will be seen, becomes considerably less when it is known from the assurance given by the Honourable the Finance Member that these cuts would be inclusive of income-tax and that the same are to be restored as soon as the emergency ceases to exist. Apart from all this, the point which the Committee of this Chamber would like to make is that the day is not far off when the whole question of the emoluments will have to be examined afresh with a view to put them on a reasonable and fair basis. The country cannot go on paying on a scale which is without a parallel in the whole world for similar talent in the State Service.

BURDEN ON THE POOR.

The increase in the Postage rates for cards and envelops is a distinct burden on the poor man and a virtual denial to him of one of the amenities of civilised life. It is also to be regretted that there was need of surcharge and increase in income-tax rates and lowering of the limit of exempted income. The poor man will also find that he has to pay more for his last.

WHO'S RESPONSIBLE.

It is to be observed in the end that this financial position requiring desperate remedies has arisen as a result of Government's own policy and the supreme indifference they have always shown to the suggestions of those leaders of public opinion in the Assembly and outside who held views different from theirs. The proposals convey the impression and rightly enough, that Government have not properly put their shoulders to the wheel and they are crying loud for help.

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Have your present, past and future wonderfully revealed by Prof. S. N. Bose, B.A., the famous occultist. His calculations are based upon Yoga-Sadhana (Meditation) taught by the famous Vedantist Yogi Swami Premanandajee, his grand-father. Prof. Bose's wonderful Yogic powers have been very remarkably recorded in the columns of more than some thirty leading and influential journals of India and Burma (Liberty, Amrita Bazar Patrika, Advance, Basumati, Times of Assam, Hindu Herald, The Rangoon Mail and 24 others) Numerous eminent persons have certified his wonderful Yogic predictions. Charges for answering 5 questions Re. 1, annual life reading monthly details Rs. 2, weekly details Rs. 5, Extensive Whole Life Reading Rs. 10. (Birth date or approximate age and time of writing required). Address—Prof. S. N. BOSE, B. A., Swami Premananda Ashram, (Established 1916) Box No. 11413, Beadon Street, P. O., CALCUTTA.

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Esplanade, BOMBAY.

MR. WALCHAND WELCOMES FRESH DUTIES

Mr. Walchand Hirachand interviewed in connection with the fresh taxation. said:—

"As an agriculturist I welcome the duty on sugar as also on the import of raw cotton. As one interested in industries I welcome some of those items of duty which will help to give further protection to Indian industries. I wish the Government had taken advantage of this opportunity to do away with Imperial preference in textiles and steel. This would have not only given them a little more revenue but pleased Indian commercial opinion and removed the suspicion to some extent at least that fiscal autonomy was a sham. Government do not either seem to have been wiser by last year's events as regards Salt duty.

CUT IN SALARIES INADEQUATE.

"The reduction in salaries is wholly inadequate. The bulk of the deficit ought to have been made good and I believe it can be made good by retrenchment in army expenditure. While talking big about disarmament in World Conferences the Government of India is spending 40 per cent. of its total revenue in mechanising and modernising this instrument of warfare. I wonder what the representative from other countries at Geneva at the time of the International Conference will feel about the Government of India and the British Government dictating this policy if this state of affairs was brought to their notice."

"INDIAN STATES TREBLY HIT"

A Maharaja's Protest Against Taxation Proposals

KOTAH, Oct. 1.

His Highness the Maharaj of Jhalawar has issued the following statement regarding the Government of India's new Budget proposals:—

The new taxation proposals affect our subjects no less than British India and the indirect effect is bound to bruise our already strained budgets in the present exceptional circumstances. It is obvious that many Indian States' Governments are now engaged in the pressing problems of granting necessary revenue remissions and balancing their budgets with decreased probable receipts under other revenue heads also. That would in many cases, in spite of all possible retrenchment and economy including cuts in the Rulers' personal expenses, necessitate fresh taxation, in case the beneficent departments are not to be curtailed too far. This would obviously, be undesirable, as our subjects would have already been taxed heavily, though indirectly, under the Finance Member's revised proposals. Indian States are thus trebly hit. The total revenue contributed by the States' subjects under the proposed new taxation, would go towards British Indian Exchequer, without in any way relieving our budget problems. The consequences of such development on the economic equilibrium of States threaten to be disastrous and while we fully sympathise with the Government of India's difficulties and limitations we must in the interests of our subjects and our Governments claim an early opportunity to confer with the Government of India with a view to evolving some satisfactory and equitable basis under which States may, as in case of receipts from enhanced petrol fund, receive some relief out of the share contributed towards the proposed new taxes by the States' subjects towards the avoidance of further additional taxation on the latter. I am accordingly requesting H.H. the Acting Chancellor to convene an emergency meeting of the Substitute members of the Standing Committee before the November session of the Assembly to consider this and other important pending questions.—A.P.

TREATING ONLY SYMPTOMS NOT DISEASE.

Mr. Birla On Bankruptcy Budget

LONDON, Sept. 30.

The confession that he had read Sir G. Schuster's budget statement with a heavy heart was made by Mr. Birla in the course of an interview with Reuter. He said he feared that the measures taken were most inadequate, for they treated only symptoms and not the malady. The Budgetary equilibrium would never be permanently restored until definite action was taken to restore the country's productivity and drastically to retrench expenditure. He said as a preliminary step Government should immediately cease borrowing for the purpose of maintaining the rupee ratio and tackle the question of rural debts. If confidence in the currency was to be restored the sterling and all other resources must be scrupulously conserved and the rupee must be allowed to take its course.—Reuter.

Paris.—M. M. Laval and M. Briand have returned from Berlin.—Reuter.

London.—King gave audience to Sir Samuel Hoare on Wednesday evening.—Reuter.

SALARIES' CUT IN ASSEMBLY LOBBY

"Eleventh Hour Change In Original Programme"

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

In the Assembly, the lobby opinion was concerned to-day about the Finance Bill.

Sir George Schuster has been trying to explain the situation as much as he can. This morning he spent about an hour talking to the European front benches. Indian members are particularly commenting over the cut in salaries which they hold, represents an eleventh hour change in the original programme.

They declare that a meeting of some Civilians at the Viceregal Lodge and another of the Railway officers at the Railway Board Head quarters, none of which meetings were apparently attended by Indian members of the Services, were responsible for this eleventh hour change.

Now, it is held that the higher a man's salary, the lower the cut on his salary, after deducting Income-tax surcharge. Thus, higher service men would give up only 4 per cent. from their salary, while the lowest-paid Indian clerks would give up 9 per cent. But these criticisms will not find outlet till the special session, which may be summoned by the 1st of November.

MR. FEROZECHAND

Convicted Under Foreign Relations Ordinance

Lahore.—Mr. Pherozechand, Editor of "Weekly People," was sentenced under the Foreign Relations Ordinance by Mr. Abdul Hamid, Magistrate, to imprisonment till the rising of the Court, on Thursday and fined Rs. 200, to-day and fined Rs. 200 or in default to one month's simple imprisonment.—A. P.

A MAN CAN BECOME.

"A man can become—
—So apologetic that he becomes offensive.
So economical that he becomes wasteful.
—So scholarly that he becomes unintelligible.
—So frank that he becomes brutal.
—So broad-minded that he becomes shallow-minded.
—So optimistic that he becomes a nuisance.
—So tolerant that he loses all his own convictions."

New Nanking Foreign Minister.

LONDON, Sept. 30.

Shanghai.—Dr. Wang has sent his resignation, from the hospital. His successor will be Alfred Sze who fought China's case in the present session of the League Council.—Reuter.

Alfred Sze has announced that for personal reasons he cannot accept the appointment of Foreign Minister of China.—Reuter.

BENGAL STUDENTS' CONFERENCE.

MADRAS, October 1.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi left for Calcutta last night to preside at the Bengal Students Conference to be held on 3rd October. He halts at Waltair to-morrow reaching Calcutta on Saturday morning by the Puri Express.—A.P.

VICEROY DISPENSES WITH PUBLIC ARRIVAL.

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

The Viceroy will arrive at Delhi on the 24th October instead of on 22nd October as originally arranged. In view of the present financial situation he has decided on this occasion to dispense with public arrival.—A.P.

Riga.—According to travellers from Russia, two Red Army troop trains participating in the manoeuvres in the Leningrad District have been wrecked by explosives and there have been many fatalities.—Reuter.

AN EXCISE OFFICER'S ORDINANCE.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar writes:

I have just received a communication which shows that gravaely irregular practices are being following in many places in respect of making trees for toddy. The owners of trees complain that without their express permission for the year, the renters get the excise officers to mark the trees for tapping. The theory is that the tree owner asks for, pays for, and gets the Government to mark the trees for fermented toddy manufacture. But the practice is for the renter to pay the fees and do all the needful official procedure. This is all right so long as tree owners had no objection; but when tree owners do not like to be parties, the renters have no legal right whatever to act on an assumed consent, and throw the burden of objection on the tree owner. Certain tree owners of Nanguneri Taluk, Tinnevelly District, applied to the authorities objecting to the marking of trees on their land without taking their permission. The Excise authorities have enunciated strange law in the followilowing order:

"Proceedings of the Inspector of Excise, Nanguneri Circle, M. R. Ry. P. S. Anantarama Rao, B.A.

Petition dated 7-9-31 from M. Kadar Meera Sahib Labbai regarding marking of his trees for drawing fermented toddy.

ORDER.

Petitioners will be informed that they should be careful at the time of marking. If no objection is received at the time of marking, no consideration will be given for later objections.

(Sd.) A. RAMA RAO,
Inspector.
1-9-30.

NOVEL INTERPRETATION OF LAW.

That is to say the Excise officials may enter upon anybody's land and mark the trees. It is the business of the owner to be on the lookout and come there and object in right time, otherwise it will be too late, and he loses his property, or at least he must agree to have the toddy drawn. I am sure that the Advocate-General will not approve of this interpretation of the law. The forms for applying for the marking of trees must, I believe, have the signature of the owner of the trees, if not it is high time that the forms should be amended. Where the owners are illiterate and cannot sign, there must be reliable attestation. In any event, the courts must protect the owner against this raid by Abkari renters. I do not think they would hold that a martial law contingency has arisen for Government to take possession of toddy yielding trees without permission of the owners, though an ordinance on the subject is conceivable. If renters are allowed to mark other people's trees it amounts to compulsory acquisition. They may as well be permitted to leave the number of bottles at customers' houses, saying that the owners of the houses should object in time, if they do not want the liquor.

Marking by Excise officers without the permission of the tree owners will by itself convey no legal right to the renters or his tappers. The renter will be liable for trespass and if Excise officers are party to the trespass, they too will be liable. If there is a popular belief in our illiterate country that the Excise department's marking paint carries with it legal authority to tap eventhough the owner has not agreed, this is a mere superstition and has no basis in law.

PUNJAB AND KASHMIR BANK SUSPENDS PAYMENT.

RAWALPINDI, Oct. 1.

The Punjab and Kashmir Bank, Limited, with its head office at Rawalpindi, and eight branches, including Srinagar and Jammu, has suspended payment. There is rush on the Punjab National Bank.—A.P.

London.—Mr. Joshi and Mr. Shiva Rao addressed a private meeting of the Trade Union Group of the Labour Party in the Commons on Wednesday.—Reuter's Special.

"BAPTISED" BY ROLLAND'S BOOK

Miss Slade's Decision To Follow Gandhiji

A PEEP INTO MIRABEN'S EARLY LIFE.

The Special Correspondent of the "Evening Standard" writes:—

I have had an interesting talk with two relatives of Miss Madeleine Slade, the English woman disciple of Mr. Gandhi, who is now accompanying him to London.

Miss Slade, who has adopted the Indian name Mirabai, is the daughter of the late Admiral Sir Edmund Slade. She has a sister in India, who is wife of a Civil Servant. Lady Slade, her mother, died recently.

She has also two cousins, who are actresses on the London stage, and are both rehearsing in new plays. They are the daughters of the late Lieut.-General Sir Frederick Slade.

Lady Slade, another relative, is the widow of the late General Sir John Slade, and has a house in Lowndes-Street, S.W.

"A CHARMING GIRL."

Miss Marie Slade, who is rehearsing for "Grand Hotel," at the Adelphi Theatre, told me that she would be much too busy to meet her cousin on her arrival with Mr. Gandhi. Discussing her, she said:

"It is many years, since I have seen Madeleine. I knew her in London in her earlier days. She first went out to India with her father when he had his command at Bombay.

"Madeleine always had a sort of 'crush' for first one thing and then another. She was a charming girl, very good-looking, and had her share of admiration. She took up things violently and would drop them as suddenly.

She was very reserved; not a girl one felt one knew a great deal about."

Miss Olga Slade, another cousin, who is rehearsing at the Haymarket Theatre in "Take Two From One You Can't," said:

"I do not cast any doubt upon Madeleine's sincerity, nor do I offer any criticism of Gandhi, but I deplore the fact that she has allied herself to his cause."

Miss Madeleine Slade is the only English member of Mr. Gandhi's party coming to England. As a girl she moved in the highest British circles in India, and was brought up amid luxurious surroundings.

A SUDDEN CONVERT.

Now she lives in a cell and studies the law according to the Hindu prophets, of whom, to her, the Mahatma is one of the greatest.

In her own story, she has told how she was suddenly converted and became a follower of Mr. Gandhi after reading the history of his life written by Romain Rolland, the French philosopher.

This was one night in Paris:

"I was living a life of thoughtless luxury in those days, idling away my time between London, Paris and Berne. I was well to do, my family were well off, and I had nothing to think about but the pursuit of pleasure, as my parents had brought me up.

"Then something happened while I was reading this book, and I decided then and there that I must give my life to Gandhi and to India."

FLOGGING IN KASHMIR? OFFICIAL DENIAL.

SRINAGAR, October 1.

The Publicity Officer, Srinagar, Kashmir, has issued a communique denying press reports of public flogging in the State adding that not a single man has been flogged in a street or a public place.—A.P.

PRESS HARTAL EVERYWHERE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 30.

No Indian-owned newspaper was published in Calcutta this morning. This step was taken as a mark of protest against the proposed press bill.

Similar reports have been received from Rangoon and Patna.—A. P.

RANGOON, Sept. 30.

As a protest against the Press Bill and in response to an appeal by Indian Journalists Association, all Burmese and Indian Vernacular Papers and also Rangoon Mail were not published today. A. P.

MADRAS PROTEST AGAINST PRESS BILL.

MADRAS, October 1.

Indian owned newspapers in Madras closed yesterday as a protest against the Press Bill.—A.P.

MADRAS, October 1.

Mr. Ialdos Govindoss, Councillor of the Madras Corporation, has given notice of a resolution which he intends moving on 6th October urging graded reduction in the salaries of Corporation employees drawing rupees fifty and upwards.—A.P.

"KARAGRAHAN" by Mr. B. V. Varerkar will be shortly staged.

Lalitkaladarsha
Royal Opera House
SATURDAY, 3rd October at 9 P.M. (S. T.)
SAJJAN
SUNDAY, 4th October at 9-30 P.M. (S. T.)
PATIT PAWAN
WEDNESDAY, 7th October at 9 P.M. (S. T.)
SANNAYASHACHA SANSAR.

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Used all over India
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All kinds of Sores treated free without Operation.
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50,000 Free
Sample packets for
LEUCODERMA.
It has now been arranged to distribute about 50,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packwill be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write it at once, per V. P. P. for As. 8 to meet the cost of its transmission to:—
J. RAM,
C/o PANDIT KRIPARAM,
6, Nandibagan Lane, P. O. Salkhia,
District HOWRAH.

INQUIRY INTO POLICE EXCESSES IN DHRANGADHRA

Kathiawar People Meet In Bombay

BOMBAY, Oct. 1.

Under the auspices of Dharangadhra Praja Mandal, a public meeting of Kathiawar People was held at Heera Baug Hall on Monday last, under the presidentship of Sjt. Jamnadas Mehta, Bar-at-law. The Kathiawari people residing here are considerably agitated over the recent arrests of Dhrangadhra leaders and lathi charges, on peaceful men and women in Dhrangadhra and Halwad, causing injury to 75 men and 25 women in Dhrangadhra and to 300 men in Halwad.

Sjt. Jamnadas Mehta in his presidential speech said, It was their misfortune to read horrible reports of encroachments on elementary rights of the people and of outrages on their person and honour by the princes. The only remedy for these perpetual evils is to demand in unequivocal terms the elimination of absolute monarchy from the Indian States It is an anachronism that autocracy and democracy should be allowed to flourish side by side in the same country.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously:—

(1) This meeting protests against the prohibition order recently issued by Dhrangadhra State against the holding of the sixth session of the Kathiawar Political Conference which has been invited by the people of Dhrangadhra, and urges the people of Kathiawar to start a peaceful campaign against this arbitrary order of the state suppressing public opinion of Kathiawar and thereby to protect their elementary rights of citizenship. This meeting further assures the leaders of Kathiawar, who are meeting at Wadhwan, of their support to the programme that may be drawn for this purpose after making one final attempt of bringing about an honourable settlement of this question with the state authorities. (2) This meeting condemns the recent repressive policy adopted by the Dhrangadhra State in arresting the Dhrangadhra leaders and making repeated lathi charges in Dhrangadhra and Halwad on innocent citizens including women, and congratulates Dhrangadhra people for the spirit of self-sacrifice, and forbearance displayed by them for the protection of their inherent right of inviting the Conference at Dhrangadhra. (3) This meeting earnestly appeals to His Highness the Maharajah of Dhrangadhra to withdraw the ban on the Kathiawar Political Conference at an early date, to satisfy the public opinion of the Province and allay the strong resentment of the people of Kathiawar to order a public inquiry into the recent lathi charges at different places in the state and duly punish the offenders responsible for them, and to express regret for the excesses perpatrated on innocent men and women by the police officers. So long as the state does not grant the demands put forth in this resolution, this meeting asserts that, the strong resentment of the people of Kathiawar would not be allayed and cordial relations between the ruler and the ruled would not be re-established.

In response to an appeal by Mr. Manishanker Trivedi, about fifty youths of Dhrangadhra and Halwad expressed their readiness to go to Dhrangadhra to help their brothers and sisters who have been a prey to official high-handedness.

THE STORY OF A "BALANCED BUDGET"

(Continued from page 8)

that there is hardly any margin left for the future. One shudders to think what would be our fate in case the world's economic depression continues its march along the same road! America and France are both struggling to capture the world's gold market and through that the banking centre of the world from England. The geographical situation of America is an impediment in her way of achieving her objective which she would otherwise succeed in securing under the present conditions if more favourably located. France, however, commands a special advantage in that direction. If things do not improve in favour of England, France may a by few legislative measures, necessary for the establishment of free gold and bill markets, get an advantage. England is not likely to give up her position without a strong and overwhelming effort. Add to this the uncertainty of a General Election in England staring us in the face. All these mean more trying times for the rest of the world, particularly for India, situated as she is, at present. May Providence protect India and help her to come out safe and strong from this trial.

TRAMWAY WORKERS' GRIEVANCES.

Inquiry By B. P. C. Committee.

The Congress Inquiry Committee appointed to go into the case of the workers of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd. had their second sitting on Sunday last in the Congress House. Messrs. Purshotamdas Tricumdas. S. A. Brelvi, Dhonde, and Nariman representing the Congress and the Corporation and Messrs. Lalji Pendse, V. H. Joshi, and Shinde representing the Union were present. Mr. Lalji Pendse on behalf of the Union made a long statement, in the course of which he said: "Though we have had a good deal of correspondence with the Company regarding the recognition of the Union the Company under one pretext or other refused to concede to this legitimate demand. After four long years of continuous agitation, the Company agreed to receive a deputation but insisted on so many conditions which were far from satisfactory from the workers point of view. The management said, that, in the first place the Union must contain more than half the number of workmen employed in the Company, 2. that the Rules of the Union should not contain anything which the Board did not like. 3. The Union should not have any outsider on their Committee, and all deputations and representations should be made through only its employees."

He said: "Before the workers obtaining a job in the Company they have to sign a compulsory bond declaring that they are loyal and that they will continue to be loyal and that they will not even join the Union."

THE MEN'S GRIEVANCES.

The Union recently sent in the following legitimate demands of the workers through its "conditioned" representatives: (1) Retrenchment proposals; (2) Irregular method of work: (3) dismissal of the long standing employees at 24 hours' notice; (4) Unkept assurances; (5) Recognition of the Union, (6) Revision of the rates of wages, (7) Standard rules for all sections. (8) Revision in the system of Provident Fund, (9) Classification of workers, (10) Shorter period for claiming gratuity, (11) Non-victimisation for Union work. It is unnecessary to add that none of them were given any heed to and on the workers demand for an increase in wages the General Manager introduced an "efficiency bar."

THE LOCK-OUT.

"By the new lock-out on Mondays the wages of the workers have been reduced by 16 per cent. The action of the authorities in paying off the wages of the workmen on each week day under the pretext of slack trade was only a deplomatic move. The number of deputationists allowed to stand on the authorities has of late been cut short to two and the practice of maintaining the minutes book detailing the work done during the interview has also been discontinued. At one time in the workshop at Dadar itself there were over 2 600 workers but now gradually this has been reduced to 530."

It is understood that 16 members of the Bombay Corporation have sent in an urgent requisition to the President to convene an immediate meeting of the Corporation to discuss the matter arising out of the grievances of the Tramway Company employees.

N. & E. BENGAL FAMINE & FLOOD RELIEF FUND, 1931.

Acknowledgment Of Contributions

The Hony. Treasurer, North & East Bengal Famine & Flood Relief Fund (1931) acknowledges receipt of contributions at the office of the above Fund at Tyeb Manzil, Musjid Bunder Road, Bombay.

Gujrati Hindu Stree Mandal Rs. 500; Grain Merchants' Association Rs. 500; Messrs Choksi Bros. 200; A Friend 150; A Sympathiser through Seth Narandas Mohandas Rs. 100; Sj. Jamnadas Talak Choksi Rs. 100; Sj. Parelal Girdharlal Vithaldas (Visnagar) Rs. 100; Messrs. Jagani & Co. Rs. 100; Sj. Samji Pola Mistry Rs. 50; Sj. M. C. Setalvad Rs. 50; Sj. Harnandhan Roy Ghonashayamdas Rs. 31; P. M. D. Rs. 30; Mrs. Tamina K. Kanjia In memory of her late revered father Mr. Burjorji D. Patel C.I.E., O.B.E. of Quetta 25; Sj. Indubhusan Das Rs. 25; Sj. Mathubhai Kesabbhai Rs. 25; Messrs. V. S. Brothers & Co.; Rs. 25; Gum Merchants Association Rs. 25; Sj. Murarji Govindji Rs. 25; Sj. Abichal Devchal Rs. 25; Messrs. Ebrahim Karim & Sons Rs. 15; Sj Vithal Madhavji Rs. 15; Sj. V. S. Kusangar 15, Sj. Lalbhai Sankaldas Sah Rs. 10; Mr. Cordro Rs. 10; Messrs. P. D. Asar & Co. Rs. 10; Trustees of the N. M. Wadia charities Rs. 3,000 Collection by Lanka Vijaya Vanar Sena Rs. 73-11-3; Mr. Devanji Rs. 25.

Including sums less than Rs. 10, the total now stands at Rs. 5,332-2-0.

Rajavali V. Patel has sent through Bombay Provincial Congress Committee (ear-marked for Sir P. C. Ray) Rs. 101; Messrs. Harkisandas Jadhabji has sent 40 pieces saris (new) and, Mrs. Dinabai Framji Kamdin (Surat) 3 blankets and one coat. Besides the contributions mentioned above members and workers of the above Fund were able to collect Rs. 4,788-2-6 from the streets of Bombay by going in processions around them.

Total collection including donations and collections now amount to Rs. 10,120-4-6.

PLIGHT OF KASHMIR WEAVERS.

Accumulated Stock And No Demand.

The Kotak Manager of the All-India Spinners' Association, Srinagar, writes:—

Every Indian celebrates Mahatma Gandhi's birthday anniversary from the 2nd to 8th October. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel rightly led the nation by ordering clearance of the whole stock of handspun and handwoven khadi. Throughout India people seem to be competing showing their love to their representative who is absent and fighting for them 7000 miles away, but, while Bombay and Gujarat disposed off over two lacs worth khadi even before the arrival of the birthday, it is a pity that Kashmir handcraftsmen and poor spinners and weavers see yet no sign of getting their share of these celebrations. Even though the day has arrived they suffer under heavy trade depression and life killing unemployment. They are lamenting over the stagnant stock. The All-India Spinners' Association, Kashmir Branch, Srinagar supplied cloth which fed more than 3,000 families. Both on account of low demand and stock accumulation they have closed down production. Winter days of snowfall and consequent compulsory confinment within doors are fast approaching. If the present stock is not liquidated and work supplied, God take care of their lot.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
GAY AS EVER!
MAURICE CHEVALIER IN
'PLAYBOY OF PARIS"
Waiter by Day: Millionaire by Night. See the Complications.

EMPIRE THEATRE
To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
A FARCICAL COMEDY!
"FRENCH LEAVE"
Featuring:
MADELINE CARROLL,
S. HOWARD.
A Scream from Start to Finish.

EMPRESS TALKIES
To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
ALL-TALKING, SINGING, DANCING REVUE IN COLOUR.
PARAMOUNT ON PARADE
Featuring:
50—BIG STARS—50.

TO-NIGHT. THIS WEEK.
A HOWITZER OF HOWLS.
A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER ALL TALKING PICTURE.
DOUGH BOYS
FEATURING
BUSTER KEATON
BUSTER KEATON TURNS SOLDIER AND MAKES A WAR SUCCESS. YOU WILL SCREAM, YOU WILL ROAR AT BUSTER AS A DOUGH BOY.
Shows at: 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ALEXANDRA CINEMA
BELLASIS ROAD.
NEXT WEEK.
JUST IMAGINE

AT THE
New Elphinstone Theatre.
GRANT ROAD.
SATURDAY, 3rd October, 8-30 p.m.
SUNDAY, 4th October, 3-30 p.m.
"SANYASTA-KHADGA"
BALVANT SANGIT
Natak Mandali

Mahatma Gandhi's Talkie In Bombay
See the enthusiastic reception to Mahatmaji and Congress leaders at Marseilles and in London in addition to the current programme
At
Excelsior, Empire & Empress

LUNA PARK

Commencing SATURDAY 10th October
AT LAST
INDIA OFFERS AN ACHIEVEMENT IN THE HISTORY OF MOTION PICTURES.
NUR JEHAN
WITH
MUSIC, SOUND, DIALOGUE
Featuring
VIMALA AND NAYAMPALLY.
WRITTEN AND DIRECTED BY EZRA MIR.
NUR JEHAN
See the glory of Moghul Court with all its lavish pomp and splendour brought back to life through THE MAGIC MEDIUM OF THE TALKIES.
AN IMPERIAL SUPER EPIC.
..... CINEMA MAJESTIC .....
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

COMMENCING TO-DAY
DUBASH THEATRE
NEXT TO GIRGAUM POLICE COURT, NEW CHARNI ROAD, METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER'S
ALL-TALKING AND SINGING PICTURE
MARIANNE
MARIAN DAVIES, LAWRENCE GRAY, CLIFF EDWARDS AND ALL-STAR CAST. A HILARIOUS COMEDY OF A GIRL GONE WILD WITH SOLDIERS.
Daily: 5-30, 8, 10-30 p.m. Sat. & Sun. extra show at 3 p.m.

Under the patronage of H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda.
GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI
GRANT ROAD,
RIPON THEATRE
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"SANSAYA KALLOL"
Booking at the Theatre from 8 to 11 A.M. and 4 to 8 P.M.
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5th GLORIOUS WEEK
RANJIT MOVIETONE'S TALKIE MEMORABLE
DEVI DEVYANI
She answered the call of the flesh but he answered to the call of the duty and then arose the heart-cry from a woman's soul.
100 per cent Talking, Singing, Dancing.
COME AND SEE
Featuring
MISS GOHUR
Supported by Mr. BHAGWANDAS, Mr. D. BILLIMORIA.
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Mr. CHANDULAL SHAH
Written by:
Mr. BETAB.
CINEMA MAJESTIC
GIRGAUM.

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Excelsior Theatrical Co.
Will Open Its Season
ON SATURDAY 3rd OCTOBER
AND
ON SUNDAY 4th OCTOBER AT 3-30 P. M.
AT THE
Coronation Theatre
GRANT ROAD CORNER
WITH
A POWERFUL URDU PLAY
Aina-e-Iman
BY
MUNSHI SHAH JAHAN SAHEB SHAMS
A PLAY THAT WILL TEACH YOU NEW LESSONS ON SELF-SACRIFICE!
BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW!

Commencing this Week
Krishna Film Company's
POWERFUL PICTURE
LIONESS
When a Woman
Comes out of the Four Walls
She adds new Chapters to the History—
SEE a woman roaring against injustice—
Able Direction by Mr. PROFULLA GHOSH
Cameraman: Mr. GORDHANDAS PATEL
Story by: Mr. NATWAR SHYAM
CAST:—Mr. HAIDERSHA, Mr. GAZNAVI, Miss RAMPYARI, Etc.
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West-End CINEMA LAMINGTON ROAD.

Commencing from To-day! During this Week!!
A MARVELLOUS SILENT PICTURE
More than a Talkie.
IT'S REALLY A TALKIE OF SILENTS.
ART, SCENERY, ACTION AND EVEN LIMBS TALK.
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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1931.

"A FREE INDIA BENEFICIAL TO BRITAIN, INDIA AND THE WORLD"

PT. MALAVIYA

"Do Unto Others What You Would Have Others Do Unto You."

—MRS. NAIDU

FURTHER ALL-PARTY MEETING IN COMMONS

LONDON, Oct. 1.

Gandhiji paid a private visit to Mr. Arthur Henderson in the Commons and remained for sometime.

A further all-party meeting organised by the Labour Group was held in the Commons this evening to hear Pt. Malaviya, Mrs. Naidu and others.

Malaviyaji, in a short address, hoped that the crisis in Great Britain would soon pass and asked members to come and see conditions in villages of India and give India a chance to show what she could do. He added:—

"If Indians were helped to get their own Government, the result would be beneficial to India, Britain and the world".

Mrs. Naidu said that all that India demanded from a democratic England was that as a Christian nation they should do unto others what they would have others do unto them. The security of minorities was essential for building up an unassailable fabric of national life, and India was prepared to give safeguards to minorities. There would be a permanent division between England and India unless they realised India's claim for freedom.

The proceedings were interrupted by five divisions in the Commons and there were no further speakers.—Reuter.

IMMEDIATE & UNQUALIFIED ADULT FRANCHISE

Indian Women's Memorandum To R. T. C.

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Sept. 26.

A memorandum on the status of Indian women in the proposed new constitution of India has been addressed to the Round Table Conference by the three principal women's organisations of India. The following are extracts taken from the memorandum:

The All-India Women's Conference, the Women's Indian Association and the Central Executive of the National Council of Women in India welcome and endorse the declaration of the fundamental rights of citizenship in India under the future constitution, drawn up by the accredited leaders of the nation namely:

Equal rights and obligations of all citizens, without any bar on account of sex.

"No disability to attach to any citizen by reason of his or her religion, caste, creed or sex in regard to public employment, office, power or honour and in the exercise of any trade or calling.

This declaration having become an accepted principle, the present memorandum is concerned only with the methods by which women may be enabled to exercise to the full their legitimate rights.

RIGHT OF VOTING.

The women of India on the basis of their admitted and declared equality demand, that in actual practice, no disqualifications or conditions shall be laid down which may hamper them in any way from the fullest exercise of the right of voting at public elections, or from offering themselves as candidates for seats in Legislative or administrative institutions. Similarly, no impediments should be placed in the matter of holding of public office or employment which might in effect bar women from taking their full and equal share of rights and obligations.

Again, even if the property qualification for voting or candidature is made nominal women are likely to suffer as long as our social system remains as it is.

LITERACY TEST.

If a literacy test of any kind is introduced as a condition precedent for the exercise of civic rights, women will be placed at a still higher disadvantage, for the obvious reason that there are many more literate men than women. Moreover, as is likely and necessary, some age limit is fixed for the exercise of such rights, the handicap on women will still further be increased, for relatively speaking, there are fewer literate women above the voting age than below it. Therefore the conditioning of the right of franchise, either by property or literacy qualifications would be fundamentally inconsistent with the declarations of rights above quoted.

In these circumstances, the All-India Women's Conference, The Women's Indian Association and the Central Executive Committee of the National Council of Women in India, consider the immediate, unqualified and unconditional adoption of the principle of adult franchise to be the best and most acceptable mode of assuring and securing political equality between the men and women of this country.

According, they recommend that every man or woman at the age of 21 should be entitled to vote and to offer himself or herself as a candidate at any election to an administrative or legislative institution.

The memorandum is signed by, among others, the Maharani of Baroda, Mrs. Muthulaxmi Reddy, Mrs. Ammu Swaminadhan and the Rajkumari of Kapurthala.

TWO WEEKLY AIR MAIL SERVICES

Indian Line To Be Independent.

ROUTE TO BE VIA PALESTINE, NOT EGYPT

LONDON, Oct. 1.

The England-India and the England-Africa air mails will be independent of each other after 17th October. There will be two weekly imperial airways flying boat services, instead of one on the Mediterranean section of the Empire air routes. The Indian air line will be via Palestine instead of Egypt, and India will be reached in one and a half hours under six days.—Reuter.

"A FIGHT FOR PRINCIPLE"

Akali Jatha To Daska

AMRITSAR, Oct. 1.

A big crowd of Akalis was assembled in front of the Akal Takhat this afternoon when a Jatha consisting of 111 Akalis composing the Second Shahidi Jatha, headed by Sardar Kharaksingh, arrived there on the eve of its departure for Daska. Members of the Jatha were drawn from all districts of the Punjab, including some from Nabha, Patiala, Sind, Sangrur and Benares. It was divided into four sections with their jathedars. Members of the Jatha put on yellow shirts and black turbans and carried bags full of parched gram for rations.

Heralded by a band the Jatha came to the Akal Takhat at about 4 p.m. when Sardar Daljitsingh explained the object of sending out Jathas to Daska.

Bhagat Jaswantsingh observed that the "morcha" was not to take mere possession of the shops but to protect the honour of the Gurdwara. It was a fight for principles.

Labhsingh Narang said that Sikhs could sacrifice everything even kingdoms but not their Gurdawaras.

After some other speeches Sardar Kharaksingh pointed out that there was no doubt that it was a Gurdwara as had been seen from he inscription. He deplored the Government's attitude in favour of the Hindus. He said they would have to violate the Gurdwara Act as well. After this the Jathadar of the Akal Takhat read out the Command asking the Jatha to save the honour of Gurdwara remaining non-violent. After prayers (Ardasa) the Jatha marched in a procession through the City and reached Tunga village four miles from Amritsar where it will pass the night. It will proceed on foot travelling via Gurdaspur and some other places. Tht date of its arrival at its destination is not yet known.—A.P.

KASTURBAI GANDHI AT BARSI.

The Secretary of the Barsi Taluk Congress Committee writes under date Sept. 28:—

Shrimati Kasturbai Gandhi and party arrived here yesterday morning by the Madras Mail. A large crowd gathered at the station and gave a rousing reception to the guests.

Shrimati Kasturbai took flag salute in the morning and a huge procession with national flags paraded the streets terminating at the Post Office.

Two public meetings were held on the same day and Kasturba appealed to the audience to spin yarn and wear khadi.

Orders for khadi worth Rs. 10,000 were given by leading local merchants immediately.

MRS. MUNSHI's TOUR IN MAHARASHTRA

Intense Congress Propaganda

(From A Correspondent)

DHULIA, Sept. 28.

Sjt. S. G. Ranade Member-in-charge of the Maharashtra Sewa Dal and Mrs. Lilawati Munshi, President, Sub-Committee of the Women's Branch of the M. Sewa Dal paid a visit to Bhusawal, Jalgaon, Amalner and Dhulia last week. At all these places, private meetings of Congress workers, pleaders, merchants, exclusive meetings for ladies and big public meetings were held. A good response was given with regard to the starting of Sewa Dal branches.

FUNDS FOR CONGRESS WORK.

Mrs. Lilawati also made an appeal for funds to help the M. P. C. C. which had contemplated and had been carrying on an intensive propaganda in the province. She impressed upon the Congressmen in Khandesh the necessity of providing funds for pushing the activities undertaken by the M. P. C. C. under the able presidentship of Senapati Bapat who had been striving his best to push the Congress programme in various parts of the Province. All responded to Mrs. Munshi's appeal by promising on the spot to contribute their mite.

To Mrs. Munshi's appeal for opening Swadeshi Stores, it is gratifying to note that Mr. Bherulal Gulabchand of Bhusawal offered to invest Rs. 2,000 for three years without interest. At Jalgaon at the initiative of some Gujarati gentlemen, a Cooperative Stores is soon going to be started. At Dhulia Mrs. Munshi paid a visit to the Khandesh Swadeshi Stores and the Hindmata Soap Factory.

Mrs. Lilawatibai Munshi and Sjt. Ranade left Dhulia this morning for Nasik.

Purshottam Cricket Championship Shield Tournament.

A meeting of the Purshottam Hindu Cricket Championship Shield Executive Committee was held in the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Pavilion on Thursday, last, where it was resolved to commmence the P. H. C. C. Shield Tournament on the 28th of November 1931, and to charge the competing clubs Rs. 10 as entrance fee. It was further resolved to close the Entrance on the 1st of November 1931.

Clubs, intending to take part in this Tournament, are, requested to send their entrance fee to the Hon. Secretary, P.H.C.C. Shield Executive Committee, c/o: P. J. Hindu Gymkhana, Kennedy Sea Face, Bombay No. 2, as soon as possible.

SEVEN WAHABIS ACQUITTED

Sensational Cawnpore Case

(From Our Correspondent)

CAWNPORE, Sept. 28.

Seven influential and rich Wahabi Muslims of Faithfulganj, Cantonments, Cawnpore, who had been challaned in a very sensational case under Sec. 325|147, have been acquitted after a full week's hearings, by Mr. K. D. Banerji, Sessions and Subordinate Judge of Cawnpore, holding all in an admirable judgment as "Not Guilty."

The facts of the case, as alleged, were that one Abdul Sattar, belonging to the Wahabi sect of Muslims, was going for Haj. He went round in the day to bid good-bye to every Muslim of Faithfulganj. One Zahur Ahmad, belonging to the Hanafi sect of Muslims refused to see him and it was alleged that Abdul Sattar mentioned this cool treatment to his co-religionists from Zahur Ahmad.

INFURIATED MOB.

Upon this, it was alleged, that seven accused persons, all professing Wahabi religion went armed with lathis to beat Zahur Ahmad. It was said that Zahur Ahmad seeing this crowd ran to his brother's house and bolted the door from inside. The infuriated mob it was alleged, getting disappointed tried to break open the door but was unsuccessful. So the mob returned and on their way saw one Abdul Shakoor, a partner of Zahur Ahmad's firm. The mob beat him so much that he was practically dead, receiving eighteen injuries in all. Abdul Shakoor was taken to hispital where in a statement, he mentioned the seven persons as his assailants.

Meanwhile Zahur Ahmad went to the Cantonment's Police Station and lodged a report of this incident. The police started investigation and the above seven persons were challenged.

PROSECUTION STORY.

The Prosecution alleged that two years back, a criminal case was filed by two of the accused against Zahur Ahmad and six other Hanafis, which resulted in the conviction of some and that was the cause of the enmity between Hanafis and Wahabis.

The Defence was that one Babu Lal was responsible for this false prosecution as he was being prosecuted under Sec. 326 I. P. C. at Fatehpur for causing hurt to Maiku Pahelwan and some of the accused and man belonging to their party had appeared witnesses against him.

The case had been committed to the Sessions by Mr. W. Lewys-Lloyd, the Joint Magistrate.

The Judge held all the accused Not Guilty and acquitted them.

Bombay Students' Brotherhood Prize Essay Competition.

Essays are invited from Students on 'Gandhism and its contribution to Civilization.' A prize of Rs. 60 will be awarded for the best Essay.

The essay should not exceed 7,000 words and must reach the secretaries of the Brotherhood on or before the 15th November 1931.

Adult Franchise For Bombay Corporation.

—:o:—

MUNCIPAL ACT AMENDING BILL IN COUNCIL

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 1.

The second reading of Rao Bahadur Dongarsing Patil's Bill further to amend the Pleaders Act of 1920, reducing the fees to four per cent. from five per cent. was proceeded with after question time in the Bombay Legislative Council.

There were three amendments to Rao Bahadur Patil's Bill, one from Mr. Karbhari asking to substitute two per cent. instead of four per cent. This was lost. Another was from Khan Bahadur Khunro and was not moved. The third one was from Mr. More. This amendment sought to introduce three per cent over amounts which exceeded Rs. 2,000/ and did not exceed Rs. 5,000/.

Here Rao Bahadur Kale and Rao Saheb Chitale raised certain legal difficulties and it appeared at one time that the House would adjourn till tea time to consider the matter. But consultation between the President, Council Secretary, Leader of the House and few other members it was found that the difficulty was there on account of wrong view. Therefore the amendment of Mr. More was taken up and passed.

Then the second reading of the Bill as amended was put to vote. A division was demanded and the Bill as amended by Mr. More's amendment was carried by 33 voting for and 22 against.

The next Bill to come before the House was Rao Bahadur Bole's Bill further to amend the Bombay City Municipal Act which sought reduction of the voting qualification to Rs. 5 from Rs. 10 in Bombay. Rao Bahadur Bole's object in moving it was to democratise the constitution of the Municipality of the City of Bombay. He appealed to Government not to remain neutral.

Mr. N. N. Patil supported Mr. Bale. Mr. Gokhale, a member from Poona, brought in an amendment demanding adult franchise.

Rao Saheb Chitale supported Mr. Gokhale's amendment. Mr. Kulkarni also supported the amendment because it would give an opportunity to women also to vote. Mr. Angadi further supported Mr. Gokhale's amendment.

Mr. Asavli supported Mr. Bole's Bill. Mr. Majeed, Member from Sind, supported Mr. Gokhale's amendment. Mr. Karbhari supported adult franchise.

A Government member suggested that in view of the debate it would be better to have the opinion of Bombay Corporation.

Doctor Solanki who supported Mr. Gokhales' amendment thought that it would help the depressed classes much.

When the House met after tea the discussion over the lowering of franchise qualification in Bombay Corporation was taken up. Mr. Baloch while supporting the amendment of Mr. Gokhale said that the good intention which induced Mr. Bole the franchise to rupees could be gained only by adult franchise.

Mr. Vakeel cited certain slogans which are generally raised at present. His speech created much laughter in the house.

Rao Bahadur Patel drew the attention of the chair about the third reading of his pleaders Act Bill which was to be taken up after tea.

The President replied that it was not lost sight of.

Mr. Mody opposed Mr. Bole's Bill.

Mr. Huseinalli Rahimatalla thought that his Muslim community would suffer and also asked Mr. Bole whether he wanted his Bill to come into action at the next election or in the year 1935.

Sir Rustom Vakeel thought that Mr. Gokhale's amendment would be against the interest of Bombay City and Corporation. He appealed to Mr. Gokhale to withdraw the amendment.

Mr. Bakhle supported Mr. Gokhale's amendment.

Dr. Gilder supported adult franchise and said that some residential qualification must be introduced as Bombay had some fleeting population.

Mr. Dixit also supported adult franchise.

The Bill further to amend pleaders act as amended by Mr. More was read a third time and passed.

Then the amendment of Mr. Gokhale for adult franchise in the City of Bombay was put to vote and carried. 37 voting for and 35 against. The Bill as amended was passed first reading.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.

DURAND TOURNAMENT

Yorks & Lancs Defeat Devons

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

In semi-final of the Durand Tournament the Yorks and Lancs who have been holders for two years and were looking forward to annexing the Cup this year were defeated by Devons by two goals to one.

The Viceroy watched the play. The Devons now meet the Border Regiment in the final on Saturday.—A. P.

PUNJAB CONSPIRACY CASE ACCUSED

Released On Bail Because He Is Ill

LAHORE, Oct. 1.

Bishandas, accused in ten Punjab "Conspiracy" case, has been released on a personal bond of Rs. 2,000 as he is suffering from a serious disease.

The Punjab Government has proscribed four pamphlets said to contain seditious matter, including the May issue of the Urdu monthly "The Chandan".—A. P.

A PUZZLE FOR JOHN BULL.

John Bull: "I don't know what to make of this man! He plays with children, interviews stage comedians, joins church service, embraces his bitterest opponents and shoulders other people's burdens."

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